



## **APPENDIX AH**

### **SECTION 19 REPORT – THURGATON – STORM BABET, OCTOBER 2023**

#### **Introduction**

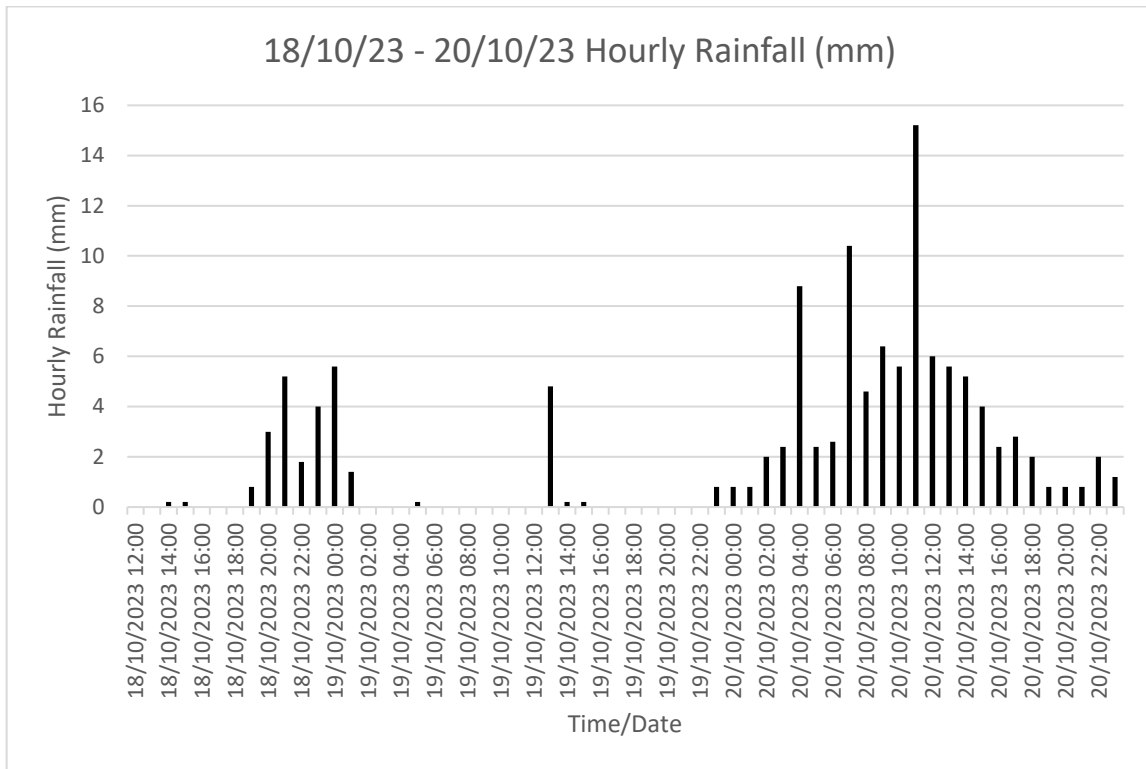
Section 19 of the Flood and Water Management Act 2010 states:

1. On becoming aware of a flood in its area, a lead local flood authority must, to the extent that it considers it necessary or appropriate, investigate:
  - (a) Which Risk Management Authorities (RMAs) have relevant flood risk management functions.
  - (b) Whether each of those RMAs has exercised, or is proposing to exercise, those functions in response to the flood.
2. Where an authority carries out an investigation under subsection (1) of Section 19 it must:-
  - (a) Publish the results of its investigation.
  - (b) Notify any relevant RMAs.
3. The objective of this report is to investigate which RMAs had relevant flood risk management functions during the flooding in October 2023 and whether the relevant RMAs have exercised, or propose to exercise, their risk management functions (as per section 19(1) of the Flood and Water Management Act 2010).
4. The Risk Management Authorities for this area of Nottinghamshire are Newark & Sherwood District Council (NSDC), Nottinghamshire County Council (NCC) as Lead Local Flood Authority (LLFA), VIA East Midlands Ltd as Highways Authority on behalf of NCC and Trent Valley Internal Drainage Board (TVIDB).
5. It should be noted that this duty to investigate does not guarantee that flooding problems will be resolved and cannot force others into action.

#### **Background**

6. Thurgaton is a small village located on the A612 (Nottingham Road) between Lowdham and Southwell in Nottinghamshire. It is surrounded primarily by agricultural land and the Thurgaton Beck runs from west to east through the centre of the village. The catchment ultimately discharges to the River Trent 2km to the east of the village. The majority of the residential area of the village sits to the east of the A612. Watercourses between the A612 and the River Trent are managed by the Trent Valley Internal Drainage Board (TVIDB). Figure 2 shows how the watercourses pass through the village.

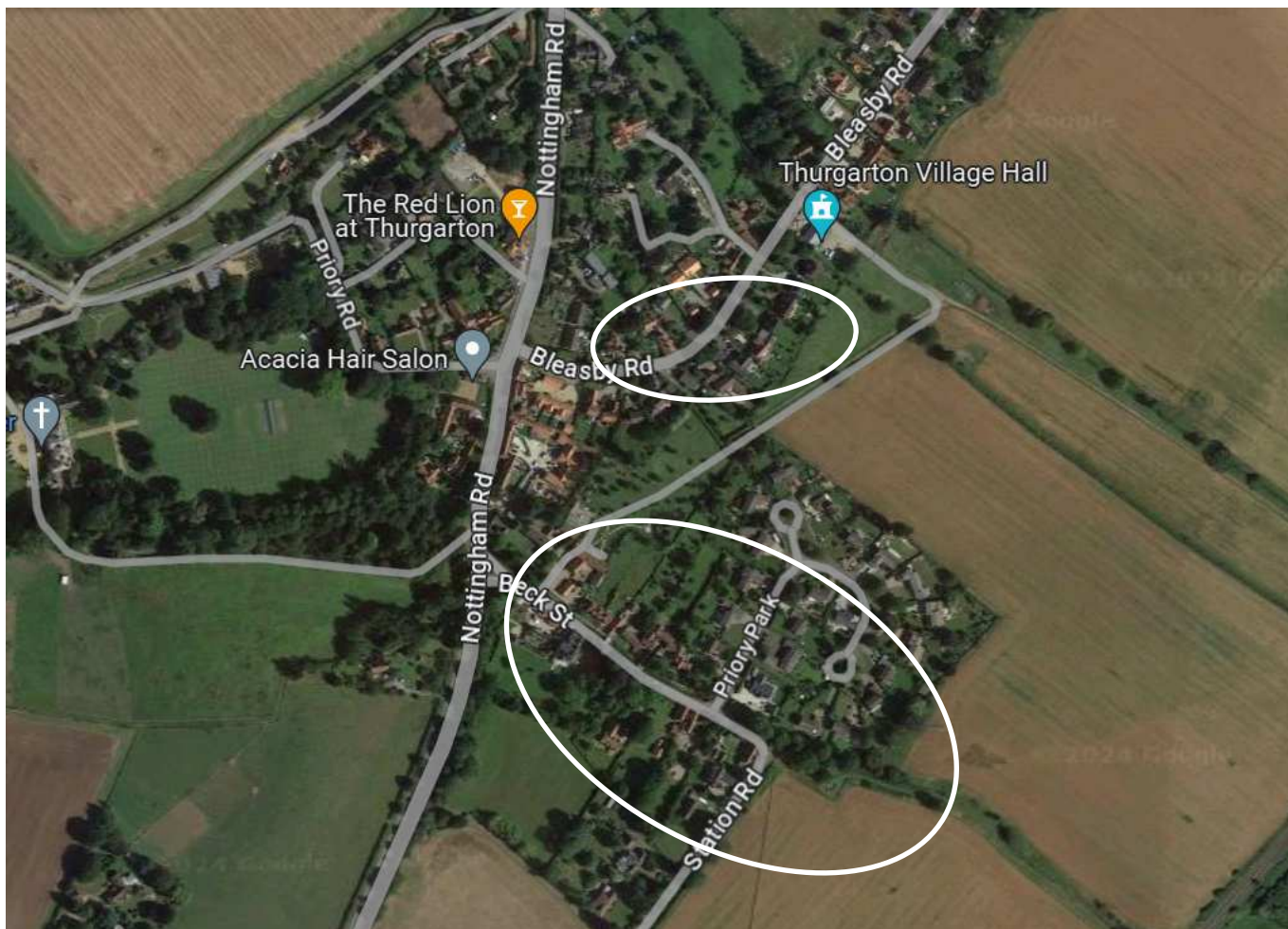
7. Between 12:00 noon on the 18<sup>th</sup> and 23:00 on the 20<sup>th</sup> October, 124mm of rainfall was recorded at the Staythorpe rain gauge, which is approximately 7km from Thurgaton (Figure 1).
8. This storm came after a prolonged period of persistent rain which had saturated the ground resulting in flooding of roads and properties quicker than they would following a dry period.
9. During Storm Babet, 17 residential properties in Thurgaton were subject to internal flooding with more suffering flooding to gardens and outbuildings.



**Figure 1.** Staythorpe Hourly Rainfall from 12:00 18<sup>th</sup> to 23:00 20<sup>th</sup> October 2023. Data supplied by the Environment Agency.



**Figure 2.** Map of Thurgaton showing watercourses running through the village



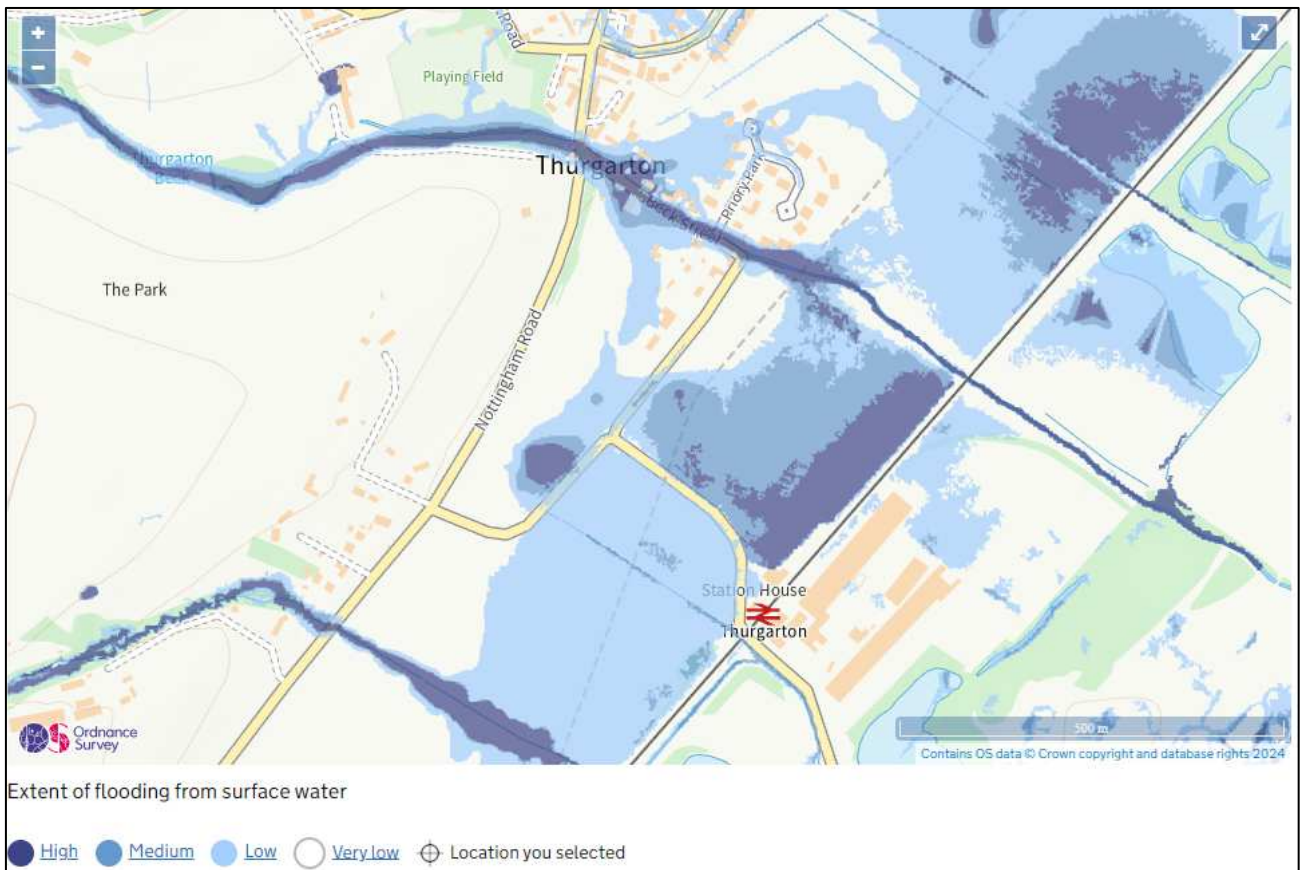
**Figure 3.** View of Thurgarton highlighting areas affected by internal flooding.

### Summary of flooding and its causes

10. The flooding that occurred in Thurgarton during Storm Babet came from a mixture of sources but primarily caused by the Thurgarton Beck bursting its banks and flooding the area around Beck Street / Station Road and Priory Park. There are some surface water runoff concerns that contribute to the flooding however they key issue is the hydraulic performance of the Thurgarton Beck.
11. Surface water that fell on the catchment, already saturated following the extensive amounts of rainfall that had fallen in the period before the storm, flowed into the watercourse overwhelming it resulting in over-topping and spilling out of bank.
12. These watercourses and the topography of the village combine to create a natural risk of flooding to the area. Figures 4 and 5 show the predicted risk of flooding as published by the Environment Agency's Flood Map for Planning (<https://flood-map-for-planning.service.gov.uk>).



**Figure 4. Predicted Flood Zone Extents (FZ3 is darkest area)**



**Figure 5. Predicted Surface Water Flood Extents**

Figures 4 and 5 help to confirm the areas naturally occurring risk of flooding and correlate with the majority of flooding experienced during Storm Babet.

The village benefits from proactive community and Parish Council that provides support and resilience to their residents. The community adopts a very positive and proactive approach to flood resilience and we will continue to work with and support them as best we can.

### **Risk Management Authorities and their responsibilities**

13. Nottinghamshire County Council.

a) Lead Local Flood Authority.

- i. Investigate significant local flooding incidents and publish the results of such investigations.
- ii. Play a lead role in emergency planning and recovery after a flood event.
- iii. As the Lead Local Flood Authority, we have a duty to determine which risk management authorities have relevant powers to investigate flood incidents to help understand how they happened, and whether those authorities have or intend to exercise their powers.
- iv. By working in partnership with communities, Lead Local Flood Authorities can raise awareness of flood risks.
- v. Lead Local Flood Authorities should encourage local communities to participate in local flood risk management.

b) Emergency Planning.

- i. If a flood happens, all local authorities are 'category one responders' under the Civil Contingencies Act. This means they must have plans in place to respond to emergencies and control or reduce the impact of an emergency.

c) Highway Authority (VIA East Midlands Ltd. on behalf of Nottinghamshire County Council).

- i. Maintenance of the public highways including highway drainage assets.

14. The Environment Agency

- a) Category one responder under the Civil Contingencies Act. This means they must have plans in place to respond to emergencies and control or reduce the impact of an emergency.
- b) Maintenance and management of main rivers and associated flood risk.

15. Newark and Sherwood District Council.

- a) Category one responder under the Civil Contingencies Act. This means they must have plans in place to respond to emergencies and control or reduce the impact of an emergency.

16. Trent Valley Internal Drainage Board.

- a) Has a duty to manage flood risk and land drainage within areas of special drainage need in the Trent Valley.
- b) Has permissive powers to undertake work to provide water level management within their area.

- c) Undertake works to reduce flood risk to people and property and manage water levels for local needs including the maintenance of rivers, drainage channels, outfalls and pumping stations.

## **Risk Management Authority Responses to Flooding**

17. The following lists the key actions taken by each RMA in response to the flooding both in the immediate aftermath as well as in the longer term:
18. Nottinghamshire County Council.

Officers from across the County Council played a key role in the response to the Major Incident that had significant impacts across the county. The following lists the key actions taken by Nottinghamshire County Council:

- a) Initiated its Community Flood Recovery Grant to support individuals affected by internal flooding as a short-term recovery aid.
  - b) Attended site after flooding occurred to verify scale of internal flooding, offer support, guidance and advice to affected residents and businesses.
  - c) Information gathered on site was fed back to relevant RMA's and partners.
  - d) Collated flood impact data from other RMA's and partners and published verified data on Resilience Direct.
  - e) Visited flood affected residents and businesses to establish sources and mechanisms of flooding and severity of flood impacts.
  - f) Chaired and attended Strategic / Tactical / Recovery Coordination Group meetings initiated by the Local Resilience Forum.
  - g) Provided 24-hour support through the Emergency Planning team.
  - h) Carried out relevant actions requested by Strategic / Tactical / Recovery Coordination Groups.
  - i) Initiated and led the Section 19 Flood Investigation, including liaison with relevant RMA's, parish councils, community groups, affected residents and businesses.
  - j) Leading on procurement and delivery of DEFRA Property Flood Resilience Repair Grant Scheme.
  - k) Liaised with and supported existing community flood signage schemes during the flooding.
  - l) Delivered sandbags to affected areas and communities.
  - m) Closed 77 roads across Nottinghamshire to promote road safety and avoid additional flood damage to at risk areas.
  - n) Supported District and Borough partners by sharing resources during the emergency response.
  - o) Utilised existing communication channels to update the public, partners and Elected Members with key messages during the event.
  - p) Attended and presented at Parish Council community meeting on 7 February.
19. Newark & Sherwood District Council
    - a) Played a full and intensive role alongside other agencies and community representatives.
    - b) Worked to deliver whatever support was possible from the skills and resources available.
    - c) Ahead of the storm the council stood up a team of managers to prepare for potential impacts across the district. A large team of staff was formed from across

departments prioritising the flood response. Staff worked throughout the flood event, working beyond the normal working hours and days.

- d) Staff visited impacted communities and vulnerable individuals.
- e) Many hundreds of aqua sacs were delivered and people were helped to evacuate their homes.
- f) The council prepared to support evacuated residents and provided emergency accommodation when necessary.
- g) The communications officers worked with other agencies to warn and inform the public of the risks and the support that was available. Daily briefings were also provided to councillors and community leaders.
- h) As the flood event changed from the surface water flooding to the continued risk of river flooding the council commenced actions to help clean up roads, paths and remove bulky waste from flooded homes.
- i) Staff contacted affected individuals to identify humanitarian needs and offer direct support or liaised with other agencies to find the appropriate assistance.
- j) Due to the predicted extreme levels for the River Trent, the council coordinated in person visits to communities at high risk of flooding to reinforce the need to take immediate action to prepare for potential flooding.
- k) Once the risk of further flooding had passed the council commenced its role in meeting the recovery needs of impacted communities and individuals. Grant funding is being delivered to those eligible.
- l) An internal and multi-agency debrief was conducted to identify any lessons learned.
- m) Since the flood the council has worked with parish and town councils to restock stores of aqua sacs.

## 20. Trent Valley Internal Drainage Board

- a) TVIDB had staff on site during and after the flood event.
- b) The Thurgaton Flood Alleviation Scheme is due to start on site in October 2024.
- c) The IDB is working closely with lead partners to identify and deliver appropriate solutions, including supporting securing funding applications and with engineering and design expertise where applicable.
- d) In all parts of the IDB districts (both Trent Valley and Isle of Axholme and Northern Nottinghamshire) the regular annual maintenance regime has been and will continue to be delivered to reduce risk and identify potential risk areas.

## **Additional Information and Future Actions**

- 21. All the Risk Management Authorities involved in this event are committed to continuing the investigations into the causes of this incident. Those investigations may identify further actions not contained within this report.
- 22. The TVIDB continue to pursue approvals and funding to progress with a flood alleviation scheme for the village. Nottinghamshire County Council have allocated a £50k capital contribution to the project.
- 23. Residents affected by the flooding are looking to pool the Governments £5k Flood Resilience Grant and use it as a contribution to the TVIDB project funding requirements.

24. Thurgaton Parish Council and its residents have a well- established working relationship with a number of the RMAs including NCCs Flood Risk Management Team, the TVIDB and Via East Midlands and are committed to continue with that working relationship.
25. As the Lead Local Flood Authority we have witnessed and have experience of how flooding devastates communities. The most vulnerable in the community will be our priority. Nottinghamshire County Council will continue to work closely with partners and communities to identify ways of proactively reducing the risk, likelihood and consequences of future flooding events.
26. NCC will continue to support its Flood Warden / Road Closure training programme and community volunteer groups to help ensure they operate as effectively and safely as possible. NCC have procured data monitoring equipment that will allow the flood group to remotely monitor levels in the beck and respond accordingly.
27. NCC will work with its partners to look at ways of strengthening the enforcement of riparian responsibilities alongside developing our asset inspection process.