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NHS

Bassetlaw









Bassetlaw Primary Care Homes

NHS **Nottinghamshire Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust**



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Introduction

This Bassetlaw Place Plan sets out how partners will work together to **deliver improvement in experiences**, health and wellbeing for Bassetlaw citizens by 2021, through simpler, integrated, responsive and well understood services. The Plan describes how we will achieve this ambition through a programme of priority work streams to ensure we are better in Bassetlaw:



Integrated support for the wellbeing of Bassetlaw citizens, including community-based, person-centred approaches, encompassing welfare, housing, social activities, employment and health support



Providing the right support at the right time, through integrated health and care pathways in community and acute settings

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Joined-up communications and engagement, using shared approaches and putting Bassetlaw people at the heart of service design



Joint Transport strategy, to better understand community needs, make best use of collective resources and improve efficiency and experience.



Sustainable and effective services, enabled by an integrated workforce, digital and estates infrastructure and making the best use of the Bassetlaw \pounds .

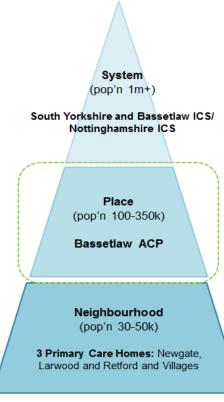
This plan describes the Integrated Care Partnership, how it will use a population management approach, and a collaborative partnership approach to engagement of partners and the public to inform detailed plans. It then describes what the partnership will do, and its measures of success.



Catherine Barn

Director of BCVS, and Chair of Bassetlaw Accountable Care Partnership

This Bassetlaw Place Plan is the document which sets out the vision for the Bassetlaw Integrated Care Partnership (ICP). The ICP will deliver improvement in experiences, health and wellbeing for Bassetlaw citizens by 2021, through simpler, integrated, responsive and well understood services which ensure people get the right support at the right time. This will support local people to stay well in their own homes and communities.



Health improvement populations

The ICP in Bassetlaw is a partnership of chief executives and senior leaders from BCVS, Bassetlaw District Council, Bassetlaw NHS CCG, Doncaster and Bassetlaw Hospitals NHS Trust, Nottinghamshire County Council, Nottinghamshire Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust and three Primary Care Homes.

Underpinned by a memorandum of understanding, through the ICP the partners support the district's three Primary Care Homes, supporting developments and strategy best delivered at place level, for all Bassetlaw's 116,000 residents. Primary Care Homes seek to link staff from general practice, community-based services, hospitals, mental health services, social care and voluntary organisations to deliver joined-up care for populations of approximately 30,000-50,000. In Bassetlaw, there are 3 Primary Care Networks (also known as Primary Care Homes):

- Retford and Villages;
- Newgate;
- Larwood and Bawtry.

The ICP also locates place-based developments within the South Yorkshire and Bassetlaw shadow Integrated Care System (sICS) which brings together the partners that plan and deliver health and care services from across Bassetlaw, Doncaster, Rotherham, Barnsley and Sheffield, and the Nottinghamshire Sustainability and Transformation Partnership. This Place Plan sets out the strategic direction for the ICP in Bassetlaw, and focuses on priorities most appropriately led at place level.

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Bassetlaw takes a population health improvement approach which involves three interdependent pillars:

- Infrastructure: the structure of the Bassetlaw Integrated • Care Partnership (ICP), described on page 9), and a collaborative partnership approach (see page 14) ensures that partners are involved, and support and challenge each other, in all elements of population health improvement;
- Intelligence: Partners collate their insights and data at place and primary care home levels, and by population, to form a collective understanding of the needs of Bassetlaw people;
- Interventions: Interventions are planned and analysed using a population segmentation approach.

Population needs



Alcohol-related hospital admissions are above the national average, particularly for women



9% of reception year children (and 20.6% of year 6 children) locally are classified as obese



No. of patients living with dementia expected to increase by 20% between 2015-21: dementia is the leading cause of death in women nationally



Bassetlaw has higher incident rates of depression, hypertension, obesity, dementia, CKD compared with regional or national rates



33% of Bassetlaw population have at least 1 long term condition - 13% have at least 3



Smoking prevalence in Bassetlaw above 20% compared to the national average of 18.4%



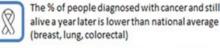
In young people mental health problems (e.g. depression, anxiety) and substance misuse now account for 1/3rd all ill health

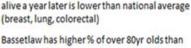


Bassetlaw life expectancy is below regional and national average for both men and women



Nationally, number of people with diabetes expected to increase by 1 million to 5 million by 2035 - Bassetlaw has a high incidence of recorded diabetes





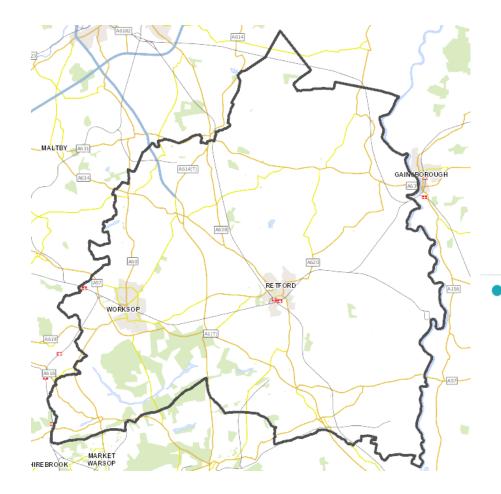
footprint average: nationally, people can on average expect to live to about 63yrs in good health

Population segmentation tool template

	Generally well/good wellbeing	LTCs/ social needs	Complex LTCs/ social needs/ disability
Children and young	We know:	We know:	We know:
people	We do:	We do:	We do:
Working	We know:	We know:	We know:
age adults	We do:	We do:	We do:
Older	We know:	We know:	We know:
people	We do:	We do:	We do:

Prevention priorities Childhood Childhood obesity Smoking Emotional Smoking Alcohol resilience misuse Cancer Alcohol survival misuse Emotional resilience & Rural Suicide suicide isolation prevention prevention Falls in older Cancer people detection

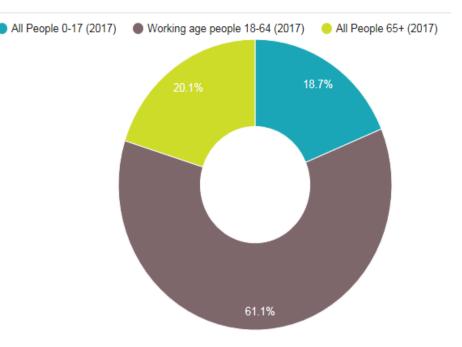
About Bassetlaw



Bassetlaw is located as the northernmost district in the county of Nottinghamshire. Median earnings for Bassetlaw people are lower than for the wider county, at £458.70 a week, compared to £494.90 for Nottinghamshire.

With a population of approximately 116,300, Bassetlaw has a higher birth rate than the average for the county (63.9 per 1000 women, compared to 51.6).

Crime rates and educational achievement are comparable to the wider county, however there are a higher proportion of people living with a long term limiting condition (21.8% compared to 20.32%), and in social rented accommodation (12.9% compared to 9.3%) than in the rest of Nottinghamshire.



Bassetlaw citizens benefit from excellent primary care services, a vibrant voluntary and community sector, 'good' children's services and schools and an established social prescribing offer. Local people have on average a higher happiness score, and for feeling satisfied with life than either the East Midlands or national average (ONS 2012-2015).

However, Bassetlaw people experience lower life expectancy than for people in the wider East Midlands (78.8 compared to 79.3 for males, and 81.8 compared to 82.9 for females). The numbers of people who view their own health as 'very bad' is high. Incidence of excess weight in Bassetlaw children is too high, with almost 9% of reception year children (and 20.6% of year 6 children) locally are classified as obese.

Compared to other areas, emergency admissions are high. National data identified that 2-16% of all older people experience regular loneliness which increases to approximately 50% in the over 80s – with a large elderly population and many rural communities, rural and social isolation and loneliness is a concern in Bassetlaw. Smoking prevalence in Bassetlaw is estimated to be above 20% (measured as 22.5% in 2013) compared to the national average of 18.4% [ACP, 2017]. Alcoholrelated hospital admissions in Bassetlaw are above the national average. The percentage of people diagnosed with any form of cancer who are still alive a year later is also low (67.9% compared to 69.6% nationally).

There are also significant inequalities within the district. For example, life expectancy for a female born in Worksop South East ward (77.4 years) is almost 9 years less than for a female born in East Markham ward (86.3 years). Over 48% of households Sutton are economically inactive, compared to 24% in Worksop North ward, and 12.7% of people in Sutton have their day to day activities limited by long term health conditions, compared to only 8.6% in East Retford West ward.

The local population is increasing, nationally demand and expectations of health and care services are rising whilst there is a reduced financial envelope for public services. Much has been achieved in Bassetlaw but there is more to do.





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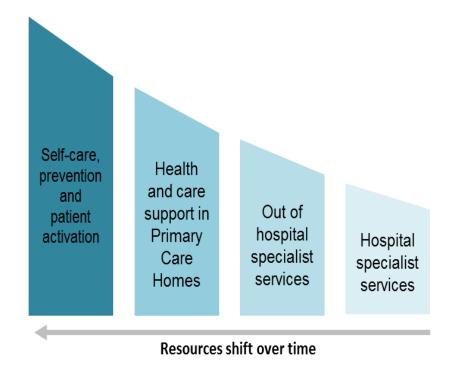
Bassetlaw integration journey began in 2013 when partners began working together, sharing strategic plans, service priorities and cross-sector programs through the Bassetlaw Integrated Care Board. In 2015, the NHS Five Year Forward View in 2015 then set a clear vision for the NHS, underpinned by strong collaboration across health and care systems and the necessity to develop new models of care. Bassetlaw responded to this through the establishment of social prescribing, three primary care networks and a range of integration initiatives, followed by the creation of the Accountable Care Partnership Board in 2016. The joint commitment, aligned plans and clear vision has successfully driven forward a number of service improvements that have improved outcomes and experience for local. These include:

- Innovation through primary care networks, including pharmacy in care networks, teenage counselling and engagement with schools;
- Integrated community health and social care teams aligned to primary care networks;
- Further integration of hospital discharge teams to include community services, and covering weekends;
- Development of interoperable information sharing systems between Bassetlaw Hospital and social care.

However, there remains more to do, and new challenges are emerging. The Bassetlaw population is projected to increase by just over 2% to 2021. Population growth in the over 65's is an estimated 10.6% between 2016 and 2021. The number of people over 65 with living with dementia is anticipated to increase by 20% between 2015 and 2021. The number of patients with a long term limiting illness is projected to increase by 20.8% between 2015 and 2025. DRAFT v8 NC 13 12 18

All statutory partners within Bassetlaw, including the CCG, County and District Councils, and the community acute NHS providers are subject to finite financial envelopes with which to respond to increase in expected demand for health and care services

Our collective challenge is to identify how we work differently and better together so that Bassetlaw people get the right support at the right time, so that we improve health and wellbeing, and make best possible use of the Bassetlaw £.



The ICP priorities are those identified by Bassetlaw partners as those where by working across NHS, local government and voluntary sectors and beyond, the greatest impact on the ambitions for healthy individuals families and communities can be achieved, that would not be possible without such collaboration. This will realise the vision for the Bassetlaw place, to deliver improvement in experiences, health and wellbeing for Bassetlaw citizens by 2021, through simpler, integrated, responsive and well understood services which ensure people get the right support at the right time. Using the lived experience of Bassetlaw people, partners are working together on shared projects and initiatives on the following priorities:

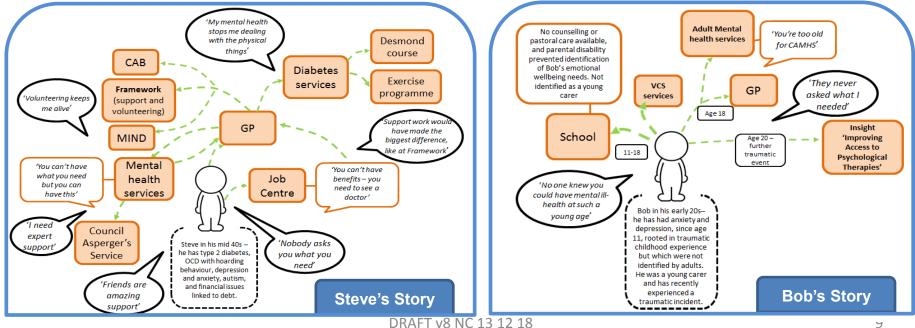
•Integrated support for the wellbeing of Bassetlaw citizens, including community-based, person-centred approaches, encompassing welfare, housing, social activities, employment and health support

•Providing the right support at the right time, through integrated health and care pathways

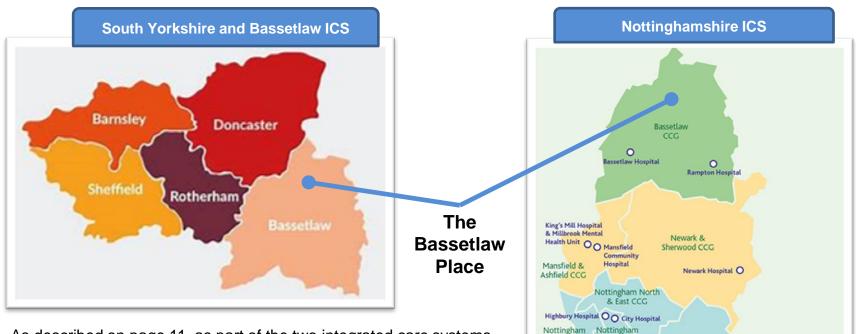
•Joined-up communications and engagement, using shared approaches and putting Bassetlaw people at the heart of service design

•Joint Transport strategy, to better understand community needs, make best use of collective resources and improve efficiency and experience

•Sustainable and effective services enabled by an integrated workforce, digital and estates infrastructure and making the best use of the Bassetlaw £.



Bassetlaw's unique geography means that it spans two Integrated Care System footprints – South Yorkshire and Bassetlaw, and Nottinghamshire.



City CCG

O Ropewalk House

Rushcliffe

O Lings Bar Hospital

West CCG

and Treatment Centre

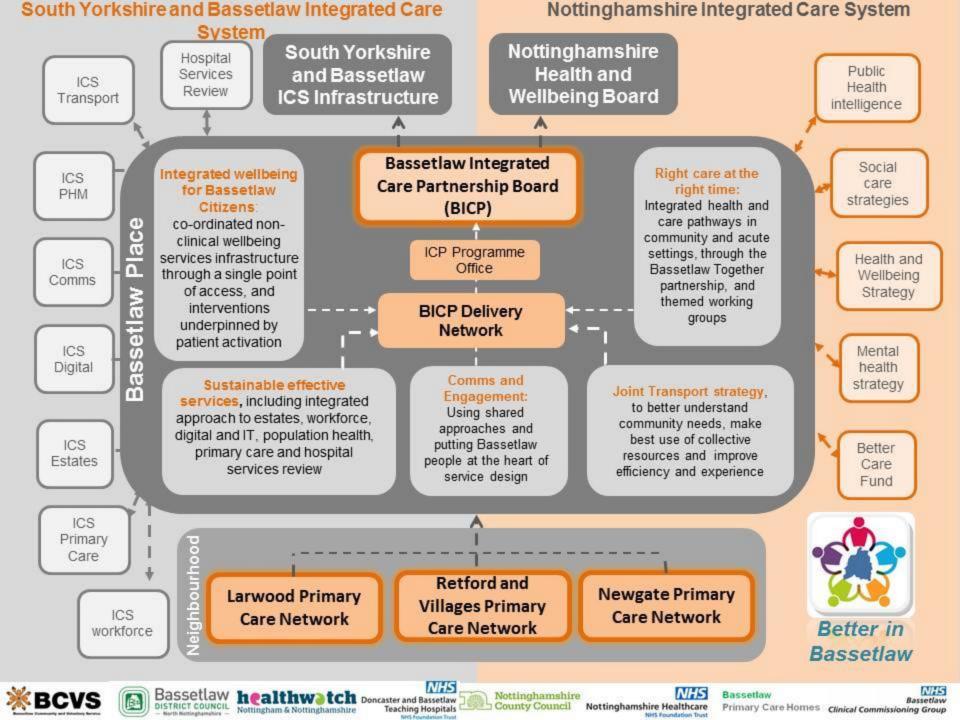
Queen's Medical Centre O

As described on page 11, as part of the two integrated care systems, and working with its three primary care networks, the Bassetlaw place has identifies the priorities that will support delivery of the ICP's strategic objectives which are:

- To reduce health and wellbeing inequalities;
- · To improve health and wellbeing outcomes;
- · Secure sustainable and effective services, and;
- To support independence and people's personal goals.

South Yorkshire & Bassetlaw

Mid Notts
Greater Nottingham



Reducing health and wellbeing inequalities

To reduce health and wellbeing inequalities Bassetlaw's primary care networks and all ICP partners will:

- Enable integrated service delivery, targeted in areas of highest need, ensuring all partners are trained and skilled in supporting those hardest to engage, and with the poorest outcomes;
- Target support with self-care/ patient activation with segments of the population with the poorest health and wellbeing;
- Reduce disadvantages faced by rural communities, particularly those experiencing economic deprivation, housing issues and poor transport links, to improve equality of access to services through transport initiatives;
- Identify communities and individuals where loneliness and isolation is a particular factor, and targeting of schemes and interventions;
- Support and enable engagement and communications with target populations and communities, to ensure health and care services and messages are responsive to the needs of Bassetlaw people most likely to experience poor health, using an integrated approach;
- Deliver themed summits related to local inequality issues, such as rural isolation and transport;
- Identify and implement opportunities to use digital solutions to improve access and engagement with prevention, early intervention and other health and care services, in particular for communities most likely to experience poor health, including with children.
- Enable employment initiatives which support people into work to tackle disadvantages caused by worklessness to individuals and communities;
- Design public spaces and buildings which meet the needs of different communities, and which encourage healthy behaviours.

Indicators of success

The standard for deat respirator disease b worst per

The gap in under 75 standardised mortality ratios for deaths from circulatory, respiratory and coronary heart disease between the best and worst performing wards closes



The percentage of children living in out of work families, and childhood obesity, reduces



More people with long term conditions are supported back in to work

The number of 'healthy options takeaways' in target communities increases;

Indicators of success







The number of people participating in sport and physical activity increases

More people benefitting from person-centred care, using patient activation measures

Improved cancer waits and survival

Fewer suicides, and better mental ill-health prevention

To improve the health and wellbeing Bassetlaw's primary care networks and all ICP partners will:

- Enable local, accessible integrated health and care services which provide the right support at the right time
- Create a shared workforce strategy approach and practice model, underpinned by person-centred care and patient activation;
- Support better self-care and emotional resilience so that risky health behaviours are reduced across the life course
- Improve access to services through transport initiatives, targeted at communities with poor health outcomes and transport links
- Reduce the impact of loneliness on poor mental and physical health through increasing social capital and contact for the most isolated, including through social prescribing
- Communicate the shared service offer and developments across partners so all services and practitioners are aware of the spectrum of services available, and people use the most appropriate service for their needs, including social prescribing and non-clinical sources of support.
- Enable engagement with the public that shapes commissioning and design of health and care services.
- Commission creatively to manage demand, including for crisis, emergency and intermediate care.
- Developing interoperable recording systems to support all agencies to give the right support at the right time with the right information to inform effective decision making.
- Enabling Bassetlaw people to have access to information and support where they are, such as via online services.

To enable sustainable and effective services the ICP will:

- Understand how the Bassetlaw £ is spent, and plan for future services better together;
- Link effectively to the ICS, and influence transformation approaches in the best interests of Bassetlaw;
- Enable integrated delivery, provision and commissioning of services which reduce duplication and increase efficiency, by optimising the sharing of functions, people and resources;
- Reduce preventable demand for health services in the medium to longer term through early intervention and patient activation;
- Ensure there is value for money by focusing on return on investment in high quality, early intervention and prevention services;
- Support more cost effective, sustainable and fair transport availability in communities;
- Secure a sufficient workforce, with a diverse skill mix that offers best value for the Bassetlaw £, and high quality services.
- Enable engagement with the public that shapes commissioning and design of health and care services that are responsive to local needs.
- Reduce administrative burden, inefficiency and preventable hospital stays caused by insufficient interoperability and lack of shared care records
- Make best use of public buildings, reducing duplication, and sharing resources
- Improved wellbeing at work offer across partners and through local employers
- Increased joint commissioning across local government and health sectors.
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Indicators of success



More efficient workforce, with improved staff experience and better recruitment and retention



The rise in Accident and Emergency attendances is reduced



Better community and partner engagement



Reduced prescribing spend in primary care homes

Indicators of success



Fewer falls and hip fractures



Low levels of delayed transfer of care from hospital, with people receiving personalised support to remain independent





Fewer people admitted to adult social care services

More people receiving personal budgets To people to stay well and independent for longer, Bassetlaw's primary care networks and all ICP partners will:

- Enable local, accessible integrated health and care services which provide the right support at the right time, to prevent escalation of needs and early intervention where support is required
- Supporting better self-care and emotional resilience so that more challenging health and care issues are delayed or prevented, enabling people to live well for longer.
- Reduce delayed transfers of care, and ensure appropriate support packages are in place to prevent re-admission;
- Reduce the demand burden on health and care services from loneliness and isolation through increasing social capital and contact for the most isolated
- Ensuring the workforce is trained and skilled in prevention and early intervention, including patient activation, to support people to stay well at home for longer
- Identifying and implementing opportunities to use digital solutions to improve access and engagement with prevention, early intervention and other health and care services, in particular for communities most likely to experience poor health.
- Work together to address housing issues, and prevent falls
- Increase the use of personal budgets;
- Embed person-centred care as an approach across partners
- Develop effective intermediate care provision
- Working jointly to optimise the potential of investments via the Better Care Fund.

The ICP has endorsed the use of a collaborative partnership model, developed by one of its partners, Nottinghamshire Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust, working with the King's Fund. The model sets out our ambition to work collaboratively with our communities, our staff and our partners to develop and change services. It outlines the principles and processes so we can work successfully together. We will use all our skills, knowledge, experience and learning to develop the best services possible within the finances available. The model sets out the principles for partnership working in Bassetlaw.



The partnership will:

- Listen to and understand others' views and agendas
- Build mutual trust and respect
- Work in a way that emphasises dialogue rather than debate
- Think, talk, plan and reflect together
- Be open, honest and clear on the scope and purpose of the service change and what people can influence and how and by whom and by when decisions will be made.
- Make communications simple, accessible and inclusive
- Ensure the partnership will actively listen to the views of the communities we serve and represent those voices in its decision making

Better in Bassetlaw: The Bassetlaw Place Plan

Authorised by: [To follow]

For more information, visit:

http://www.bassetlawccg.nhs.uk/abo ut-us/accountable-care-partnership



Nottinghamshire Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust





Doncaster and Bassetlaw Teaching Hospitals



Bassetlaw Clinical Commissioning Group

Bassetlaw

Primary Care Homes