

# **Guidance on Equality Monitoring**

# 1. Why should I carry out equality monitoring?

- ✓ It helps us to identify and assess any disadvantage associated with protected characteristics (see list below) and plan improvements to our policies and services. Without monitoring, it is hard to know whether policies and services are being delivered fairly or meeting the diverse needs people have.
- It helps us check that any consultation exercise has reached a representative section of the community so that all views are fairly represented.
- ✓ It helps the Council demonstrate it is complying with its Public Sector Equality Duty to prevent discrimination, promote equality of opportunity and foster good relations between people with protected characteristics and those who do not.

## 2. Do I need to monitor all the protected characteristics?

The Public Sector Equality Duty requires us to demonstrate that we have given due regard to the needs of people with protected characteristics. These are:

- Age
- Disability
- Gender Reassignment (Transgender)
- Pregnancy and Maternity
- Race
- Religion or Belief
- Sex (Gender)
- Sexual Orientation

#### Officers should adopt a common-sense attitude, assess their particular service area and monitor those protected characteristics that are appropriate to deliver their service fairly.

If you are organising a consultation exercise, consider whether your proposal is likely to have an impact on people with specific protected characteristics for example,

- If your consultation is about schools catering, it might be important to monitor respondents by religion so that you can understand different dietary needs.
- If your consultation is about changes to parking in a town centre, it might be important to monitor respondents by age and disability to understand issues about accessibility.
- If you are consulting the population of Nottinghamshire on general satisfaction of our services, it might be appropriate to monitor respondents by several protected characteristics including gender, age, disability and ethnic groups to check that you are reaching all sections of the community.

## 3. How should I ask people for their equality data?

Assuming that you have considered the reasons why you are doing equality monitoring and know what you will do with the information once you have collected it, you now need to consider what questions you want to ask.

Wherever possible, ask equality questions in the main part of the questionnaire so that the customer can see their relevance to the subject matter, for example when consulting on changes to passenger transport, questions about age and disability were put into the main body of the form to find out information relating to mobility and access and did not ask separate equality monitoring questions at the end.

Sometimes however it is appropriate to ask equality monitoring questions at the end of the consultation form and in these circumstances, you could use the following statement to explain why you are asking for the information:

"The Council is committed to delivering its services fairly. So that we can check that what we are providing is fair and effective, we would be grateful if you could answer the questions below. The more information you provide in this section, the more we can learn about customers' views of our services."

Let the whole process be optional but in the questions, do not give the 'prefer not to say' option – if people don't want to answer, they won't. Particularly do not give the opt out to some categories and not others as this implies that these categories are different or of lesser importance or we don't mind if you don't answer this category.

If you are unable to incorporate equality questions in the main part of the questionnaire, then the following questions can be used as appropriate:

#### Age

What is your age?

Under 16	46-55	
16-25	56-65	
26-35	Over 65	
36-45		

#### Disability

Do you have a long term health problem or disability? Y/N

If yes, please specify the type of impairment(s).

Mobility	Mental Health	
Hearing	Communication	
Vision	Other (please specify)	
Learning		

#### Gender

Are you male/female? M/F

### Race

What is your ethnic origin?

White	
Black	
Asian	
Chinese	
Mixed	
Other (please specify)	

If it would be useful to know ethnic origin in more detail, you could consider the following categories:

White	British Irish Any other white background – please describe	
Mixed (duel heritage)	Black Caribbean & White Black African & White Asian & White Any other mixed background – please describe	
Asian/Asian British	Indian Pakistani Bangladeshi Chinese Any other Asian background – please describe	
Black/Black British	African Caribbean Any other Black background – please describe	
Other Ethnic groups	Gypsy Irish Traveller Any other ethnic group – please describe	

# Monitoring Religion and Belief (including non belief), Sexual Orientation and Gender Reassignment

Services may need to ask equality monitoring questions relating to religion and belief, sexual orientation and gender reassignment especially if there is a lack of data relating to these areas. To build confidence with staff and customers over monitoring in these three areas, you need to be clear about why you are asking for the information, how it will be used and be able to reassure customers that the information is kept confidential. Putting the sexual orientation questions before those on religion/belief has been shown to be more effective than after religion/belief.

## **Sexual Orientation**

Which of these statements best describes you?

I am Heterosexual/Straight	
I am a Lesbian or Gay Woman	

I am a Gay Man	
I am Bisexual	

## **Religion and Belief**

Which of these statements best describes you?

I am a Christian	I am a Sikh	
I am Hindu	I have no religion or belief	
I am Jewish	Other – please state:	
I am a Muslim		
I am a Buddhist		

## Gender Reassignment

Is your gender identity the same as the gender you were assigned at birth? Y/N

## **General Equality Monitoring Question**

If evidence or experience is telling you that your proposals to change the service will not affect people with protected characteristics any differently than people without one, then you could ask the following general question so that the public has the opportunity to raise any concerns that you might not have thought about.

"The Council is committed to delivering its services fairly and complying with the Public Sector Equality Duty. If you, or a member of your family, have a specific need which affects the way you use our services, please give details below:...."

## 4. What do I do with the information I have collected?

The aim of equality monitoring is to check that your consultation has reached a diverse audience and to reveal where services or policies might not be meeting people's needs. Therefore it is essential that the data collected is analysed and the results compared to actual targets set and any baseline data. It can then be used in day to day business to:

- Inform future service/business planning
- Provide evidence for equality impact assessments
- Demonstrate that the Council is fulfilling its legal duties to prevent discrimination and promote equality of opportunity and foster good relations.

Where monitoring raises serious concerns, it should be reported to the relevant Head of Service/Committee and, if appropriate, the Equality officers for consideration at the Council's Corporate Equality Group.

Name	Tel No	Area of Expertise
Karen Moss	0115 977 4860	Equality
Margaret Radford	0115 977 3187	Equality
Raj Sharma	0115 977 2937	Consultation

## 5. Who do I contact for help?

# 6. Frequently Asked Questions on Equality Monitoring

#### "We haven't got space on the consultation form to do equality monitoring of respondents."

The important thing to consider is why you are carrying out the consultation in the first place and what it would be useful to know. The Public Sector Equality Duty requires local authorities to find out how changes to a service or policy will affect people who have protected characteristics and to put in place measures which will minimise or eliminate any discrimination and promote equal opportunities. If you know that your proposals might affect people with particular protected characteristics then you should be collecting relevant information to inform any decisions that will be made. If you don't do this, you could be criticised for not consulting properly and not taking into account the possible effects of your proposals on people with protected characteristics. This could ultimately lead to a judicial review. Therefore if your proposals will have an impact on people with protected characteristics, you need to make room on your form to ask relevant questions and/or monitor respondents by their protected characteristics.

#### "Customers will object to being asked"

Relatively few people actually object to being asked and even fewer object if they understand why you are asking and what the information is used for.

#### "We cannot rely on the information because not enough people answered the questions"

Whilst the level of response and the numbers of people responding is important in helping to provide evidence, you can still learn a lot from analysing responses where a small number of people are involved – and this may help you to identify issues which need further investigation using other research methods – such as face to face consultation or more detailed research using focus groups or community groups to help you to reach a larger audience.

## 7. Sample Equality Monitoring Questionnaire

A sample questionnaire is attached for you to use or edit as appropriate to your needs.

#### **Equality Monitoring**

Nottinghamshire County Council is committed to treating people fairly. So that we can monitor that what we are providing is meeting people's needs and is fair and effective, we would be grateful if you could answer the following questions about yourself. Please be assured the information you give will be used for no other purpose and will remain confidential.

1. What is your age?

Under 16	46-55
16-25	56-65
26-35	Over 65
36-45	

- 2. Are you male or female? M/F
- 3. Do you have a long term health problem or disability? Y/N

If yes, please specify the type of impairment(s).

Mobility	Mental Health	
Hearing	Communication	
Vision	Other (please specify)	
Learning		

4. What is your ethnic origin?

White	
Black	
Asian	
Chinese	
Mixed	
Other (please specify)	

5. Which of these statements best describes you?

I am heterosexual/straight	
I am a lesbian or gay woman	
l am a gay man	
I am bisexual	

6. Which of these statements best describes you?

I am a Christian	I am a Sikh	
I am Hindu	I have no religion	
I am a Muslim	Other – please state:	
I am a Buddhist		