

28th April 2016**Agenda Item: 4****REPORT OF THE CORPORATE DIRECTOR FOR PLACE****REVISIONS TO THE MINERALS AND WASTE DEVELOPMENT SCHEME****Purpose of the Report**

1. To seek Committee approval for amendments to the Nottinghamshire Minerals and Waste Development Scheme (MWDS).

Information and Advice

2. The Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2008 (amended) requires the County Council to produce a Development Scheme. The Development Scheme does not form part of the Development Plan, its purpose is to set out the timetable and resources for preparing Minerals and Waste Local Plans.
3. The revised Minerals and Waste Development Scheme is attached in Appendix 1 and sets out the County Council's programme for the preparation of Minerals and Waste Local Plans. This revised scheme will replace the current Minerals and Waste Development Scheme which was approved by this Committee in May 2015.
4. The two additional consultations on the Sand and Gravel provision element of the Minerals Local Plan have led to delays in the Local Plan preparation process and as such revisions to the timetable contained in the 2015 Development Scheme have been necessary to ensure that it is kept up to date. Small textural changes to the scheme have also been made to ensure consistency with the Government's approach to Local Plans.
5. The MWDS has two key objectives:
 - To inform the public and stakeholders of the Council's commitment to producing documents that will make up the development framework for minerals and waste planning in Nottinghamshire and the programme for their preparation; and
 - To reflect the County Councils priorities in terms of producing documents for both the Waste and Minerals Local Plans.

6. The County Council will continue to review the Development Scheme and progress will be reported annually through the relevant Waste and Minerals Annual Monitoring Reports (AMR).

The Minerals and Waste Development Scheme Timetable

7. The new preparation timetable for the production of the Minerals and Waste Local Plans is set out in the revised Development Scheme and detailed in the tables below:

Minerals Local Plan

Stage	Dates	Completed
Minerals Safeguarding Consultation	April 2009	Yes
Issues and Options Consultation	27 January – 30 March 2012	Yes
Preferred Approach Consultation	October 2013	Yes
Additional Consultation on Sand and Gravel	May 2014	Yes
Additional Consultation on Sand and Gravel Provision – Shelford West	October 2014	Yes
Submission Draft consultation	February 2016	Yes
Submission	December 2016	No
Pre-hearing meeting	February 2017	No
Hearing Session	March 2017	No
Adoption	September 2017	No

Waste Local Plan Part 1: Core Strategy:

Stage	Dates	Completed
Issues and Options Consultation	23 October – 8 December 2006	Yes
Further Issues and Options Consultation	3 September – 29 October 2010	Yes
Preferred Approach Consultation	22 July – 16 September 2011	Yes
Proposed Submission Draft	5 March – 30 April 2012	Yes
Submission	January 2013	Yes
Pre-hearing meeting	March 2013	Yes
Hearing Session	May 2013	Yes
Adoption	December 2013	Yes

Waste Local Plan Part 2: Site Allocations and Development Management Policies:

Stage	Dates	Completed
Site Selection Methodology	May 2015	Yes
Preferred Approach Consultation	November 2016	No
Submission Draft Consultation	June 2017	No
Submission	December 2017	No
Pre-hearing meeting	March 2018	No
Hearing Session	April 2018	No
Adoption	September 2018	No

Other Options Considered

8. None. It is a statutory requirement for the Council to have up to date Minerals and Waste Development Local Plans.

Reason for Recommendation

9. To provide clarity for Members, Officers, members of the public, developers and other interested parties on the timetable for the production of the Minerals Local Plan and a Waste Development Framework in order for the County Council to meet its statutory functions as a Minerals and Waste Planning Authority.

Statutory and Policy Implications

10. This report has been compiled after consideration of implications in respect of finance, the public sector equality duty, human resources, crime and disorder, human rights, the safeguarding of children, sustainability and the environment and those using the service and where such implications are material they are described below. Appropriate consultation has been undertaken and advice sought on these issues as required.

Financial Implications

11. There is a provision in the financial reserves to cover the preparation, examination and adoption of the two Local Plans.

RECOMMENDATION

- 1) That Committee approve the revised Minerals and Waste Development Scheme.

Tim Gregory, Corporate Director, Place

For any enquiries about this report please contact: Lisa Bell, Team Manager – Planning Policy, Tel: 0115 9774547.

Constitutional Comments (CEH 04.03.16)

12. The recommendation falls within the remit of the Environment and Sustainability Committee by virtue of its terms of reference.

Financial Comments (SES 15/03/16)

13. The financial implications are set out in the report.

Background Papers and Published Documents

Except for previously published documents, which will be available elsewhere, the documents listed here will be available for inspection in accordance with Section 100D of the Local Government Act 1972.

Electoral Division(s) and Member(s) Affected

All

Minerals and Waste Development Scheme

April 2016

Preface

Nottinghamshire County Council has prepared this Development Scheme in accordance with the requirements of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012. The County Council resolved to bring this scheme into effect on the 28 April 2016 and it replaces the previous scheme brought into effect in May 2015.

Contents

1.	Introduction to Local Plans and Development Plan Documents	2
2.	The Minerals and Waste Local Development Scheme.....	3
3.	Existing Plans and Transitional Arrangements.....	3
4.	The Timetable.....	3
5.	Progress to Date.....	5
6.	Joint Working.....	6
7.	Risk Assessment.....	7
8.	Community Involvement.....	7
9.	Local Development Scheme Monitoring and Review.....	8
10.	Further Information.....	8
	Glossary.....	9
	Appendix A – Geographical Plan Coverage.....	12
	Appendix B – Waste Policies replaced by the Waste Core Strategy.....	13
	Appendix C – Minerals and Waste Timetables.....	14

1 Introduction to Local Plans

- 1.1 Nottinghamshire County Council is the minerals and waste planning authority for the county of Nottinghamshire; see Appendix A for a map showing the geographical coverage of the plan area. This means that it is responsible for all matters associated with minerals and waste development, including setting the land use policies and determining planning applications for such development.
- 1.2 The Nottinghamshire Minerals Local Plan (2005), the saved policies contained in the Waste Local Plan (2002) and the Waste Local Plan Part 1: Core Strategy (2013) form part of the statutory development plan along with District and Borough Local Plans and Neighbourhood Plans within Nottinghamshire. Decisions on planning applications should be made on the basis of having an up-to-date statutory development plan. Both the Waste (2002) and Minerals Local Plan (2005) are in the process of being replaced.
- 1.3 The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) was published in March 2012 and sets out that each Local Planning Authority should produce a Local Plan for its area and that any additional Development Plan Documents should only be prepared where clearly justified.
- 1.4 Nottinghamshire County Council had significantly advanced the review of the 2002 Waste Local Plan prior to the new requirements set out in the NPPF and as such continued to progress a separate Waste Local Plan, Part 1: Core Strategy which was subsequently adopted in December 2013. This is being followed by a Waste Local Plan, Part 2: Site Specific Allocations and Development Management Policies Document and a Policies Map to illustrate the proposals.
- 1.5 The review of the Minerals Local Plan was in its infancy in March 2012 when the NPPF was published and as such the County Council is progressing the Minerals Local Plan to replace the 2005 Local Plan. This document will contain a vision, strategic objectives, strategic policies, policies identifying the future provision requirements, development management policies and a policies map.
- 1.6 The Waste and Minerals Local Plans are both subject to examination by an independent Planning Inspector.
- 1.7 **Complementary documents** are important related documents which exist alongside the Local Plans, these include:
 - **Supplementary Planning Documents**, add further detail to the policies of the Local Plan. They can be used to provide further guidance for development on specific sites, or on particular issues, such as design. SPDs are capable of being a material consideration in planning decisions but are not part of the Development Plan.
 - **Statement of Community Involvement**, specifies how the authority intends to involve communities and stakeholders in the process of

preparing planning policy documents. The Planning Bill 2008 removed the requirement for future reviews of the Statement of Community Involvement to be subject to examination.

- **Development Scheme** (this document), sets out details of planning policy documents to be produced and the time scales and arrangements for production.
- **Annual Monitoring Report**, sets out progress in terms of producing planning policy documents and implementing policies.

2 Minerals and Waste Development Scheme

2.1 This Minerals and Waste Development Scheme (MWDS) sets out the County Council's programme for the preparation of the Waste and Minerals Local Plans.

2.2 The MWDS has two key objectives:

- To inform the public and stakeholders of the Council's commitment to producing the Waste and Minerals Local Plans in Nottinghamshire and the timetable for their preparation; and
- To establish the County Council's priorities in terms of producing documents for both the Waste and the Minerals Local Plans.

2.3 The County Council will review this MWDS and progress will be reported annually through Annual Monitoring Reports (AMRs). The AMRs are published on the Council's website.

3 Existing Plans and Transitional Arrangements

3.1 Following the review of the planning system through the 2004 Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act which altered the way in which statutory development plans were prepared, the Government put in place transitional arrangements that allow existing plans and policies to be 'saved' while the new local plan documents are prepared. These saved policies form part of the development plan until they are replaced under the current planning system. The plans/policies which are currently saved are as follows:

- The Joint Nottinghamshire and Nottingham Waste Local Plan (2002) (with the exception of policies W2.1, W3.2 and W3.24). A list of policies which have subsequently been replaced by the Waste Core Strategy can be found in Appendix B;
- The Nottinghamshire Minerals Local Plan (2005) (with the exception of policies M3.2, M3.21, M6.5, M6.9, M6.10, M7.4 and M11.1)

4 The Timetable

4.1 The new development plan will comprise of separate waste development plan documents and a Minerals Local Plan as detailed in Table 1 below:

Table 1: Minerals and Waste Documents to be produced

Minerals Local Plan		
Document	Date for submission	Date for adoption
Minerals Local Plan	December 2016	September 2017
Waste Local Plan		
Waste Local Plan Part 1: Core Strategy	ADOPTED DECEMBER 2013	
Waste Local Plan Part 2: Site Allocations and Development Management Policies Document	December 2017	September 2018

- 4.2 The detailed production stages and key milestones are set out in Appendix C.
- 4.3 All new development plan documents are subject to an on going process of strategic environmental assessment (SEA), combined with the existing practice of sustainability appraisal (SA). This examines the likely environmental, social and economic effects of new policies and proposals and informs the direction and content of each stage of the plan preparation process. The information used and the outcome of the appraisal process is to be set out in a report, which will accompany each document at each stage of its preparation and subject to public consultation.
- 4.4 All development plan documents are also subject to equalities impact assessment (EQIA) which is a management tool that ensures that all new policies do not discriminate against certain groups and that all opportunities to promote equality are sought in plan preparation.
- 4.5 The Minerals Local Plan and Waste Local Plan will be subject to a Habitats Regulations Assessment (HRA). The purpose of the HRA of land use plans is to ensure the protection of the integrity of European sites is a part of the planning process at a regional and local level. A HRA Screening Report (March 2011) has been produced, covering both minerals and waste and concluded that no additional assessment would be necessary at this stage of the process.
- 4.6 Local Plans are also subject to Strategic Flood Risk Assessments (SFRA), a Level 1 SFRA has been carried out which collates and reviews available information on flood risk in Nottinghamshire and individual SFRA's for both the Minerals and Waste Plans will be undertaken at the appropriate stages of Local Plan production.

5 Progress to Date

5.1 The table below sets out the progress made to date on the Minerals Local Plan and the Waste Core Strategy.

Table 2: Minerals and Waste development plan progress to date

Minerals Local Plan	
Stage	Date
Minerals Call for Sites Key Stakeholders Consultation	June-December 2008
Minerals Safeguarding Key Stakeholders Consultation	April 2009
Minerals Background Papers Industry Consultation	November-December 2011
Issues and Options Public Consultation	27 January – 30 March 2012
Minerals Revised Call for Sites Consultation	May-June 2012
Preferred Approach Consultation	October – December 2013
Additional Consultation – Sand and Gravel	May – July 2014
Additional Consultation on Sand and Gravel Provision – Shelford West	October – December 2014
Submission Draft Consultation	February – March 2016
Waste Local Plan Part 1: Core Strategy	
Stage	Date
Issues and Options Public Consultation	23 October – 8 December 2006
Further Issues and Options Public Consultation	3 September – 29 October 2010
Preferred Approach Public Consultation	22 July – 16 September 2011

Proposed Submission Draft Public Consultation	5 March – 30 April 2012
Schedule of Proposed Changes Public Consultation	1 October – 12 November 2012
Submission to Secretary of State for Independent Examination	14 January 2013
Hearing Session	8 -17 May 2013
Main Modification Consultation	June 2013
Adoption	10 December 2013
Waste Local Plan Part 2: Site Specific and Development Management Policies	
Stage	Date
Site Selection Methodology Consultation	May 2015

5.2 A full timetable for the production of the Minerals and Waste Local Plans is contained in Appendix B.

6 Joint Working

6.1 The Waste Local Plans (Parts 1 and 2) have been/are being prepared jointly with Nottingham City Council, as was the case with the 2002 Waste Local Plan. The County Council has taken the lead role and financial resources are split proportionately according to the population. The County Council therefore contribute 72% of the costs; and the City Council 28%.

6.2 There are no significant mineral issues within the Nottingham City boundary and therefore the new Minerals Local Plan is not being prepared jointly. However a joint Local Aggregates Assessment is prepared annually to consider future apportionments for aggregate minerals within both the City and County Councils boundaries. The City Council are currently preparing their Land and Policies Part 2 Local Plan which, when adopted, accompanies their adopted Core Strategy and contains policies in relation to Minerals development.

7 Risk Assessment

7.1 In setting out the proposed timetable for work on the new Local Plans, it is important to ensure that these targets are realistic, achievable and take account of possible problems that may arise. The main areas of risk in terms of implementing the development documents are identified as:

- **Uncertainty** – as the new documents are being prepared there is a risk that new policy guidance, such as revisions to the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF), national planning guidance or legislation could impact upon the timetable for plan preparation.
- **Consultation outcomes** - the consultation process could identify additional issues/options to be evaluated and/or the scale of objections could significantly increase the workload and delay implementation. To minimise the risk, extensive pre-submission consultation is to be carried out with stakeholders, statutory consultees, local enterprise partnerships and other key consultees, including parish councils, local environmental groups and the minerals and waste industry.
- **Demand on consultees and the Planning Inspectorate** – many local authorities are likely to be preparing new development plans documents to a similar timetable. This could lead to delays in consultee responses and in time-tabling independent examinations. To minimise this risk the County Council intends to liaise with the Planning Inspectorate to ensure a realistic timetable for preparing each document is achieved.
- **Soundness of development plan documents** – if any document was declared unsound by an Inspector the County Council would have to address the issues of why the document was found unsound, therefore additional work would need to be carried out and the timetable would slip. This would result in significant budget and timetable implications.
- **Joint working** – uncertainty of decision making could lead to significant issues, in addition both the County Council and City Council have different Committee/Cabinet reporting mechanisms and timetables (this relates to the Waste Local Plan only).
- **Legal Challenge** – the document could be subject to successful legal challenge which would result in all or part of the plan being quashed, this would mean starting the plan over.

8 Community Involvement

8.1 The Statement of Community Involvement (SCI) sets out the standards to be achieved by the County Council in involving stakeholders and the community in the preparation, alteration and continuing review of planning policy documents and planning applications. It contains the County Council's proposals for fully engaging all sections of the community and stakeholders at an early stage in the preparation of each document.

8.2 An independent examination into the County Council's SCI was carried out and found sound. The SCI was formally adopted by the County Council in June 2007.

8.3 A review of the adopted SCI took place in 2013 and the updated document was adopted in April 2013.

9 Development Scheme Monitoring and Review

9.1 An Annual Monitoring Report (AMR) is prepared each year to assess progress in implementing the Development Scheme, and subsequently to determine whether the aims and objectives are being achieved through the policies and proposals of the planning policy documents. In the event that there have been unavoidable slippages in the LDS timetable, and 'milestones' have not been achieved, the AMR will explain what the reasons are for the delay. It will also set out any amendments to the Development Scheme and the revised timetable for implementation to reflect the delay.

9.2 The AMR will also include annual technical monitoring information to provide the context for assessing the success of the policies in the planning policy documents.

10 Further Information

10.1 For further information on this minerals and waste development scheme or any of the documents mentioned please contact the County Council at the address shown below. Information on the existing minerals and waste local plans and the development plan process is also available on the County Council's website.

By Post: Nottinghamshire County Council
Planning Policy
County Hall
Loughborough Road
West Bridgford
Nottingham
NG2 7QP

Email: development.planning@nottscc.gov.uk

Website: www.nottinghamshire.gov.uk

10.2 This information can be made available in alternative formats and languages.

Glossary

Terms shown in *italics* are defined elsewhere in the glossary.

Annual Monitoring Report (AMR): the annual monitoring report will assess the implementation of the Local Development Scheme and whether policies in *Local Development Documents* are being successfully implemented.

Core Strategy (CS): a *Development Plan Document* which sets out the long-term spatial vision for the local planning authority area.

Development Plan (DP): consists of the relevant Local Plans for the area. In respect of the Waste Development Plan, this incorporates the Waste Local Plan Part 1: Core Strategy and Waste Local Plan Part 2: Site Specific and Development Management Policies. In terms of Minerals provision, this relates to the Minerals Local Plan.

Development Plan Documents (DPD): statutory documents which set out the *local planning authority's* formal planning policies for its area. There are different types of document (see also *Core Strategy, Development Management Policies, Site Specific Policies, and Proposals Map*).

Development Management Policies (DMP): a suite of criteria-based policies designed to ensure that all development meets the aims and objectives set out in the *Core Strategy*. Can be included in another *Development Plan Document* or may form a stand-alone document.

Development Scheme: a document setting out the timescales for the production of development plan documents.

Equalities Impact Assessment (EQIA): a management tool that makes sure that policies and working practices do not discriminate against certain groups and that opportunities are taken to promote equality.

Habitats Regulation Assessment (HRA): required under the European Directive 92/43/EEC on the "conservations of natural habitats and wild fauna and flora for plans" that may have an impact of a European nature conservation site, such as a Special Protection Area. It is an assessment of the impacts of implementing a plan or a policy on a European nature conservation site with the purpose of considering the potential impacts against conservation objectives of the site and to ascertain whether it would adversely affect the integrity of the site.

Independent Examination: all *Development Plan Documents* need to be tested for soundness through an independent examination held by an independent inspector appointed by the Secretary of State.

Issues and Options (IO): initial, informal consultation stage setting out the main planning issues and a range of possible options. Responses will help to

identify what are the most realistic options, which will then be put forward as *Preferred Options*.

Local Development Document (LDD): the collective term for *Development Plan Documents*, *Supplementary Planning Documents* and the *Statement of Community Involvement*.

Local Development Framework (LDF): the name for the portfolio of *Local Development Documents*. It consists of *Development Plan Documents*, *Supplementary Planning Documents*, a *Statement of Community Involvement*, the *Local Development Scheme* and *Annual Monitoring Reports*. Together these documents will provide the framework for delivering the spatial planning strategy for a local authority area (see also *Waste Development Framework*).

Local Plan (LP): a plan setting out the spatial and strategic direction for development within a plan area. For Nottinghamshire this only relates to minerals and waste development.

Local Strategic Partnership (LSP): partnerships of stakeholders who develop ways of involving local people in shaping the future of their neighbourhood in how services are provided.

Waste Development Framework (WDF): the equivalent of the *Local Development Framework*, produced by County Councils who are responsible for minerals and waste planning.

Minerals and Waste Development Scheme (MWDS): the equivalent of the *Local Development Scheme* produced by County Councils who are responsible for minerals and waste planning.

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF): the NPPF replaces all other national planning policies documents (PPG/PPS) and many circulars, with the exception of Planning Policy Statement 10 'Planning for Sustainable Waste Management', streamlining them into one document. It sets out the Government's planning policies for England and how these are expected to be applied. It provides a framework within which local and neighbourhood plans can be produced reflecting the needs and priorities of the local area.

Neighbourhood Plan (NP): A plan prepared by a Parish Council or Neighbourhood Forum for a particular neighbourhood area (made under the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004).

Preferred Approach (PA): Informal consultation stage which will identify the Local Planning Authority's preferred approach(es) to likely development proposals and any alternatives that have been rejected, along with the reasons for this.

Proposals Map: the adopted proposals map illustrates on a base map all the policies contained in *Development Plan Documents*, together with any saved policies. It must be revised as each new *Development Plan Document* is

adopted, and it should always reflect the up-to-date planning strategy for the area.

Saved Policies or Plans: existing adopted development plans which are to be saved (usually up to 3 years unless otherwise extended by Government direction) until they are replaced by the new style *Development Plan Documents*.

Site Allocations Document: *Development Plan Document* which allocates specific sites for development.

Statement of Community Involvement (SCI): a document which informs how a council will involve the community on all major planning applications and in the preparation of documents.

Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA): a procedure (set out in the Environmental Assessment of Plan and Programmes Regulations 2004) which requires the formal environmental assessment of certain plans and programmes which are likely to have significant effects on the environment.

Submission Draft: Final draft of the Local Plan/Core Strategy, submitted to the Secretary of State and Local Government, subject to independent examination by the Planning Inspectorate, which includes public hearings and an Inspector's Report. Formal representations made at this stage will be considered at the *Independent Examination*

Sustainability Appraisal (SA): a document that examines the social, economic and environmental effects of strategies and policies in a development plan from the outset of its preparation. In the UK this process incorporates the EU requirement for *Strategic Environmental Assessment* of plans or programmes.

Sustainable Community Strategy (SCS): local authorities are required to prepare these, with the aim of improving the social, environmental and economic well-being of their areas in conjunction with local public, private, voluntary and community sectors.

Appendix A – Geographical Plan Coverage



Appendix B – Waste Local Plan Policies replaced by the Waste Core Strategy

Appendix 1

Waste Local Plan policies replaced by the Waste Core Strategy

The following policies within the Nottinghamshire and Nottingham Waste Local Plan (adopted January 2002) have been replaced:

Chapter 3 – Environmental Protection

W3.16 – Bulk Transport of waste

Chapter 5 – Waste Recycling

W5.1 – Household Waste Recycling Centres – Areas of Search

W5.2 – Household Waste Recycling Centres in Disposal Sites

W5.3 – Mini Recycling Centres

W5.4 – Material Recovery Facility – Eastcroft

W5.5 – Material Recovery Facilities – Industrial Estates

W5.6 – Material Recovery Facilities – Waste Disposal Sites

W5.7 – Permanent Aggregate Recycling Centres

W5.8 – Mobile Aggregate Recycling Centres

W5.9 – Recycling Soils

W5.10 – Scrapyards – Areas of Search

W5.11 – Scrapyards – Existing Sites

Chapter 6 – Waste Treatment & Energy Recovery from Waste

W6.1 – Future Provision of Municipal Incinerators

W6.2 – Clinical Incinerators

W6.3 – Other Technologies

W6.4 – Refuse Derived Fuel

W6.5 – Energy Recovery from Incineration – Environmental Impact

W6.6 – Energy Recovery from Incineration – Economic Viability

W6.7 – Energy Recovery from Waste Disposal – Environmental Impact

W6.8 – Energy Recovery from Waste Disposal – Economic Viability

Chapter 7 – Composting & Landspreading

W7.1 – Commercial Composting Sites – Areas of Search

W7.2 – Commercial Composting – Waste Disposal Sites

W7.3 – Small Scale Composting Schemes in Agricultural Areas

Chapter 8 – Waste Water & Sewage Treatment

W8.1 – Future Requirements

Chapter 9 – Waste Transfer Stations

W9.1 – General Waste Transfer Stations – Areas of Search

Chapter 10 – Waste Disposal

W10.1 – Waste Disposal in Mineral sites, other Voids and Colliery Spoil Heaps

W10.2 – Waste Disposal in Derelict or Degraded Land

W10.3 – Waste Disposal in Greenfield Sites

W10.4 – Bentinck Void & Colliery Tip - Allocation

Appendix C – Minerals and Waste Timetables

Minerals Local Plan

Stage	Dates	Completed
Minerals Safeguarding Consultation	April 2009	Yes

Stage	Dates	Completed
Issues and Options Consultation	27 January – 30 March 2012	Yes

Stage	Dates	Completed
Preferred Approach Consultation	October 2013	Yes
Additional Consultation on Sand and Gravel	May 2014	Yes
Additional Consultation on Sand and Gravel Provision – Shelford West	October 2014	Yes
Submission Draft consultation	February 2016	Yes
Submission	December 2016	No
Pre-hearing meeting	February 2017	No
Hearing Session	March 2017	No
Adoption	September 2017	No

Waste Local Plan Part 1: Core Strategy:

Stage	Dates	Completed
Issues and Options Consultation	23 October – 8 December 2006	Yes
Further Issues and Options Consultation	3 September – 29 October 2010	Yes
Preferred Approach Consultation	22 July – 16 September 2011	Yes
Proposed Submission Draft	5 March – 30 April 2012	Yes
Submission	January 2013	Yes
Pre-hearing meeting	March 2013	Yes
Hearing Session	May 2013	Yes
Adoption	December 2013	Yes

Waste Local Plan Part 2: Site Allocations and Development Management Policies:

Stage	Dates	Completed
Site Selection Methodology Consultation	May 2015	Yes
Preferred Approach Consultation	November 2016	No
Submission Draft Consultation	June 2017	No
Submission	December 2017	No
Pre-hearing meeting	March 2018	No
Hearing Session	April 2018	No
Adoption	September 2018	No