









Any one of the following schemes...

Age

0-11

Or 16 if disabled

Get up to £2000 per child

For working families

TAX-FREE CHILDCARE

Age

0-16

Claim back up to 85% of costs

For working families

**UNIVERSAL CREDIT** 

Age

0-15

Or 16 if disabled

Claim back up to 70% of costs

For working families

TAX CREDITS

**AVAILABLE IN UK** 

can be used with

### FREE HOURS OF CHILDCARE

Age

2

For families getting certain government support

15 HOURS FREE CHILDCARE

Age

384

For all families

**15 HOURS FREE CHILDCARE** 

Age

3824

For working families

**30 HOURS FREE CHILDCARE** 

**AVAILABLE IN ENGLAND** 

For offers in Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland check childcarechoices.gov.uk

For full details visit

childcarechoices.gov.uk

Getting childcare vouchers? Go to GOV.UK to find out more

### **30 Hours Extended Entitlement**

30 hours free childcare is available for 3 and 4-year olds of working parents in England. The 30 hours offer doubles the existing 15 hours currently available to all 3 and 4-year olds and could save working families up to  $\pounds 5,000$  a year.

How do you know you are eligible and what is the process for applying?

The Government have developed an online checking system which will allow parents to apply for the additional 15 hours of funded early education. If eligible, parents will be issued with a verification code which should be presented to their chosen participating provider.

www.gov.uk/apply-30-hours-free-tax-free-childcare

### **Early Years Pupil Premium**

Funding to support three and four-year olds child development.

Childcare providers may be entitled to £302 per year of funding to support a child's development, learning and care. The Early Years Pupil Premium (EYPP) provides extra funding for three and four-year olds whose parents are in receipt of certain benefits or children who have been in care or adopted from care.



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To benefit from a 30 hours childcare place, you will need apply for your verification code at least a month before the beginning of a new term.



To keep your 30 hours childcare place **you** need to check your details are up to date every 3 months. Go to gov.uk/childcareaccount

HM Government

### **Disability Access Funding (DAF)**

Do you claim Disability Living Allowance (DLA) for your child?

Is your child aged between 3 and 4- years old? Does your 3 and 4-year-old access their funded nursery entitlement at a Day Nursery, Pre-School, Childminder or School Nursery?

If all the above is applicable to you, your child might be entitled to DAF to support them in their Early Years. Talk to your childcare provider and share this information with them.



# Two- Year-Old Early Education Funding

Parents who are receiving certain benefits will be able to apply for funded early education for their 2-year-old. If eligible, the child will be able to attend an approved childcare setting or school for up to 15 hours per week during term time, or 570 hours stretched across the year.

To check eligibility, visit the weblink below.

https://www.nottinghamshire.gov.uk/care/early-years-and-childcare/help-with-childcare/funded-early-years-places-for-two-year-olds

# Age 3 & 4

## Universal Three and Four-Year-Old Funding

All families in England with 3 and 4-year-old children will be able to access funded early education at an approved childcare setting or school for up to 15 hours per week during term time, or 570 hours stretched across the year.

For full details visit: www.childcarechoices.gov.uk

#### Care to Learn Scheme

If you're a parent aged between 16 and 20 and studying at a further education college, the Care to Learn Scheme could help towards your childcare costs.

You can get up to: £160 per child per week if you live outside London

You must choose your learning provider and childcare provider before you apply. For further details visit:

https://www.gov.uk/care-to-learn



Get up to £2,000 towards your childcare costs. childcarechoices.gov.uk

HM Government

### What is Tax-Free Childcare?

- Age 0-11 or 16 if your child is disabled
- For working families, including self-employed, in the uk.
- For every £8 you pay in, the government will add in an extra £2 up to £2,000 per child per year.