Redefining Your Council – Adult and Health Portfolio Q2 to September 2016

	Adult Social Care Strategy & market development –	preventing & reducing care needs by promoting independence	
Duran	Integration with health – implementing joined-up worki		
Progs.	Public Health Outcomes – working with key stakeholde	•	
	• Care Act Implementation – implementing the changes	•	
	Direct Services Provision – developing different ways	•	
	• Promoting independence and preventing, reducing and delaying the need for care and support (including providing information and		
Benefits	advice to encourage people to look after themselves and	,	
to be	 Better and more joined-up working with partners (e.g. he 		
delivered	 More efficient, flexible and mobile staff by using technologies 	bgy to maximise staff time and help manage demand	
	 Providing services that are creative, sustainable, value for money and legally compliant 		
	Key achievements in last 3 months	Expected delivery over next 3 months	
 Developm 	nent of Nottinghamshire's Sustainability and Transformation	• Submission of STP and embedding of the promoting independence and	
Plan (ST	P). The STP sets out how public sector organisations will	self-care approach in the STP Workstreams.	
work together over the next five years to close current gaps in Health • Training for Managers on how to use the new support plan to be rolled or			
and Wellbeing, Care and Quality and Finances. with additional training for staff due in early 2017.			
• The support plan, the tool used to plan the care and support required • Training for frontline staff on risk assessments to ensure people are			
by individuals, has been re-developed to improve support planning supported to live independently and allowed to take risks while being			
with service users. It is outcomes based and looks for opportunities to protected from significant harm.			
maximise people's independence. The process has been co- • Start work on the progression model, which identifies opportunitie			
produced with service users, carers and staff. people with a learning disability to progress towards a greater degree o			
• A new community independence worker role has been designed to independence.			
•	kimise people's independence by linking them to support	• A review of the Ways of Working programme will be undertaken to look at	
	in their local community. Recruitment to these posts will	where greater benefits can be achieved and what else can be done to	
•	e shortly so that this work can progress further.	help people work more effectively. This will include opportunities to	
	• Ways have been identified to further improve working practice in expand the scheduling of appointments, greater use of mobile devices in		
	Disability services. This includes establishing a team of	different settings and work to ensure that an enquiry is resolved at the	
	g Independence Workers who will work directly with	earliest opportunity for individuals.	
	s to help them improve their independent living skills and to	• A trial of the Three Tier model to test out benefits. This model looks at	
	e community independently.	having three conversations with people when they first enquire about care	
	ity has increased by 13% in older adults services through	and support. The first conversation is around how we can help people to	
	of new ways of working. These include: staff being able to	help themselves, the second is how we can help people for only as long	
	a more mobile way by using tablets; the scheduling of	as they need it and then a third conversation about ongoing support that is	
	ents for individuals earlier in the customer pathway; the	needed and how independence can be maximised.	
	I use of social care clinics and the introduction of a hub	• Greater Nottingham Health and Care system will have an agreed joint	
working n	nodel that means that different pieces of work are completed	missions / values statements and performance measures for the	

Key risks to delivery	 Managing demand for services when there are increasing pressures from rising demographics and increased responsibilities from legislation. Maintaining service quality as much as possible in the face of falling budgets and the continued need to find savings. Maintaining care provision in the face of increased costs and problems with staff recruitment and retention. Enabling alternatives to paid support through the development of community based support in order to reduce demand. Assessing impacts and ensuring that local adoption of nationally proposed health models support the Adult Social Care strategy and do not increase demand for social care services.
-----------------------------	--