Appendix 2

Nottinghamshire and Nottingham Waste Local Plan

Authority Monitoring Report 1 April 2014 – 31 March 2015

May 2016



Contents



Summary

Introduction

All Local Planning Authorities are required to undertake regular monitoring as part of preparing their Local Plans. This includes looking at the progress with plan preparation and any supporting documents and assessing how well the policies in existing, adopted, plans are working.

Nottinghamshire County Council and Nottingham City Council have a statutory function to prepare Local Plans covering minerals and waste. This monitoring report is for the Waste Local Plan, prepared jointly with Nottingham City Council and covers the period 1 April 2014 – 31 March 2015. A separate monitoring report covers the Minerals Local Plan.

Overview of the Plan area

Forecast increases in both population and economic output are likely to increase the overall amount of waste that is produced across the Plan area, and the need for an appropriate range of facilities to treat or dispose of this waste.

Local Plan progress

Work to replace the existing Nottinghamshire and Nottingham Waste Local Plan, adopted in 2002, began under the previous planning system which favoured a portfolio of documents known as the Local Development Framework. The existing Waste Local Plan is therefore being replaced in two parts which together will make the Replacement Waste Local Plan. The first part, known as the Waste Core Strategy, was adopted in December 2013. Work is now underway to prepare the second part, to be known as the Site and Policies Document.

Work on the Waste Local Plan documents is being carried out jointly with Nottingham City Council and this monitoring report has been prepared jointly between both authorities.

Throughout the preparation of the Waste Local Plan both Nottinghamshire County Council and Nottingham City Council continue to work closely with each of the Nottinghamshire Local Planning Authorities, neighbouring, and other relevant Waste Planning Authorities (WPAs) as part of the on-going 'duty to co-operate'. There is also close liaison with bodies such as the Environment Agency, Natural England, Historic England, Local Enterprise Partnership (D2N2), the Local Nature Partnership, and other agencies and service providers on specific issues.

Policy performance

During the 2014/15 monitoring period 555,885 tonnes of municipal (local authority collected waste) was produced within Nottinghamshire and Nottingham of which

42% was recycled and 23% disposed of to landfill with the remainder recovered for energy. No more recent data for commercial and industrial or construction and demolition wastes has been published during the monitoring period.

Planning permission was granted for seven new waste management facilities and three extensions between 1 April 2014 and 31 March 2015. If implemented, these schemes will provide approximately:

- 80,000 tonnes of additional recycling capacity (the majority of this is additional capacity for ash processing at an existing site)
- 270,000 tonnes of additional recovery capacity (including 100,000 tonnes of additional anaerobic digestion)
- 70,000 tonnes of additional waste transfer capacity (general skip hire/storage/ bulking and sorting)

A total of nine waste management facilities are known to have closed since the adoption of the Waste Core Strategy. These closures are estimated to have reduced available waste management capacity as follows:

- 24,000 tonnes of recycling and composting capacity lost
- 6,500 tonnes of recovery capacity lost
- 105,000 tonnes of transfer capacity lost
- 900,000m³ of disposal capacity lost

1.0 Introduction

- 1.1 This monitoring report covers the 2014-15 financial year. Its main purpose is to review:
 - The progress in preparing the new planning policy documents that will make up the Waste Local Plan for Nottinghamshire and Nottingham
 - How well existing waste planning policies are working
 - New national and other relevant policy guidance that needs to be taken in to account
 - The social, economic and environmental indicators that may influence existing and future waste policies.
- 1.2 Information on Local Plan progress is presented up to December 2015. Where significant issues and problems are identified, the report makes recommendations on what future actions are necessary to resolve them.

What is the Waste Local Plan?

- 1.3 The planning system in the United Kingdom is plan-led with national policy and guidance on key development issues setting the context for the preparation of local planning policy documents against which all planning applications must be determined.
- 1.4 Previously, each Local Planning Authority had to prepare a Local Development Framework made up of a 'portfolio' of policy documents. Changes introduced in 2012 have reintroduced the system of a single, comprehensive Local Plan. Local Plans set out the authority's planning policies on the preferred locations for future development and appropriate controls over possible environmental impacts such as landscape, wildlife or heritage impacts, traffic and noise.
- 1.5 Within Nottinghamshire, each District/Borough Council prepares a Local Plan for its area covering matters such as housing, employment and open space. Nottinghamshire County Council and Nottingham City Council have specific responsibilities to prepare Local Plans for minerals and waste development. The Local Plan for each District, along with those prepared by the County and City Councils, together make up the statutory Development Plan for the area. This will also include Neighbourhood Plans where these have been adopted by the relevant Local Planning Authority.
- 1.6 Nottinghamshire County Council and Nottingham City Council have an adopted Waste Local Plan (January 2002) and Waste Core Strategy (adopted December 2013). Both of these documents were prepared and adopted jointly. Nottinghamshire County Council also has an adopted Minerals Local

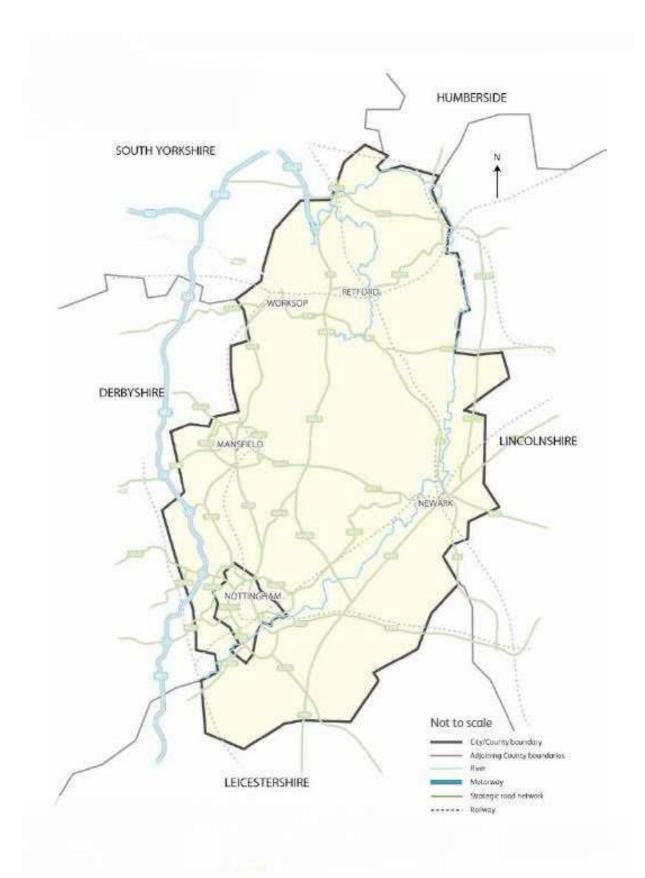
Plan (December 2005). The Nottinghamshire Minerals Local Plan is subject to a separate monitoring report.

- 1.7 A Replacement Waste Local Plan is being prepared in two parts as work on it started prior to the changes to the planning system in 2012. The first part, the Waste Core Strategy, was adopted in December 2013 and sets out the strategic policies for the area. The second part, currently in production and known as the Site and Policies Document, will contain site allocations or areas of search and development management policies. The production of the Replacement Waste Local Plan continues to be completed jointly with Nottingham City Council.
- 1.8 Until they are replaced by the second part of the Replacement Waste Local Plan, existing 'saved' policies from the adopted Waste Local Plan also form part of the Development Plan. A 'saved' policy is simply one saved via a Government direction under transitional arrangements. The aim is to avoid a policy vacuum until new policies are in place. The Waste Core Strategy replaced some of the saved policies from the 2002 Waste Local Plan. A list of the remaining saved policies can be found in Section 4.

What does this report monitor?

- 1.9 The first part of this monitoring report updates information on key environmental, social and economic indicators, where available, to provide a general overview of the Plan area. This also provides important contextual data for the preparation of future development plan documents. Plan 1 overleaf shows the area covered by this monitoring report.
- 1.10 As well as monitoring progress in the production of the Replacement Waste Local Plan, this report monitors the performance of individual policies to see how effectively they are working and to ensure that they remain relevant. Where monitoring evidence suggests that policies are ineffective or no longer relevant, this may trigger a review of the Waste Local Plan.
- 1.11 Existing 'saved' policies do not have specific monitoring indicators attached to them but a monitoring and implementation framework was developed as part of the Waste Core Strategy. As the first monitoring report covering a complete monitoring period during which the Waste Sore Strategy was adopted, this report follows a new structure from previous versions, based on the monitoring and implementation framework from the Waste Core Strategy.
- 1.12 Other key information presented includes the amount of waste produced and the proportion which is re-used, recycled, recovered for energy or disposed of. The number of new sites permitted and any closures is also monitored in order to assess the level of operational capacity.

Plan 1: Area covered by the joint Waste Core Strategy



2.0 Overview of the Plan area

Although part of the East Midlands region, Nottinghamshire also shares a boundary with South Yorkshire meaning that northern parts of the county have significant employment, housing and trade links with Sheffield and the metropolitan areas of Barnsley, Rotherham and Doncaster. Urban areas to the west of the county are also closely linked with nearby Derby and Chesterfield whereas the more rural areas to the east of the county are generally closer to neighbouring parts of Lincolnshire. Nottingham, in the south of the county, is one of the UK's eight Core Cities and a major regional centre for employment, retail and tourism, again with close links to the neighbouring cities of Derby and Leicester.

- 2.1 Key transport links across Nottinghamshire and into Nottingham have been improved over the last two-three years with the completion of road widening schemes on parts of the M1, A453, and A46. The proposed new high speed rail route (HS2) may also increase future connectivity.
- 2.2 Around two thirds of the county's population currently live in, or close to Nottingham with the remainder focused on the other, main urban areas of Mansfield, Kirkby-in-Ashfield, Sutton-in-Ashfield, Hucknall, Worksop, Newark and Retford. Significant future growth is planned across the Plan area and Nottingham City Council and the seven Nottinghamshire District/Borough Councils are each responsible for preparing their own Local Plan setting out the scale and location of proposed future housing, retail, office, industrial and other development.
- 2.3 The forecast increase in both population and economic output is therefore likely to increase the overall amount of waste that is produced across the Plan area, and the need for an appropriate range of facilities to treat or dispose of this waste. Table 1 opposite provides a summary of forecast population growth until 2031; Table 2 shows the estimated housing requirement across the Plan area and Table 3 highlights the amount of land required for employment uses.

Table 1: Population Estimates to 2031

Area	2014	2016	2031
Ashfield	122,508	124,190	136,382
Bassetlaw	114,143	114,702	119,905
Broxtowe	111,780	113,387	123,682
Gedling	115,638	117,083	128,491
Mansfield	105,893	106,517	111,773
Newark and Sherwood	117,758	119,231	130,019
Nottingham	314,268	320,055	348,713
Rushcliffe	113,670	115,439	128,343
Total	1,115,658	1,130,604	1,227,308

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Table 2: Housing Requirements

able 2: Housing Requ	irements	
Area	Housing Requirement	Year
Ashfield	8,241	2032
Bassetlaw	3,547	2028
Broxtowe	6,150	2028
Gedling	7,250	2028
Mansfield	7,520	2033
Newark and Sherwood		
Nottingham	17,150	2028
Rushcliffe	13,150	2028
Total		

Table 3: Employment Land Provision

Area	Square Metres	Hectares	Year
Ashfield			2032
Bassetlaw		163.6	2028
Broxtowe	34,000	15.0	2028
Gedling	23,000	10.0	2028
Mansfield	26,000	42.0	2033
Newark and Sherwood			
Nottingham	253,000	12.0	2028
Rushcliffe			2028
Total			

Economic, environmental and social indicators

- 2.4 Economically there has been an increase in the number of active business, with fewer businesses closing compared to the last five years and there have been improvements in employment rates and reductions in the level of unemployed over the last year. There has been little change in terms of environmental indicators across the Plan area, although data on some indicators remains difficult to obtain. There has been an increase in the number of Local Nature Reserves and the overall condition of SSSI's within the Plan area has improved slightly over time, but still remains below the national average. The number of listed buildings and conservation areas at risk has increased in line with national trends but remains above the national average.
- 2.5 Health indicators (life expectancy and percentage of health recorded as very good/good/fair) have improved slightly but are still below the national average in each case.

Waste management capacity

- 2.6 The Waste Core Strategy sets out estimates of the level of permitted waste management capacity at the time of writing but these will change over time as new sites are permitted or existing sites close. It is also important to recognise that, although, facilities may have been granted planning permission they may not yet be built or operating at full capacity and this will affect the level of actual, operational, capacity that is available.
- 2.7 During the current monitoring period, planning permission was granted for seven new waste management facilities and three extensions. This included approval to increase capacity at a permitted energy recovery facility in Bulwell, Nottingham and to increase processing capacity at an anaerobic digestion plant in Colwick, Nottingham. A list of all of the applications determined by each waste planning authority is provided in Appendix C. If implemented, these schemes will provide approximately:
 - 80,000 tonnes of additional recycling capacity (the majority of this is additional capacity for ash processing at an existing power station site)
 - 270,000 tonnes of additional recovery capacity (including 100,000 tonnes of additional anaerobic digestion)
 - 70,000 tonnes of additional waste transfer capacity (general skip hire/storage/ bulking and sorting)

- 2.8 Although outside of the current monitoring period, Nottinghamshire County Council resolved to grant planning permission for an energy from waste facility at Bilsthorpe in November 2015. This application was subsequently called in for determination by Secretary of State and has not yet been decided. Nottingham City Council granted permission to increase capacity at the Eastcroft incinerator in Nottingham in March 2016.
- 2.9 Although previous monitoring reports recorded significant site losses, not all waste site closures were reported. In order to better understand the actual level of available, operational, waste management capacity, site closures will be monitored in this, and future, monitoring reports.
- 2.10 A total of nine waste management facilities are understood to have closed since the end of 2013 with significant closures including a specialist clinical waste incineration facility at Eastcroft in Nottingham and two non-hazardous landfill sites near Arnold and Worksop. Remaining disposal capacity is now extremely limited and likely to be used up within 2-3 years at current rates. Overall, these site closures are estimated to have reduced available waste management capacity by approximately:
 - 24,000 tonnes of recycling and composting capacity
 - 6,500 tonnes of clinical waste treatment/disposal capacity
 - 105,000 tonnes of transfer capacity
 - 900,000m³ of disposal capacity

3.0 Local Plan progress

- 3.1 The timetable for preparing the Waste Local Plan is set out in the Nottinghamshire Minerals and Waste Development Scheme (last reviewed in April 2016, with regular updates published on the County Council's website in line with Government guidance) and the Nottingham City Local Development Scheme (last reviewed May 2013).
- 3.2 Each Local Planning Authority also has to prepare a Statement of Community Involvement (SCI) showing how the authority will involve local communities and stakeholders when preparing its Local Plans or determining planning applications. The most recent Nottinghamshire SCI was adopted in 2013 and can be viewed online on the County Council's website. Nottingham City's SCI was adopted in 2007 with a technical update in 2010 (dealing with amendments in legislation to Local Plan preparation).
- 3.3 All documents can be found on the respective Council's website at <u>http://www.nottinghamshire.gov.uk/planning-and-environment/minerals-and-</u> <u>waste-planning-policy</u> or www.nottinghamcity.gov.uk/localplan.

Adopted policy

- 3.4 Nottinghamshire County Council's existing Waste Local Plan was prepared jointly with Nottingham City Council and adopted in January 2002. It expired in 2004, but most policies were 'saved' by direction of the Secretary of State (see Section 4 for details).
- 3.5 The Waste Core Strategy was adopted in December 2013 and forms the first part of a two-part Replacement Waste Local Plan. It sets out the goals for delivering sustainable waste management until 2031. It includes strategic policy and criteria on the general locations for and types of facilities that are needed so as to guide future development. It replaces a number of the saved policies from the 2002 Waste Local Plan (see Section 4 for details).

Emerging policy

- 3.6 The production of the second part of the Replacement Waste Local Plan, known as the Site and Policies Document, is underway. The anticipated timetable of production of this document is set out in the Development Scheme. Once adopted, this will replace the remaining saved policies of the 2002 Waste Local Plan.
- 3.7 Consultation on a Proposed Site Selection Methodology was carried out during May and June 2015 and feedback from this consultation has been used to help with the process of shortlisting potential sites. These will be

subject to a series of detailed appraisals and assessments before deciding which sites should be taken forward. Public consultation on these proposed sites and the draft wording of the development management policies is anticipated to take place towards the end of 2016.

Duty to cooperate

- 3.8 Regulation 34 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012 requires Local Planning Authorities (LPAs) to report any cooperative actions with other LPAs, county councils or other 'duty to co-operate body' during the monitoring period.
- 3.9 In summary during the period of this AMR, the County Council and Nottingham City Council have sought to fulfil the duty to co-operate by continuing to work closely with each of the Nottinghamshire Local Planning Authorities, neighbouring, and other relevant Waste Planning Authorities (WPAs). A key focus of this work is to identify existing waste management capacity and potential future shortfalls and to identify significant patterns of waste movement where these indicate a reliance on waste management facilities within other administrative areas.
- 3.10 Both Councils have also liaised closely with the Environment Agency, Natural England, Historic England, Local Enterprise Partnership (D2N2), the Local Nature Partnership, other agencies and service providers throughout the development of the Replacement Waste Local Plan.
- 3.11 The County Council takes part in the Strategic Waste Advisory Group (and also represents Nottingham City Council) which is made up of East Midlands WPAs. In addition to the above, officers regularly attend Sheffield City Region meetings to ensure that any cross boundary strategic issues relating to waste planning are addressed at the earliest stages.

4.0 Policy performance

- 4.1 The Council's strategic policies on waste are set out in the Waste Core Strategy (WCS). At Chapter 8, the WCS includes details on how these policies will be monitored. The monitoring framework includes indicators by which performance will be assessed, targets and trigger points which will require a review of the policy.
- 4.2 The indicators, target and trigger points for each policy of the WCS are summarised in Table 1, along with where the data used to assess policy performance can be found within this report.

Data sources

- 4.3 The data to be used is set out in the Appendices as follows:
 - Appendix A: Waste management facilities capacity in Nottinghamshire. A list of all of the waste sites understood to be operational, based on Environment Agency throughput data and County Council planning records. Sites are organised according to type and information is provided on total capacity or the highest known throughput of each site (where known). This also includes sites which have closed during the monitoring period, indicating where existing capacity has been lost.
 - Appendix B: Waste arising and management methods. Includes details of waste arisings for each waste stream, where relevant data is available. Due to the way in which data is collected and recorded nationally, local data is not always available for each waste stream and the figures presented are estimates based on the most recent national surveys. Data on municipal (Local Authority Collected Waste) is collected and reported annually by local authorities but this is not currently a requirement for other wastes which are managed by the private sector.
 - Appendix C: Waste planning applications determinations. A list of all of the waste applications determined by the County Council during the monitoring period. Includes details of the proposal, the site, transport methods, environmental and climate change impacts, use of innovative technologies or best practice methods and compliance with various criteria based policies of the WCS.

Table 1: Waste Core Strategy performance indicators, targets and trigger points

Policy	Performance indicator	Data source	Target	Trigger point
WCS1 – Presumption in favour of sustainable development	All proposals accord with Waste Core Strategy policies, as listed below	N/A	Achieve of all identified targets listed below	Significant number of Waste Core Strategy policies not meeting targets
WCS2 – Waste awareness, prevention and reuse	Reduction in waste arisings for municipal, commercial & industrial and construction & demolition waste	Appendix B	N/A	Significant change in arisings
WCS3 – Future waste management provision	Total permitted waste management capacity is equal to estimated arising Interim recycling/ composting	Capacity – Appendix A Arisings – Appendix B Appendix B	A - Recycle/ compost municipal, commercial and industrial and construction and demolition waste as follows: 0 2015: 50% 0 2020: 60% 0 2025: 70%	
	targets: - 2015: 50% - 2020: 60%			
	Waste arisings: - Municipal - Commercial and industrial - Construction and demolition	Appendix B		
	New recycling/ composting proposals permitted	Appendix C		
	Introduction of additional waste collection services	Analysis section		
WCS4 – Broad locations for waste treatment facilities	New or extended facilities permitted within broad locations set out in WCS4	Appendix C	100% of planning applications permitted meeting broad location criteria	Significant number of new facilities not meeting broad criteria
WCS5 – Disposal of hazardous, non- hazardous and inert waste	New facilities permitted in accordance with criteria in WCS5	Appendix C	Disposal preferences: - Extensions - Reclamation of old colliery tips, mineral working, derelict land - Greenfield sites as last resort	 Planning approvals not in line with locational criteria Significant distance of proposal from shortfall area

Policy	Performance indicator	Data source	Target	Trigger point
WCS6 – Power station ash	Number of disposal schemes involving 'land raise' from power station ash	Appendix C	 Management preferences: Temporary stockpiles for future recycling Reclamation of sand and gravel workings and other voids Land raising adjacent to power station 	Planning approvals not in line with criteria based approach
WCS7 – General site criteria	New facilities located in accordance with criteria set out in Policy WCS7	Appendix C	100% meeting general site criteria	Significant percentage of new facilities not meet broad criteria
WCS8 – Extensions to existing waste management facilities	New waste management capacity permitted via extensions or improvements to existing sites	Appendix C	N/A	Sufficient waste management capacity not being achieved
WCS9 – New and emerging technologies	Total permitted waste management facilities incorporating new/ innovative technologies	Appendix C	N/A	N/A
WCS10 – Safeguarding waste management sites	No decrease in number/availability of waste management sites	Appendix A	Maintain/ increase number of waste management sites	Significant decrease in hectares of sites (> 10%)
WCS11 – Sustainable transport	New waste management facilities using alternatives to road transport	Appendix C	N/A (aspirational policy)	N/A (aspirational policy)
WCS12 – Managing non-local waste	New facilities located in accordance with criteria	Appendix C	100% of permitted facilities meet WCS12 criteria	Significant number of facilities permitted outside broad locations that do not meet policy criteria (more than 10%)
WCS13 – Protecting and enhancing the environment	Proposals judged to have unacceptable environmental impact refused	Appendix C	Maintain/ enhance Nottinghamshire and Nottingham's environmental quality	 Decline in Nottinghamshire's environmental quality Waste facilities with unacceptable environmental impact approved
WCS14 – Managing climate change	Proposed judged to have unacceptable impact on climate change refused	Appendix C	Number of planning approvals that include appropriate location/ resilience to climate change	Significant number of planning proposals approved which identify harmful impacts on climate change (> 10%)

Policy	Performance indicator	Data source	Target	Trigger point
WCS15 – Design of	New proposals incorporating best	Appendix C	100% of relevant planning approvals	Significant number of
waste management	practice/ expert design/ landscape		incorporate best practice guidance	approvals not incorporating
facilities	advice e.g. BRE/ BREEAM/ CABE		or can justify non-inclusion	best practice guidance or
				unable to justify non-inclusion



Analysis

4.4 Each of the policies is examined separately in detail. For each policy, a summary of the indicator(s) data is given (full data available in the relevant Appendix), followed by an analysis of the extent to which the target has been met and whether a review of the policy has been triggered. A colour coding system is used for the latter two, as below:

Target		Trigger	
Target met		Trigger not met	
Target partially met		Trigger partially met	
Target not met		Trigger met – review of policy needed	

WCS1 – Presumption in favour of sustainable development

Indicator	Do all proposals accord with all WCS policies? See other policy analysis below.			
	Achieve all identified targets for WCS policies Not all of the targets for each of the WCS policies have been met in full			
Torgot				
Target	therefore this overall target has not been achieved during the current			
	monitoring period.			
	Significant number of WCS policies not meeting targets			
	This is the first year of monitoring against the Waste Core Strategy targets			
	and indicators. This target has substantially been met but is dependent on all			
	other policy targets being met therefore specific action/mitigation may be			
	required in relation to those individual policies. Where this is the case this is			
Trigger	identified separately below. N.B. the current wording of this indicator is			
	potentially misleading as it refers to proposals whereas the relevant policy			
	test is whether or not applications have been determined in accordance with			
	the policies of the Waste Core Strategy. It is therefore recommended that			
this indicator should be interpreted and assessed as referring to 'planning				
	permissions' rather than proposals in future monitoring reports.			

WCS2 - Waste awareness, prevention and reuse

Indicator	Waste arisings: Municipal (MSW) Commercial & industrial (C&I) Construction & demolition waste (C&D)	555,885 tonnes N/A N/A
Target	None	
	Significant change (increase) in arisings	
Trigger	Minor increase in municipal (MSW) waste arisings, but not to such an extent to warrant a review of the policy. No local data for C&I and C&D waste.	

WCS3 – Future waste management provision

Indicator	Permitted waste management capacity	Approximately 420,000 tonnes of additional treatment and transfer capacity was permitted during the monitoring period. Approximately
		135,000 tonnes of treatment and

		transfer capacity has been lost since WCS adoption. Approximately 900,000m ³ non-hazardous disposal
		capacity lost during monitoring period.
	Waste arisings: Municipal (MSW)	555,885 tonnes
	Commercial & industrial (C&I)	N/A
	Construction & demolition waste (C&D) Total	N/A
	Recycling/composting rates (MSW)	County: 43.86% City: 36.84%
	New recycling/composting proposals permitted	Composting: Three proposals involving composting (two at the same site), but none involved new capacity.
		Recycling: Seven proposals involving recycling. Three involved extensions/alterations of operations at material specific sites (metal/plastic). Two of the proposals were at the same site, where there
		are existing wood recycling operations – proposals made no change to the recycling element of
		the site. One involved minor changes to a HWRC. Significantly, one proposal increased the level of operational capacity at an existing power station ash recycling site.
		Within the city there were three proposals involving recycling, all concerning metal/car breaking.
	Additional waste collection services	County, Broxtowe Borough Council introduced a new kerbside collection for textiles. Newark and Sherwood District Council began kerbside
		collection of green waste. City The final phase of the 'orange bag' scheme was introduced during the monitoring period. This concluded the roll out of kerbside
	Not calf aufficiancy achieved	recycling collection to all citizens of Nottingham.
	 Net self-sufficiency achieved Recycle/compost municipal, commerci and demolition waste as follows: 2015: 50% 	al and industrial and construction
Target	 2020: 60% 2025: 70% 	014/15 therefore a full set of data
	This report considers the financial year 20 for 2015 is not yet available in order to as National figures suggest that at least 52%	sess the first of the interim targets.

WCS4 – Broad locations for waste treatment facilities

Indicator	New or extended facilities permitted within broad locations set out in WCS4Within Nottinghamshire 13 planning applications were relevant to this policy. Six were within the broad areas set out in the policy. All of the remainder related to changes to existing sites.Within broad locations set out in WCS4Within Nottinghamshire 13 planning applications were relevant to this policy. Six were within the broad areas set out in the policy. All of the remainder related to changes to existing sites.Within the city, all five site applications determined were within the Nottingham broad area (all proposals determined by the city will be in the identified area and so will automatically meet the criteri of this policy).	
Target	100% of planning applications permitted meeting broad location criteriaAll relevant applications were within the broad areas set out in Policy WCS4(see explanatory text on interpretation below).	
Trigger	The wording waste treatr WCS4 as sh should be re other policie allows for th meeting crit out in Policy	g of the target for this indicator currently requires all permitted nent facilities to be within the broad areas identified within Policy nown on the Key Diagram. However the policies of the plan ead as a whole and some proposals may therefore accord with es such as Policy WCS12 (Managing non-local waste) which he development of treatment facilities in other locations subject to eria (a), (b) or (c) of this policy and the General Site Criteria set WCS7. It is not therefore possible for all proposals to accord WCS4. The target should therefore be clarified to relate only to posals.

WCS5 – Disposal of hazardous, non-hazardous and inert waste

Indicator	New facilities permitted in accordance with WCS5 criteria	Five proposals for waste disposal were received. Four were permitted – none of which were within the shortfall area. However, they were all extensions to existing sites, two of them involving the restoration of mineral extraction sites. One proposal was refused. This was within the shortfall area, but was a greenfield site
	Dianagal professore	situated within the greenbelt.
Target	Disposal preferences: - Extensions - Reclamation of old colliery tips, mineral working, derelict land - Greenfield sites as last resort	
	It is considered that the granting of permission for disposal over the plan period was consistent with the criteria in WCS5, although no new capacity was permitted within the shortfall area.	
Trigger	- Planning approvals not in line	with locational criteria

- Significant distance of proposal from shortfall area	
Approvals were consistent with the hierarchical locational criteria. As there	
were no new sites permitted, the distance from the shortfall area is not	
relevant.	

WCS6 – Power station ash

Indicator	<i>Number of disposal schemes involving 'land raise' from power station ash</i>	Three applications concerning the disposal of power station ash were approved during the monitoring period. Of these, one involved temporary stockpiles for future recycling at an existing site (adjacent to a power station). The other two concerned changes to operations on an existing disposal site (adjacent to power station).
Target	Management preferences: - Temporary stockpiles for future recycling - Reclamation of sand and gravel workings and other voids - Land raising adjacent to power station All proposals were changes to existing operations, with one at the top of the preferences and two at the bottom.	
Trigger	<i>Planning approvals not in line with criteria based approach</i> All proposals were considered to be in line with the policy criteria.	

WCS7 – General site criteria

Indicator	New facilities located in accordance with criteria set out in Policy WCS7	Within Nottinghamshire, seventeen applications were approved for new facilities or extensions/improvements to existing facilities. Of these, three related applications sought changes to the approved layout, buildings and processing capacity at an existing site which is classed as being within the open countryside. This was advertised as a departure but was not considered to have a detrimental impact when considered against the policies of the Plan as a whole. One site was located within in the Green Belt, but this was considered to demonstrate 'very special circumstances' consistent with the policy criteria. Within the city, all permitted proposals met the criteria in WCS7.
-	100% meeting general site criteria	a
Target	One site did not meet the criteria	
	Significant percentage of new fac	cilities not meeting criteria
		cations) did not meet all aspects of the
Trigger	policy criteria, but the prosed development was considered acceptable when	
		cy considerations. This is not considered to
	be a significant percentage and	there is no need to review the policy.

WCS8 – Extensions to existing waste management facilities

Indicator	New waste management capacity permitted via extensions or improvements to existing sites	Within the County, all proposals permitted during the monitoring period that involved additional waste management capacity were extensions to existing sites. Within the City, one proposal was a significant increase in capacity at a permitted (but not yet operational) site. Four other proposals involved the creation of new waste management capacity through change of use (new sites).
Target	None	
Trigger	Sufficient waste management can This trigger cannot be assessed	

WCS9 – New and emerging technologies

Total permitted waste management facilities incorporating new/ innovative technologies	No relevant applications were determined during the monitoring period. The County Council resolved to grant planning permission for an energy from waste facility in accordance with Policy WCS12 outside of the monitoring period (18/11/15). This application was subsequently called in for determination by Secretary of State and has not yet been decided.
None	
None	
	management facilities incorporating new/ innovative technologies None

WCS10 – Safeguarding waste management sites

Indicator	No decrease in number/availability of waste management sites	Overall there have been nine site closures since the adoption of the Waste Core Strategy although none of these are considered to have been due to safeguarding issues. This has resulted in the loss of approximately 135,000 tonnes of permitted waste treatment capacity and 900,000m ³ of waste disposal capacity. In comparison approximately 420,000 tonnes of additional treatment capacity has been permitted during the current monitoring period.
Target	Maintain/ increase number of waste management sitesNo sites were lost due to safeguarding issues during the monitoring period.Safeguarding issues have been raised in responses to District applicationsin three cases.	
Trigger	Significant decrease in hectares of sites (> 10%) This trigger has not been met although it is considered that in future this indicator and target should also assess the total tonnage capacity lost as this may be a more reliable indicator than basic site area.	

WCS11 – Sustainable transport

Indicator	New waste management facilities using alternatives to road transport	None
	None	
Target	All new capacity permitted related to extensions to existing sites and did not therefore present opportunities for non-road transport.	
Trigger	None	

WCS12 – Managing non-local waste

Indicator	New facilities located in accordance with criteria No relevant applications were determined during the monitoring period. The County Council resolved to grant planning permission for an energy from waste facility in accordance with Policy WCS12 outside of the monitoring period (18/11/15). This application was subsequently called in for determination by Secretary of State and has not yet been decided.
Target	100% of permitted facilities meet WCS12 criteria
Trigger	Significant number of facilities permitted outside broad locations that do not meet policy criteria (more than 10%)

WCS13 – Protecting and enhancing our environment

	Proposals judged to have unacceptable environmental impact refused	One application was judged to have an unacceptable environmental and was refused.	
Indicator		Overall, the lack of more recent comparable environmental data makes it difficult to assess whether there has been a change in environmental quality across the Plan area and there is considered to be insufficient data to assess this indicator at present.	
Torgot	Maintain/ enhance Nottinghamshire and Nottingham's environmental quality		
Target	Insufficient data to assess.		
	- Decline in Nottinghamshire's environmental quality		
Trigger	- Waste facilities with unacceptable environmental impact approved		
	Insufficient data to assess.		

WCS14 – Managing climate change

Indicator	Proposals judged to have unacceptable impact on climate change refused	None – no proposals were judged to have an unacceptable impact.
Target	Number of planning approvals that include appropriate location/ resilience to climate changeNo unacceptable climate change impacts were identified.	

Trigger	Significant number of planning proposals approved which identify harmful impacts on climate change (> 10%)	
	None	

WCS15 – Design of waste management facilities

Indicator	New proposals incorporating best practice/ expert design/ landscape advice e.g. BRE/ BREEAM/ CABE	None					
	100% of relevant planning approv can justify non-inclusion	vals incorporate best practice guidance or					
Target	the proposal accords with Policy compliance with it and one appli- how the proposal is consistent w	Of the 24 applications listed in Appendix C, three officer reports mention that the proposal accords with Policy WCS15, one applied conditions to ensure compliance with it and one application Planning Statement demonstrates how the proposal is consistent with the policy. A number of the applications involved operational changes and so there is limited score for the incorporation of design elements.					
	Significant number of approvals unable to justify non-inclusion	not incorporating best practice guidance or					
Trigger	The majority of the applications made no reference to Policy WCS15, although for a number of these it would not have been relevant. This is not considered to require a review of the policy, but policy responses to planning application consultations should draw more attention to this policy in future.						

- 4.5 This is the first year of monitoring using the new monitoring framework and not all indicators can be assessed at this stage due to a lack of available data or because it is too early to establish any trend or pattern using the limited data available. This situation is expected to improve over successive monitoring periods.
- 4.6 The policy target has not been met in one specific case (Policy WCS7) where the development proposals incorporated an area of open countryside which was within the previously permitted site boundary. This site also lies within the Green Belt but the nature of the proposed increases in annual tonnage throughput and new building/storage area were considered to meet the national policy test of 'very special circumstances' for Green Belt development.
- 4.7 In some cases policy targets have only been partially met and appropriate actions have been identified (where relevant) to address this. However, monitoring is at a very early stage (year 1 of the Plan) and no issues have been identified which are considered to trigger a need for review.

5.0 Saved policies

- 5.1 The Secretary of State directed that all Waste Local Plan policies (adopted January 2002) be saved until replaced by new policies, with the following exceptions:
 - W2.1 Hierarchy of waste management optionsW3.2 Planning obligations
 - W3.24 Protected species
- 5.2 Since this direction was made, the Waste Core Strategy was adopted in December 2013 which has replaced the following Waste Local Plan (2002) policies:

W3.16	Bulk transport of waste
W5.1	Household Waste Recycling Centres – areas of search
W5.2	Household Waste Recycling Centres in disposal sites
W5.3	Mini recycling centres
W5.4	Material recovery facility – Eastcroft
W5.5	Material recovery facilities – industrial estates
W5.6	Material recovery facilities – waste disposal sites
W5.7	Permanent aggregate recycling centres
W5.8	Mobile aggregate recycling centres
W5.9	Recycling soils
W5.10	Scrapyards – areas of search
W5.11	Scrapyards – existing sites
W6.1	Future provision of municipal incinerators
W6.2	Clinical incinerators
W6.3	Other technologies
W6.4	Refuse derived fuel
W6.5	Energy recovery from incineration – environment impact
W6.6	Energy recovery from incineration – economic viability
W6.7	Energy recovery from disposal – environmental impact
W6.8	Energy recovery from disposal – economic viability
W7.1	Commercial composting sites – areas of search
W7.2	Commercial composting – waste disposal sites
W7.3	Small scale composting – agricultural areas
W8.1	Waste water and sewage treatment – future requirements
W9.1	Water transfer stations – areas of search
W10.1	Waste disposal - mineral sites, other voids and spoil heaps
W10.2	Waste disposal – derelict or degraded land
W10.3	Waste disposal – greenfield sites
W10.4	Bentinck void and colliery tip - allocation

6.0 Conclusions

Local plan progress

6.1 Work on the second part of the Replacement Waste Local Plan (the Sites and Policies Document) is progressing following adoption of Part 1: Waste Core Strategy.

Policy performance

- 6.2 This first year of monitoring the Waste Core Strategy has shown that the majority of policy targets have been fully or partially met although in some cases this is too early to assess. Only one planning decision, relating to open countryside, did not meet the relevant policy target but this was determined to be acceptable when weighed against other wider policy considerations.
- 6.3 Although a significant tonnage of additional waste management capacity was permitted during the monitoring period, not all of this is currently operational and some was for more specialist uses (e.g. ash reprocessing). Significant losses of non-hazardous disposal capacity mean that remaining landfill life is now severely limited and will increase the pressure to find alternatives ways to manage residual waste.
- 6.4 There is evidence of a continued increase in municipal waste arisings but no more recent data against which to assess other waste streams. Ensuring adequate land use provision for future waste management needs is therefore a key role of the emerging Sites and Policies document. Progress against the interim recycling targets (non-statutory) included within the Waste Core Strategy cannot be assessed until the next monitoring period.

Glossary

Monitoring Report: the monitoring report assesses the implementation of the Local Development Scheme and whether policies in Local Development Documents are being successfully implemented.

Core Strategy: a Development Plan Document which sets out the long-term spatial vision for the local planning authority area.

Development Plan: this is made up of the various district or borough Local Plans, the County Council's minerals and waste Local Plans and neighbourhood plans where these have been adopted.

Development Plan Documents: statutory documents which set out the local planning authority's formal planning polices for its area. Together these documents make up the Development Plan for that area. There are different types of document (see also Core Strategy, Development Control Policies, Site Specific Policies, and Proposals Map).

Development Management Policies: a suite of criteria-based policies designed to ensure that all development meets the aims and objectives set out in the Core Strategy. Can be included in another Development Plan Document or may form a stand-alone document.

Local Planning Authority: the local authority (i.e. council) responsible for planning decisions in its area. For most types of development this is the local District Council. For minerals and waste it is the County Council. Unitary Councils, such as the City of Nottingham, carry out all of these functions.

Local Plan: a document which sets out the long-term spatial vision for the local planning authority area.

Minerals and Waste Development Scheme: sets out the programme for preparing Local Plan document produced by County Councils who are responsible minerals and waste planning.

Saved Policies or Plans: existing adopted development plans which are to be saved (usually up to 3 years) until they are replaced by a new Local Plan.

Statement of Community Involvement (SCI): sets out the standards which authorities will achieve with regard to involving local communities in the preparation of Local Development Documents and development control decisions. The Statement of Community Involvement is not a Development Plan Document but is subject to independent examination.

Appendix A – Waste management facilities and capacity in Nottinghamshire 2014/15

Table A.1: Existing waste treatment facilities

The information shown here is believed to be up to date as at 31^{st} December 2015 and is subject to final confirmation prior to publication. **N.B.** Please note that a number of facilities denoted by the symbol \blacklozenge were previously listed as waste management facilities. These have subsequently been found to be minor repair workshops, building firms and similar which hold a waste management licence but do not operate as facilities for the treatment or disposal of waste. These have been retained for this monitoring period to maintain transparency but will be removed from future lists.

A.

Site name	Location	Estimated Capacity	Type of waste (if known)	Address	Status
HWRC					
Beeston HWRC	Beeston	9,000	Household	Beeston Household Waste Recycling Centre, Lilac Grove, Beeston	Operational
Bilsthorpe HWRC	Bilsthorpe	3,500	Household	Brailwood Road, Bilsthorpe, Nottinghamshire	Operational
Calverton Colliery HWRC	Calverton	9,900	Household	Hollinwood Lane, Calverton	Operational
Fiskerton HWRC	Southwell	4,000	Household	Fiskerton Road, Southwell	Closed March 2014
Giltbrook HWRC	Giltbrook	9,500	Household	Gilt Hill, Giltbrook Nottingham	Operational
West Bridgford HWRC	West Bridgford	9,000	Household	Rugby Road, West Bridgford	Operational
Retford HWRC	Retford	5,500	Household	Hallcroft Road, Retford, Nottingham	Operational
Hucknall HWRC	Hucknall	7,000	Household	Plot 4a Baker Brook Industrial Estate, Wigwam Lane, Hucknall	Operational
Mansfield HWRC	Mansfield	11,000	Household	Kestral Park Industrial Estate, Kestral Road, Mansfield	Operational
Kirkby HWRC	Kirkby-in-Ashfield	4,000	Household	Kirkby HWRC, Sidings Rd, Lowmoor Ind Est, Kirkby-in Ashfield	Operational
Langar HWRC	Langar	3,500	Household	Coach Gap Lane, Langar	Closed March 2015
Lenton HWRC	Lenton	8,000	Household	Redfield Road, Lenton Industrial Estate	Operational
Worksop HWRC	Worksop	8,500	Household	Shireoaks Road, Worksop	Operational
Newark HWRC	Newark	9,000	Household	Cleanaway, Brunell Drive, Newark Business Park, Newark	Operational
Warsop HWRC	Warsop	8,000	Household	Oakfield Civic Amenity Site, Oakfield Lane, Warsop, Nottinghamshire	Operational
Recycling (General)					
Land to rear of Bar Lane Motor Company	Nottingham			Palm Street, fronting Rye Street, Nottingham	Unknown

Site name	Location	Estimated Capacity	Type of waste (if known)	Address	Status
Mansfield MRF	Mansfield	85,000	Non-haz	Warren Way, Crown Farm Industrial Estate, Mansfield	Operational
Private Road No 2	Colwick	120,000	Non-haz/Inert/ Asbestos	haz/Inert/ estos Private Road No 2, Colwick Industrial Estate, Nottingham	
Sandy Lane	Worksop	22,000	Construction, Comm/Ind	Sandy Lane Industrial Estate, Worksop, Nottingham	Operational
Unit W, Slaughter House	Nottingham			Unit W, Slaughter House, County Road, Nottingham	Unknown
Wastecycle Limited	Colwick	127,000	Comm/Ind / Municipal	Private Road No 4, Colwick Industrial Estate, Colwick, Nottingham	Operational
Recycling (glass)	_	_	_		
Recresco	Kirkby-in-Ashfield	600	Glass	Lane End, Urban Road, Kirkby in Ashfield	Operational
Recycling (wood)					
R M Wright Wood Recycle	Newark	18,000	Green waste / Timber	Unit 89B, Boughton Industrial Estate, Boughton, Newark	Operational
R Plevin & Sons Ltd	Elkesley	100,000	Waste wood	Crookford Hill, Elkesley, Retford	Operational
Recycling (aggregate)					
Bunny Materials Recycling Facility	Bunny	270,000	Aggregate/IBA	Loughborough Road, Bunny	Operational
Chris Allsop Business Park	Colwick	25,000	Aggregate	Private Road No. 2, Colwick Industrial Estate, Nottingham	Operational
Coneygre Farm	Hoveringham	17,000	Inert	Coneygre Farm, Hoveringham Lane, Hoveringham	Operational
Land at the end of Private Road No. 4	Colwick	200,000	Aggregates	Land at the end of Private Road no 4, Colwick Indutral Estate, Colwick	Operational
North Midland Construction	Huthwaite	17,500	Construction / Demolition	Nunn Close, The County Estate, Huthwaite, Sutton-in-Ashfield	Operational
Plot 4b, Bakerbrook Industrial Estate	Hucknall	45,000	Construction / Demolition	Plot 4b, Bakerbrook Industrial Estate, Wigwam Lane, Hucknall	Operational
Plot 7a Park Lane Business Park	Kirkby-in-Ashfield	150,000	Construction / Demolition	Plat 7a Park Lane Business Park, Park Lane, Kirkby-in-Ashfield	Operational
Plots 10,11,12,13,14, and 16 Wigwam Lane	Hucknall	150,000	Aggregate / Soil / Constr / Dem	Plot 16 Wigwam Industrial Estate, Wigwam Lane, Hucknall, Nottingham	Operational
Plots 7, 8, 9, 15a and 15b Wigwam Lane	Hucknall	45,000	Construction / Demolition	15b Wigwam Lane, Hucknall	Operational
Retford Waste	Ranskill		Inert	Access Road, Ranskill	Operational
Sandy Lane	Worksop	24,000	Inert	Sandy Lane Industrial Estate, Worksop, Nottingham	Inactive

Site name	Location	Estimated Capacity	Type of waste (if known)	Address	Status
Scrooby Top Quarry	Scrooby	23,000	Construction / Demolition	Scrooby Top Quarries, Scrooby Top, Doncaster	Operational
Unit 1, Private Road No. 4	Colwick	200,000	Aggregate/ Gypsum / Ash	Unit 1, Private Road No. 4, Colwick, Nottingham	Operational
Windmill House Farm	Mansfield	20,000		Windmill House Farm, Forest Road, Warsop, Mansfield	•
Recycling (aggregate - re	stricted user)	-	_		
Toton Railway Sidings	Stapleford	205,000	Aggregates	Land at Toton Railway Sidings, Stapleford, Nottingham	Operational
Recycling (metal)					
Intercity Motor Spares	Beeston		Vehicles	97 Windsor Street, Beeston	Operational
Area Services	Sherwood	250		Alfreton Road, Sherwood	
Avs Vauxhall Breakers	Nottingham	500		Cavendish Street, Dunkirk Industrial Estate	Operational
B D Motor Spares	Newark	400	Vehicles	Harrow Lane, Boughton, Newark	Operational
Bits at Micks	Dunkirk	1,200		Newton Street, Dunkirk, Nottingham	Operational
Bradford Moor	Newark	25,000	Vehicles/Metal	Cow Lane, Newark	Operational
Briggs Metals Ltd	Newark	34,000		The Yard' Great North Road, Newark	Operational
C V Metals	Hucknall	450		Unit 4c Bakerbrook Industrial Estate, Wigwam Lane, Hucknall	Operational
Calverton Colliery	Calverton		Vehicles	Hollinwood Lane, Calverton	Operational
Charles Trent Limited	Kirkby-in-Ashfield	8,000	Vehicles/Parts	Sidings Road, Lowmoor Business Park, Kirkby in Ashfield	Operational
Chris Allsop Business Park	Colwick	30,000	Metal	Private Road No. 2, Colwick Industrial Estate, Nottingham	
Chris Allsop Metal Recycling Ltd	Langar	25,000	Metal	Coach Gap Lane, Langar	
Collect a Wreck	Basford	150		Bowbridge Lane, New Balderton	Closed
Continental Autoparts Ltd	Nottingham			61A Church Street, Old Basford, Nottingham	
East of Snape Lane / Plot C6	Harworth	75,000	Metal	Snape Lane, Harworth	Not commenced
EMR Nottingham	Nottingham	30,000		Mountstar House, Alcester Street, Dunkirk, Nottingham	Operational
European Metal Recycling Worksop	Worksop	15,000	ELV / Metal	Sandy Lane, Worksop	Operational
Foxcovert Dismantlers	Worksop	500		Gateford Road, Worksop	Operational
French Spares, Ranskill	Retford	200	Vehicles	French Spares, Access Road, Ranskill, Retford	Operational
Glen Barry Metals Limited	Langar	5,500	Vehicles / Metal	The Recycling Yard, Langar North Trading Estate, Harby Road, Langar	Operational
HBC Vehicles	Newark	8,000		Brailwood Road, Bilsthorpe, Newark	Operational

Site name	Location	Estimated Capacity	Type of waste (if known)	Address	Status
Hutchinson Engineering Services Ltd	Newark	600		Ingram Lane Works, Sutton-on-Trent, Newark	N/A
Lady Bay Salvage	Nottingham	300		Colwick Road, Nottingham	N/A
Lakeside, Clifton	Newark	100		Wigsley Wood, Clifton Lane, Thorney, Newark	•
Langold Auto Dismantlers	Worksop	200		Doncaster Road Costhorpe Industrial Estate Costhorpe, Worksop	Operational
Lodge On The Wolds Farm	Cotgrave	1,500	Vehicles / Metal	Lodge On The Wolds Farm, The Fosse Way, Cotgrave	Operational
M A Salvage	Stapleford	400		The Scrap Yard, Bessell Lane, Stapleford, Nottingham	
Mansfield Woodhouse Dismantlers	Mansfield	900	Vehicles	Vale Road, Mansfield Woodhouse, Nottinghamshire	Operational
Mega Vaux	Stapleford	5,000	Vehicles	Station Road, Stapleford	Operational
Mini Classics	Blyth	N/A	Vehicle parts	The Barn, Bawtry Raod, Blyth, Worksop	Operational
Motors in Motion	Worksop	200		Unit 1 Kilton Industrial Estate, Kilton Road, Worksop	Operational
Nottingham Sleeper Company	Stapleford	2,500		Alpine Industrial Estate, Jockey Lane, Elkesley	Operational
Phoenix Auto Salvage	Stapleford	7,000		Bessell Lane, Stapleford, Nottingham	Operational
Podder Motor Spares	Woodborough	2,000	Vehicles	Bank Hill, Woodborough, Nottingham	Operational
Reclamations Ollerton Ltd	Tuxford	700		Lincoln Road, Tuxford, Newark	Operational
Retford Waste	Ranskill			Access Road, Ranskill	Operational
Roy Shepherd Motors	Stapleford	N/A		Bessell Lane, Stapleford, Nottingham	•
S R Payne Scrapmetals Ltd	Mansfield	6,500		Unit 8 -10 Sibthorpe Street, off Quarry Lane, Mansfield	Operational
Sims Metals	Dunkirk	340,000		Harrimans Lane, Dunkirk, Nottingham	Operational
Spring Lane Motor Spares	Lambley	400	Vehicles/Parts	Spring Lane, Lambley,	Closed
T W Crowden & Daughter Ltd	Newark	1,900	Non-ferrous metals	The Car Breakers Yard, Tolney Lane, Northern Road Industrial Estate	Unknown
VW and Audi Car Breakers	Nottingham	100		Unit 2 Church View Business Park, Church Street, Old Basford	Unknown
Woodside Vehicle Dismantlers	Rainworth	600	Vehicles	Woodside Farm, 38 Helmsley Road, Rainworth, Mansfield, Nottingham	Operational
Transfer					
AB Waste Disposal	Mansfield	25,000	Non-haz	Raymond Way, Old Mill lane Industrial Estate, Mansfield Woodhouse	Operational
Abbey Road Depot	West Bridgford	3,000		Central Works Depot, Abbey Road, West Bridgford, Nottingham	Operational

Site name	Location	Estimated Capacity	Type of waste (if known)	Address	Status
Brunel Drive	Newark	60,000	Non-haz	Brunel Drive, Newark Business Park, Newark	Operational
Central Waste (general transfer site)	Hucknall	17,000		Plot 15b, Wigwam Lane, Hucknall, Nottingham	Operational
Chris Allsop Business Park	Colwick	10,000		Private Road No. 2, Colwick Industrial Estate, Nottingham	
Colsons	Bulwell, Nottingham	28,400		2 Bulwell Lane, Basford	Operational
East Midlands Waste	Hawton, Newark		Non-haz	Bowbridge Lane, Hawton, Newark, Nottinghamshire	
Eastcroft Depot	Nottingham			London Road, Nottingham	Operational
Environmental Health & Housing Services	Sutton-in-Ashfield			Northern Depot, Station Road, Sutton in Ashfield,	Operational
Freeth Street	Nottingham			Freeth Street, Sneinton, Nottingham	Operational
Gamston Depot	Nottingham			Nottingham	Operational
Giltbrook	Kimberly		Municipal	Gilt Hill, Giltbrook	Operational
Grove Recycling Ltd	Nottingham			First Avenue, Greasley Street, Nottingham	Closed
ICS Bleakhill Sidings	Mansfield		Comm / Ind / Construction	Bleakhill Sidings, Sheepbridge Lane, Mansfield	Operational
Jessop Close	Newark	20,000	Hazardous and non- hazardous	Jessop Close, off Jessop Way, Northern Road Industrial Estate, Newark	Operational
Kimberley Depot	Kimberly		Inert and degradable household	Land at Kimberley Deport, Eastwood Road, Kimberley, Nottingham	
Land at Shireoaks Road (transfer)	Worksop	75,000	Municipal Comm / Ind	Shireoaks Road, Worksop, Nottinghamshire	Inactive
Mansfield D C Transfer Station	Mansfield			Vale Road, Mansfield Woodhouse	Operational
Maun Valley Waste Transfer Station	Sutton-in-Ashfield	25,000	Inert	Maun Valley Industrial Park, Station Road, Sutton-in-Ashfield	Operational
Max Waste Recycling	Huthwaite	N/A	Municipal Comm / Ind	Fulwood Road South, Huthwaite, Sutton-in-Ashfield	Closed
Mitchells of Mansfield	Sutton-in-Ashfield			Brierley Park Close, Sutton-in-Ashfield	Closed
Moorbridge Works	Nottingham	1,700		Bestwood Road, Nottingham	Operational
Riverside Scrap Yard	Newark		Non-haz / Metal	Riverside Scrapyard, The Maltings, Maltkiln Lane, Newark	Operational
No 1 Skip Hire	Nottingham	3,000		Third Avenue, Greasley Street, Nottingham	Closed

Site name	Location	Estimated Capacity	Type of waste (if known)	Address	Status
Nottingham Sleeper Company	Elkesly		Rail track waste	Alpine Industrial Estate, Jockey Lane, Elkesley	Operational
Plot 15 Wigwam Lane	Hucknall	15,500			
Plot 4b, 14 and 15 Wigwam Lane	Hucknall	32,500	Inert	Plot 4b, 14 and 15, Baker Brook Industrial Estate, Wigwam Lane	Operational
Plot C, Sidings Road	Kirkby-in-Ashfield	20,000	Non- hazardous	Plot C, Sidings Road, Lowmoor Road Industrial Park, Kirkby in Ashfield	Inactive
Plots 8 and 9 Wigwam Lane, Hucknall	Hucknall	1,200	Inert	Plots 8 and 9 Wigwam Lane Industrial Estate, Hucknall	Operational
Quarry Farm	Newark	10,500	Inert	Bowbridge Lane, Newark, Nottinghamshire	Inactive
Quarry Farm 2	Newark	1,200		Bowbridge Lane, Newark, Nottinghamshire	Operational
Retford Waste	Ranskill	15,000		Access Road, Ranskill	
Saddlers Waste	Aspley, Nottingham	6,000		Staffordshire House, Beechdale Road, Aspley, Nottingham	
Specialised Waste Services	Newark	900		Jessop House, Jessop Close, Newark	
Unit W, Slaughter House	Nottingham			Unit W, Slaughter House, County Road, Nottingham	
V and K Premises	Ranskill	100		Common Lane, Access Road, Ranksill, Retford	
Vale Skip Hire & Ruddington Skip Hire	Nottingham	2,000		73 Loughborough Road, Bradmore, Nottingham	
Wallrudding Farm	North Harby	5,000	Inert	Doddington, Lincoln	Operational
Transfer (specialist/clinic	al/hazardous)		-		_
Asbestos Insulation Removers (AIR)	Nottingham	N/A		2 -4 Regent Street, Kimberley, Nottingham	•
Central Waste 15b Wigwam Lane	Hucknall			Plot 15b, Wigwam Lane, Hucknall, Nottingham	
CMEC Demolition	Gibbons Lane, Dunkirk, Nottingham, NG7 2SB	8,000	Municpal Comm / Ind Asbestos	William Issac Building, Gibbons Street, Nottingham	Operational
Eurotech - Global Environmental Services	Newark	30,000	Liquid / sludges	Northern Road Industrial Estate, Newark, Nottingham	
Nottingham City Hospital	Nottingham	N/A		Hucknall Road, Nottingham	Closed
Oakwood Fuels Ltd, Brailwood Road	Bilsthorpe	19,500	Oil / Plastics / WEEE	Brailwood Road, Bilsthorpe, Newark, Nottinghamshire	Operational

Site name	Location	Estimated Capacity	Type of waste (if known)	Address	Status
PHS	Newark		Clinical	Jessop House, Jessop Close, Northern Road Industrial Estate, Newark	
Portland Street	Mansfield	N/A	Asbestos	63 Portland Street, Mansfield Woodhouse, Mansfield	◆
Solvents with Safety Ltd	Harworth	5,300		Units 1&4, Plumtree Farm Industrial Estate, Harworth	
Specialist Treatment	-	_	-		_
28 Gibbons Street	Nottingham			28 Gibbons Street, Nottingham	
Bilsthorpe Oil Treatment Works	Bilsthorpe	50,000	Oil	Brailwood Road, Bilsthorpe	Operational
Boynton Brothers	Ranskill	4,500	Tyres	Station Road, Ranskill, Reford	Operational
Cavendish Works Waste Treatment Facility	Nottingham	10,000		Cavendish Works, Cavendish Street, Dunkirk, Nottingham	Operational
Clinical Waste Treatment Facility	Nottingham	5,100		Unit 1, Crossgate Drive, Queens Drive Industrial Estate, Nottingham	
Coulson Plant	Newark	500	Soil	The Chestnuts, Crow Wood, Thorney, Newark	Inactive
Ex Sanford Sheet Metal Works	Nottingham	900		Gibbon Street, Dunkirk, Nottingham	Closed
Schutz UK Ltd	Worksop	8,500	Waste packing / Wiping cloths	Claylands Avenue, Worksop, Nottinghamshire	Operational
Specialist Treatment (res	tricted-user)				
John Brookes Metals Ltd	Boughton, Newark	20	Mercury / Metals	Unit 198A, Boughton Industrial Estate, Newark	Operational
Composting	-	_			_
Grange Farm, Oxton	Oxton	55,000	Green	Sherbrook Farms, Grange Farm, Oxton, Nottinghamshire	Operational
Halls Lane (Land south of A610), Newthorpe	Halls Lane, Newthorpe	3,250		Halls Lane, Newthorpe	Permission lapsed
John Brooks Sawmills (composting)	Widmerpool	20,000	Green and waste wood	The Sawmill, The Fosseway, Widmerpool, Nottingham	Operational
Land adjacent Cotham Lane	Cotham, Newark	15,000	Green	Land adjacent to Hawton Road, Cotham	Closed 2014
Recycling Ollerton & Boughton	Boughton	4,400	Recyclables / Green waste	Units 183-184 Boughton Industrial Estate, Boughton	Operational
Stragglethorpe Road, Holme Pierrepont	Holme Pierrepont	3,500	Green waste	Land North-West of Stragglethorpe Road, Holme-Pierrepont	Operational
Anaerobic Digestion					
Bio Dynamic (UK) Ltd	Colwick	150,000	Food / Agricultural	Private Road 4, Colwick Industrial estate, Colwick	Limited operation

Site name	Location	Estimated Capacity	Type of waste (if known)	Address	Status		
Stud Farm, Rufford	Rufford	16,000	Poultry / Veg / Energy crops	Stud Farm, Rufford, Newark, Nottinghamshire	Not commenced		
Anaerobic Digestion (res	Anaerobic Digestion (restricted user)						
Stoke Bardolph STW	Stoke Bardolph	55,200	Energy crops/ leachate / sceptic tank	Stoke Lane, Stoke Bardolph,	Operational		
Energy from Waste (incin	eration)						
Eastcroft Incinerator	Nottingham	270,000	Municipal	London Road, Nottingham	Lines 1&2 operating		
Energy from Waste (gasit	fication)						
Bentinck Colliery	Kirkby-in-Ashfield	75,000	RDF	Mill Road, Kirkby-in-Ashfield, Nottinghamshire	Limited operation		
Former Blenheim Garden Allotments	Blenheim Lane, Bulwell	160,000	Munic/ Comm/ Ind / RDF	Blenheim Industrial Estate, Blenheim Lane, Bulwell	Not commenced		
Energy from Waste (pyro	lysis)						
Carlton Forest Distribution Centre	Worksop	25,000	RDF	Warehouse 5, Carlton Forest Distribution Centre, Blyth Road, Worksop	Not commenced		
Energy from Waste (biom	nass)						
John Brooks Sawmills	Widmerpool	N/A	Green waste / Wood	The Sawmill, The Fosseway, Widmerpool, Nottingham	Not commenced		
Land at Shireoaks Road	Worksop	30,000	Wood	Shireoaks Road, Worksop, Nottinghamshire	Inactive		
Incineration (no energy recovery)							
Caxton House Farm	Newark		Animal - Hazardous	Newark Road, Barnby in the Willows, Newark	Closed		
White Rose Environmental	Nottingham	6,500	Clinical	London Road, Nottingham	Closed		

* Contains Environment Agency information © Environment Agency and database right

Table A.2: Existing waste disposal facilities

Unless otherwise stated, all capacities shown are based on operator waste permit returns to the Environment Agency and have been estimated as at 31st December 2015.

Site name	Location	Estimated capacity (m3)*	Type of waste	Status
Landfill (non-hazardous)		-		
Daneshill	Lound	720,000	Household/industrial/commercial	Operational
Dorket Head	Arnold	_	Household/industrial/commercial	Closed 2014**
Staple Quarry Landfill	Cotham	270,000	Household/industrial/commercial	Operational
Carlton Forest Landfill	Carlton-in-Lindrick		Household/industrial/commercial	Closed 2014**
Landfill (inert)				-
Vale Road Quarry	Mansfield Woodhouse	1,880,000	Inert	Operational
Serlby Quarry	Serlby	1,350,000	Inert	To be confirmed
Landfill (inert - restricted user)				
Coneygre Farm	Hoveringham	Not known	Inert	Operational
Borrow Pits Landfill	Newark	450,000	Inert	Operational
Cromwell Quarry	Cromwell	Not known	Inert	Operational
Landfill (ash disposal)				
Bole Ings	West Burton	960,000	Pulverised Fuel Ash	Operational
Cottam Power Station	Cottam	1,240,000	Pulverised Fuel Ash	Operational
Winking Hill	Ratcliffe-on-Soar	330,000	Pulverised Fuel Ash	Operational

* Contains Environment Agency information © Environment Agency and database right.

** Both sites have valid planning permission for waste disposal however the site operator is understood to have announced the closure of these sites in 2014 and both sites have currently ceased accepting waste

Table A.3: Existing waste water treatment facilities

Site name	Location
Sewage Treatment Works	
Alverton Sewage Treatment Works	Alverton
Askham and Headon cum Upton Sewage Treatment Works	Retford
Aslockton Sewage Treatment Works	Moor Lane, Aslockton
Balderton Sewage Treatment Works	Lowfield Lane, Balderton
Bilsthorpe Sewage Treatment Works	Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe
Boughton Sewage Treatment Works	Kirton Road, Boughton
Calverton Sewage Treatment Works	Bonner Lane, Calverton
Church Warsop Sewage Treatment Works	Broomhill Lane, Church Warsop
Clumber Park Sewage Treatment Works	Nr Hardwick Village
Cotgrave Sewage Treatment Work	Woodgate Lane, Cotgrave
Cottam Sewage Treatment Works	Town Street, Cottam, Retford
Crankley Point Sewage Treatment Works	Quibells Lane, Newark
Cropwell Bishop Sewage Treatment Works	Cropwell Butler Road, Cropwell Bishop
East Leake Sewage Treatment Works	West Leake Road, East Leake
Edwinstowe Sewage Treatment Works	Ollerton Road, Edwinstowe
Farndon Sewage Treatment Works	Hawton Lane, Balderton
Farnsfield Sewage Treatment Works	Edingley Road, Farnsfield
Gamston Sewage Treatment Works	Rectory Lane, Gamston
Gotham Sewage Treatment Works	Moor Lane, Gotham
Gringley on the Hill Sewage Treatment Works	Off Middlebridge Road, Gringley on the Hill
Hodsock Sewage Treatment Works	Off Doncaster Road, Costhorpe, Worksop
Hodthorpe Sewage Treatment Works	Broad Lane, Hodthorpe
Huthwaite Sewage Treatment Works	Common Road, Huthwaite
Keyworth Sewage Treatment Works	Bunny Lane, Keyworth

Site name	Location
Kinoulton Sewage Treatment Works	Off Hickling Road, Kinoulton
Kirbky in Ashfield Sewage Treatment Works	Park Lane, Kirkby in Ashfield
Kneesall Sewage Treatment Works	Wellow Road, Kneesall
Lilac Grove Sewage Treatment Works	Lilac Grove, Beeston, Nottingham
Mansfield Sewage Treatment Works	Bath Lane, Mansfield
Nether Langwith Sewage Treatment Works	Langwith Road, Nether Langwith
Newthorpe Sewage Treatment Works	Halls Lane, Newthorpe
Pinxton Sewage Treatment Works	Wharf Lane, Pinxton
Rainworth Sewage Treatment Works	Rufford Colliery, Rainworth
Rampton Sewage Treatment Works	Goldenholme Lane, Rampton
Retford Sewage Treatment Works	Hallcroft Road, Retford
Shirebrook Sewage Treatment Works	Off Carter Lane, Shirebrook
Skegby Sewage Treatment Works	Dawgates Lane, Sutton in Ashfield
Southwell Sewage Treatment Works	Fiskerton Road, Southwell
Stapleford Sewage Treatment Works	Bessell Lane, Stapleford
Staunton Sewage Treatment Works	Staunton in the Vale
Stoke Bardolph Sewage Treatment Works	Stoke Lane, Stoke Bardolph
Sutton in Ashfield Sewage Treatment Works	Unwin Road, Sutton in Ashfield
Toton Sewage Treatment Works	Barton Lane, Long Eaton
Worksop Sewage Treatment Works	Rayton Lane, Worksop
Sewage Pumping Station	
Annesley Sewage Pumping Station	Off Moseley Road, Annesley
Attenborough Lane Sewage Pumping Station	Attenborough Road, Attenborough
Barnby Moor Sewage Pumping Station	Great North Road, Barnby Moor, Retford
Carlton Sewage Pumping Station	Station Road, Carlton
Chilwell Meadows Sewage Pumping Station	Barton Lane, Toton
Colwick Vale Sewage Pumping Station	Colwick
Dale Lane Sewage Pumping Station	Dale Lane, Blidworth

Site name	Location
Dive under Sewage Pumping Station	Adjacent to UPJ Motorspares (Formerly the Market Hotel), Off West Carr Road, Retford
Diveunder Sewage Pumping Station	Tunnel Road, Retford
Habblesthorpe Sewage Pumping Station, Habblesthorpe Road	North Leverton, Retford
Blidworth Bottom Farm Sewage Pumping Station	Calverton Road, Blidworth
Jubilee Way Sewage Pumping Station	Jubilee Way North, Mansfield
Main Street Sewage Pumping Station	Main Street, Styrrup
Maun Valley Sewage Pumping Station	New Mill Lane, Mansfield Woodhouse
Retford Dive Under Sewage Pumping Station	Adjacent the Market Hotel, West Carr Road, Retford
Severn Trent Water Limited, Sewage Pumping Station	Medenside, Meden Vale
Severn Trent Water Sewage Pumping Station	Hickling Lane, Kinoulton
Sewage Pumping Station	Knights Close, Screveton
Sewage Pumping Station	Cogley Lane, Bingham
Shelford Sewage Pumping Station	Julian Lane, Shelford
Smeath Lane Sewage Pumping Station	Smeath Lane, Clarborough, Retford
Trent View Gardens Sewage Pumping Station	Radcliffe on Trent
Tuxford Road Sewage Pumping Station	Tuxford Road, Boughton
Wilford Lane Sewage Pumping Station	Wilford Lane, West Bridgford
Papplewick Sewage Pumping Station	Rigg Lane, Ravenshead
Low Street Sewage Pumping Station	East Brayton, near Retford
Lambley Sewage Pumping Station	Park Lane, Lambley
Lincoln Road Sewage Pumping Station	Broadgate, Lincoln Road, Darlton, near Retford

Appendix B – Waste arisings and management methods

 Table B.1: Waste arising in Nottinghamshire and Nottingham and management methods (where known)

Indicator	Nottinghamshire	Nottingham	Combined Total for Plan Area	Trend
Waste Arisings				
Municipal (LACW)	2012/13: 390,925 tonnes 2013/14: 394,933 tonnes 2014/15: 399,352 tonnes	2012/13: 147,956 tonnes 2013/14: 152,731 tonnes 2014/15: 156,533 tonnes	2012/13: 538,881tonnes 2013/14: 547,664 tonnes 2014/15: 555,885 tonnes	Annual increase in waste arisings since 2012/13.
Commercial & Industrial	No local figure available	No local figure available	2002/03 1,287,450 tonnes 2006: 970,864 tonnes* 2009: 0.9 – 1 million tonnes*	Unable to assess reliably due to lack of more recent local or national data. Figures shown for 2006 and 2009 figures are estimates derived from national surveys and do not represent actual recorded arisings. Considerable uncertainty due to impacts of post 2008 recession and more recent economic recovery. Data not therefore considered sufficiently robust to revise plan estimates.
Construction and Demolition	No local figure available	No local figure available	2003: 2.4 million tonnes 2008: 1.1 million tonnes*	Unable to assess reliably due to lack of more recent local or national data. Figure shown for 2008 is an
				estimate based on earlier national survey.

						$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{A}}$				Considerable uncertainty due to impacts of post 2008 recession and more recent economic recovery. Data not therefore considered sufficiently robust to
Recycling/Composting		tonnes	(%)		tonnes	(%)		tonnes	(%)	revise plan estimates.
Municipal (LACW)	2012/13:	169,167	(43.27)	2012/13:	51,405	(34.74)	2012/13:	220,572	(40.93)	Recycling rates have
	2012/13:	176,113	(44.59)	2012/13:	54,553	(35.72)	2012/13:	230,666	(42.12)	slowed in recent years
	2013/14:	175,148	(43.86)	2013/14.	57,659	(36.84)	2014/15:	232,807	(41.88)	and overall rate has
	2014/10.	170,110	(10.00)	2014,10.	01,000	(00.01)	2014/10.	202,001	(41.00)	fallen slightly compared
										to the previous
										monitoring period.
Commercial & Industrial	No loca	al figure ava	ailable	No loca	al figure ava	ailable		52% in line	with	Unable to assess due to
							national av	/erage.		lack of more recent data.
Construction and Demolition	No loc:	al figure av	ailahle	No loca	al figure ava	ailable	Assumed	80-90% in li	ne with	Unable to assess due to
		a ngure av			a ngure av		national av			lack of more recent
							induoridi di	olugoi		data.
Recovery		tonnes	(%)		tonnes	(%)		tonnes	(%)	
Municipal (LACW)	2012/13:	63,418	(16.22)	2012/13:	76,704	(51.84)	2012/13:	140,122	(26.00)	The tonnage and
	2013/14:	65,663	(16.63)	2013/14:	83,157	(54.45)	2013/14:	148,820	(27.17)	proportion of municipal
	2014/15:	66,716	(16.71)	2014/15:	84,242	(53.82)	2014/15:	150,958	(27.16)	waste recovered has
										increased slightly across
										the plan area over last 3
Commercial & Industrial	No loo	al figure ava	ailahle	No locr	al figure ava	ailahla	Nolo	cal figure av	vailable	years. Unable to assess
Construction and Demolition								sai nyure av		
Landfill		tonnes	(%)		tonnes	(%)		tonnes	(%)	
Municipal (LACW)	2012/13:	152,795	(39.09)	2012/13:	19,847	(13.41)	2012/13:	172,642	(32.04)	The tonnage and
	2013/14:	149,041	(37.74)	2013/14:	15,021	(9.83)	2013/14:	164,062	(29.96)	proportion of municipal
	2014/15:	115,341	(28.88)	2014/15:	14,632	(9.35)	2014/15:	129,973	(23.38)	waste disposed of to
			. ,					·	· /	landfill has fallen

				significantly over last 3 years.
Commercial & Industrial	No local figure available	No local figure available	No local figure available	Unable to assess
Construction and Demolition	No local figure available	No local figure available	No local figure available	Unable to assess

* Figure is estimated based on national survey data and does not represent actual recorded waste arisings



Appendix C – Waste planning applications determinations

The information shown here sets out waste management facility planning applications determined by Nottinghamshire County Council between 1 April 2014 – 31 March 2015 (excluding non-material amendments)

Table C.1: Waste planning applications determinations

Applicant	Proposal	Combined Facility	Recycling	Composting	Energy Recovery	Transfer	Waste Water Treatment	Disposal Other (details in Proposal)	Additional capacity	Location	Within any defined 'broad area' (Plan 4)	Within Disposal shortfall Area (Plan 4)	Site type	Land categorisation	Size in terms of WCS	Non-road transport	Unacceptable environmental impacts	Climate change impacts	New / innovative technology or best practice	WCS12 criteria	Ref	Decision
Biffa Waste Services Limited	Regularise the use of a bay for the storage of baled dry mixed recyclate and/or wood waste and to amend the approved site layout plan.					x			N/A	Private Road 2, Colwick Industrial Estate	N'ham		Existing site		Large	None	None	None	None	n/a	F/3035	Granted 16/07/14
Bio Dynamic (UK) Ltd	Amend processing capacity of site to 150,000 tpa (from 49,000tpa), install additional CHP Engine and minor site modifications. (anaerobic digestion).				x				101,000tpa	Private Road 4, Colwick Industrial Estate	N'ham		Existing site		Large	None	None	None	None	n/a	F/3193	Granted 25/03/15
British Gypsum	Vary condition to extend the timetable for the completing the restoration and aftercare planting until March 2016.							X X	N/A	Staple Quarry, Grange Lane, Balderton		No	Existing site (restoration of mineral working)			None	None	None	None	n/a	V/3051	Granted 23/07/14
EDF Energy (Cottam Power) Limited	The operation of an ash processing plant and associated infrastructure. (Movement of existing operations closer to power station/ increase processing capacity by 50% - to 150,000tpa).		x						75,000tpa	Cottam Power Station, Outgang Lane			Existing ash recycling/ disposal site, associated with power station.			None	None	None	None	n/a	F/3098	Granted 22/09/14
EDF Energy (West Burton Power) Limited	Variation of Conditions to amend details of restoration and aftercare proposals (Variations to the restoration scheme for an existing ash disposal operation).							x x	N/A	West Burton Power Station, Near Retford			Existing ash disposal site, associated with power station.			None	None	None	None	n/a	V/2971	Granted 01/08/14

EDF Energy (West Burton Power) Limited	Creation of an additional long-term soils storage stockpile area to store soil transported from Bole Ings Ash Disposal Site within the West Burton Power Station (Temporary soil			X X	N/A	West Burton Power Station, Near Retford			Existing ash disposal site, associated with power station.			None	None	None	None	n/a	F/2975	Granted 22/08/14
	stockpiles to facilitate restoration of adjacent																	
FCC Environment	ash disposal site). Two leachate storage tanks			X X	N/A	Staple Quarry, Grange		No	Existing site			None	None	None	None	n/a	F/2997	Granted 15/05/14
	(Operational facilities associated with landfill).					Lane, Cotham												
FCC Recycling (UK) Ltd	Variation of conditions to permit the importation of additional soils to complete restoration works and retention of site infrastructure			x x	N/A	Bilsthorpe Landfill, Brailswood Road, Bilsthorpe		No	Existing site			None	None	None	None	n/a	V/3143	Granted 23/12/14
	(Variation of restoration conditions for filled landfill).																	
Glen Barry Metals Ltd	Proposed extension to the end of life vehicle depollution and dismantling operations to allow dismantling, depollution and storage of end of life vehicles.	x			N/A	Langar North Trading Estate, Harby Road, Langar	No		Extension of existing site	Employment land	Small*	None	None	None	None	n/a	F/3032	Granted 16/07/14
	*(N.B Committee report incorrectly identifies the site as 'large' when judged by capacity)																	
Lafarge Tarmac Ltd	Variation of conditions to extend the timescale for sand extraction and landfill.			X X	Loss of approx 710,000 m ³	Carlton Forest Quarry, Blyth Road, Worksop		No	Existing site (restoration of mineral extraction)			-	-	-	-	-	V/2966	Granted 31/07/14
	(Removes the landfilling element of the proposal – loss of landfill capacity)																	
MBA Polymers UK	Installation of an additional building and operational elements. Variation of Condition to allow for the periodic external storage of raw material. Retrospective permission for other buildings and operational elements.	 x			N/A	MBA Polymers UK Limited, Sandy Lane, Worksop	Worksop		Existing site		Large	None	None	None	None	n/a	F/2942	Granted 30/01/15

Mr John Brooke	Two applications:	x	x	x			x	N/A	Broughton Grange,	No	Extension to existing	Open countryside	Small/ Medium	None	None	None	None	n/a	F/3015 and	Granted 19/06/14
	Resubmission of flood compensation scheme and resubmission of								Fosse Way, Widmerpool		site on land classified as open								F/2944	
	application to create										countryside									
	yard area for waste										,,									
	wood storage and																			
	erect screening bund.																			
	(Wider site includes permission for wood																			
	recycling , composting																			
	and biomass plant –																			
Mr Philip Stern	see ES/2872) Retrospective planning	х						N/A	Autosolution	N'ham	Existing		Small	None	None	None	None	n/a	F/3164	Granted
F	application for the								Bessell		site (in the									13/01/15
	erection of 2 storage								Lane,		Green Belt)									
	containers and a building enclosure.								Stapleford											
North Midland	3 GRP kiosks to be					x		N/A	Sewage	No	Existing			None	None	None	None	n/a	F/3099	Granted
Construction Plc	installed as part of a								Treatment		site									09/10/15
	programme of works to								Works, Moor											
	upgrade sewage treatment works.								Lane, Aslockton											
Severn Trent	The construction of a					x		N/A	Cator Lane,	N'ham	Existing			None	None	None	None	n/a	F/3128	Granted
Water Limited	GRP kiosk to house a								Chilwell		site									31/10/14
	pumping station draw off point.								East, Nottingham											
Severn Trent	Erection of one kiosk					x		N/A	Sewage	No	Existing			None	None	None	None	n/a	F/3125	Granted
Water Limited	and associated								Pumping		site									05/02/15
	installation of new								Station,		\square									
	fencing and gates following the lawful								Cogley Lane,											
	demolition of the								Bingham											
	existing building. (Plus																			
	installation of a swing																			
	jib under permitted development rights).																			
Severn Trent	Change in land use to					x			Land	Retford	New site	Previously	Small	None	None	None	None	n/a	F/3091	Granted
Water Ltd	a sewage pumping								adjacent to			developed								22/08/14
	station and the provision of associated						N.		Welham Grove,			land								
	above ground								Retford											
<u> </u>	structures.																			
Stellar Energy Limited	Erection of 2 new Industrial Buildings and	Х	х	х				36,000tpa	The Sawmill, Fosse Way,	No	Extension to existing	Open countryside	Small	None	None	None	None	n/a	ES/2872	Granted 05/02/15
Limited	installation of 7MW								Widmerpool		site	countryside								05/02/15
	(approximate) Wood																			
	Fuelled Renewable																			
Veolia ES	Energy Biomass Plant. Development of a				x			65,000tpa	Dukeries	Worksop	New site	Employment	Medium	None	None	None	None	n/2	F/2969	Granted
(Nottinghamshire)	recyclates bulking and			ľ	^			05,000lpa	House,	worksop	New Sile	land /	/Large	None	None	None	None	11/a	F/2909	18/06/14
Ltd	waste transfer station								Claylands			previously	0							
	with associated								Avenue,			developed								
	infrastructure, site								Worksop			land								
	access improvements, landscaping and																			
	ancillary infrastructure																			
	including the																			
	demolition of existing																			
	building.																			

Veolia ES Nottinghamshire Ltd	Replacement site office and welfare cabin.	x				N/A	Hucknall Household Waste Recycling Facility, Wigwam Lane, Hucknall	N'ham		Existing site		Small/ Medium	None	None	None	None	n/a	F/3110	Granted 04/09/14
TEG Environmental Limited	Extend area of the site to include additional storage area to be used exclusively for the storage of PAS100 end product compost.	x			x	N/A	Oxton Grange, Ollerton Road, Oxton	No		Extension of existing site	Green Belt	Small/ Medium	None	None	None	None	n/a	F/2981	Granted 21/05/14
Mr & Mrs JB Cutts	Use of derelict sandstone cutting for the disposal of inert waste material.				x	210,000 tonnes / 86,000 m ³	Land adjacent to Shenton Lodge, Derby Road, Kirkby in Ashfield		Yes	New site on greenfield land	Green Belt		None	Yes – ecology (sites is a Local Wildlife Site)	None	None	n/a	F/3080	Refused 21/01/15
JC Skip Hire	Change of use to storage for waste, skip containers and vehicles	x				5,000tpa	Land to rear of Bar Lane Motor Company, Palm Street, fronting Rye Street, Nottingham	N'ham		New site (change of use)	Employment land	Small	None	None	None	None	n/a	14/00559/ PFUL3	Granted 25/04/14
Mr Marius Mogila	Change of use from B2 use to recycling of catalytic converters, storage of copper wiring and electronic waste prior to shipment	x					28 Gibbons Street, Nottingham	N'ham		New site (change of use)	Employment land	Small	None	None	None	None	n/a	14/01498/ PFUL3	Granted 14/08/14
Waste2Clear	Use as waste management and recycling facility			x		5,000tpa	Unit W, Slaughter House, County Road, Nottingham	N'ham		New site (change of use)	Employment land	Small	None	None	None	None	n/a	15/00116/ PFUL3	Granted 26/03/15
Parts Ltd	Change of use from car servicing to car breaking/recycling	x					61A Church Street, Old Basford, Nottingham City	N'ham		New site (change of use)	Employment land	Small	None	None	None	None	n/a	14/01852/ PFUL3	Granted 01/10/14
Chinook Sciences Ltd	Energy from Waste, manufacturing, research and development facility and associated offices.		x			130,000tpa	Former Blenheim Gardens Allotments	N'ham		Existing site	Employment land	Large	None	None	None	None	a) c)	13/03051/ PMFUL3	Granted 02/07/14

Notes:

Broad areas - as per WCS4 and illustrated on Plan 4: Key Diagram). Will state Nottingham, Mansfield/Ashfield, Newark, Retford or Worksop.

Land categorisation - as per WCS7. Will state Community site, Employment land, Derelict land/other previously developed land, Open countryside/agricultural land or Green Belt for any new sites/extensions that involve new land. Site type

- For disposal sites, as per WCS5 (is the site is an extension to an existing site, restoration/reworking of colliery/mineral working/man-made void/derelict land, or a greenfield site)

- For ash disposal sites, as per WCS6 (is the proposal a temporary stockpile for future recycling, on land adjacent to a power station, is reclamation of mineral workings/other derelict void, or a landraise scheme)

- For all sites, is it an existing site/extension to existing site or a new site

Non-road transport, unacceptable environmental and climate change impacts, new/innovative technology or best practice and WCS12 criteria - to be established from Officer Committee/Delegated Report (including consultee comments, officer observations and proposal description sections as relevant). WCS12 criteria met are listed as a), b), c) as set out in the policy. WCS12 criteria - only applicable to developments servicing non-local markets.

Table C.2: Waste planning applications outside the monitoring period

The information shown here sets out significant waste management facility planning applications not yet determined or received outside the monitoring period for information only.

Applicant	Proposal	Combined Facility	Recycling	Composting	Energy Recovery	L	Waste Water Treatment	Disposal	Other (details in	Additional capacity	Location	Within any defined 'broad area' (Plan 4)	Within Disposal shortfall Area (Plan 4)	Site type	Land categorisation	Size in terms of WCS	Non-road transport	Unacceptable environmental impacts	Climate change impacts	New / innovative technology or best practice	WCS12 criteria	Ref	Decision
Peel Environmental	Proposed development of the Bilsthorpe Energy Centre (BEC) to manage unprocessed and pre- treated waste by construction and operation of a Plasma Gasification Facility, Materials Recovery Facility and Energy Generation Infrastructure	x			x					120,000tpa	Bilsthorpe Business Park, Off Eakring Road, Bilsthorpe	No		New site	Employment land	Large	None	None	None	None	a) b)	ES/2950	Resolved to grant 18/11/15 Called in by Secretary of State 19/12/20 15 – awaiting decision