

Appendix

Workforce Profile Information 2019

Contents

Part 1 – Introduction	3
Part 2 – Executive summary	5
Part 3 – Disclosure Rates	8
Part 4 - Workforce Profile	9
4a - Profile of Nottinghamshire County Council over time	9
4b – Profile of NCC employees by grade of post	14

This report has been produced by the County Council's Human Resources team which is part of its Chief Executives department. Any additional information or queries should be directed to the email address: david.holmes@nottscc.gov.uk.

If you would like to receive this report in an alternative format or language, please contact us on the above email address.

Part 1 – Introduction

The purpose of this report is to provide an annual summary of the profile of the workforce for Nottinghamshire County Council by its protected characteristics as defined under the Equality Act 2010.

All public sector employers, including local authorities, have a statutory duty under the Equality Act (2010) to publish the equality profile data it holds for its directly employee workforce on a regular annual basis. The latest workforce information for Nottinghamshire County Council (NCC) is based on data at April 2019.

The Council's Business Management System (BMS), was introduced in December 2011, resulting in the workforce information being analysed in terms of full time equivalents (fte), whilst in previous years, it was based on headcount. Whilst this development set a new baseline for year on year performance reporting it continues to make meaningful comparison to historical data prior to 2012, very difficult.

This data underpins the Council's commitment to ensuring that its employment practices and services are free from discrimination and prejudice and fulfil the core statutory duty placed on all public sector employers, including local authorities, to:

- monitor the profile of their workforce by the protected characteristics
- publish the relevant data on a regular basis (annually)
- identify any negative trends or issues and take any necessary action to address these.

The report also analyses how this data

- compares with the community we serve
- compares with the local labour market

Comparisons of the NCC workforce against the local community (Nottinghamshire county population) and the local labour market (LLM) are also shown where meaningful comparator data is available.

Whilst it is a legal requirement to publish relevant information about the workforce, the information is also used to inform the ongoing development and delivery of the County Council's Workforce Strategy. The Council uses the Chartered Institute for Public Finance and Accounting (CIPFA) Value for Money Indicators as its standard benchmark measures. Where possible, data definitions in this report match the CIPFA definitions to ensure consistency and thereby facilitate comparisons between reports produced by the Council and other County Councils in its benchmarking group.

The most current Workforce Information Report is made available to members of the public as well as Council employees through the Council's public website.

Disclosure Rates

An analysis of disclosure rates can be found in section 3.

Data collection and definitions: as at April 2019

Topic or Acronym	Definitions	Notes	
Who's included	Permanent NCC employees	Direct employees of NCC	
	Temporary NCC Employees	only	
Who's not included	Relief workers		
	Casual workers		
	Agency Workers		
Protected characteristics	Gender	Data self-validated by	
analysed	Ethnic group	employees on an on-going	
	Age	basis	
	Disabled status		
	Sexual orientation		
	Religion/belief		
Heads/headcount	Number of individual		
	employees		
FTE	The employees full time	All data is based on full time	
	equivalent (FTE) occupancy	equivalent (fte) unless	
	of any posts to which they	otherwise stated.	
	are employed to account for	For example, 1.0 fte = 37	
	the many employees who	hours worked per week; 0.5	
	work less than full time	fte = 18.5hrs worked per	
		week.	
Posts/incumbencies	If an employee holds more	Many of the County	
	than one post (incumbency)	Council's posts are part	
	they will be counted for each	time. Some employees have	
	post they hold	more than one post	
Community we serve	All Nottinghamshire	From most recent (2011),	
	residents (excludes City)	census	
Local labour market (LLM)	Households reflecting entire	Office of National Statistics	
	adult population (aged 16+)	Annual Population Survey	
	of Nottinghamshire plus	2018 (Jan 2018 – Dec	
	Nottingham City	2018)	
BaME	All ethnicity categories other than		
	British/English/Scottish/Welsh/N.Irish		
Disabled	Individuals who consider themselves to be disabled under		
	the Equality Act 2010		
NCC	Nottinghamshire County Council		
ASCH	Adult Social Care and Health		
C&F	Children & Families		
Period/Year	Source of workforce profile data		
April 2012 onwards	Business Management System		

Part 2 – Executive summary

Basis of reporting:

- Nottinghamshire County Council's direct full time equivalent workforce (FTE) as at April 2019 was 5470.94 fte
- As at April 2019, the proportion of employees disclosing their personal information from which this report is derived is 100% for both gender and age.
- As indicated in Part 3, disclosure rates for sexual orientation and religion remain lower than for the other protected characteristics although they have risen again since April 2016.
- The initiative to further encourage employees to declare and update their personal data is regularly refreshed.
- Disclosure rates for Ethnicity, Religion and Belief and Sexual
 Orientation have all improved since April 2016. Disclosure rates for disability
 and ethnicity have declined compared to 2018
- The graphs in Part 4 section a) summarise overall performance across the whole council workforce
- Section b) of Part 4 separates out this data by department, as well as providing relevant Community and Local Labour market comparison
- Part 4 section c) breaks the data down by grade

Key Trends:

Age

- The County Council's workforce overall has an ageing workforce, with over 58.6% of its workforce currently being aged 46 or over, however this is a shift to a younger age profile when compared to the figure of approximately 62% in 2016.
- There is a direct correlation between age and experience, employees aged 46 to 55 continue to be more likely to be in the most senior posts
- The highest percentage of older workers, aged 56 plus, are in the lowest paid frontline posts
- The proportion of NCC employees overall who are aged under 25 years has increased from 3.87% to 4.98% in the last 12 months
- Community and Local Labour Market (LLM) comparators for young people aged 16-25 do not allow for meaningful comparison as a significant majority of this cohort remain in full time education or training.

Ethnicity

- The proportion of NCC employees that classify themselves as Black and Minority Ethnic has increased **from 8.92% to 9.57%.**
- The BaME group most represented at 3.31% is employees who identify as Black British
- This compares favourably with the current representation in the community

- served which is 7.36% (based on 2011 census).
- Representation of BaME employees in the NCC workforce is lower than the 10.4% in the Local Labour Market (LLM)
- The highest representation of BaME employees is in mid-graded posts at professional and first line management level.

Disability

- The proportion of employees overall, including, those who classify themselves as having a disability has again increased from 5.26% in April 2018 to 5.77% in April 2019
- This is significantly lower than the percentage of people with a declared disability, as defined by the equality Act 2010, in the LLM which is now 24.9%.
- There is no meaningful Community Comparator as the national census definition of disability is not based on the Equality Act definition
- The highest representation of disabled employees is also in mid-level professional and line management posts.

Gender

- Women make up the significant majority of the overall NCC workforce at 73.54%, compared with 73.57% in 2018, this is compared to approximately 50% in the Community and the LLM
- Proportionate to their overall representation in the wider work force, men continue to be more highly represented in the most senior posts at and above Group Manager level where they make up 30.82% of all employees on these Grades, which a reduction from 32.07% in 2018.
- Women continue to be proportionately most highly represented in lower paid front line posts reflecting the large numbers of women employed part time in directly provided front line services, including Catering and Cleaning and nonmanagerial grades where the representation of women is most reflective of the workforce gender split as a whole

Religion and Belief

- At 45.26% the percentage of NCC employees who have declared that they
 have no religion or belief is higher than that in the local Community which is
 31.48%
- The significant majority of those employees who have declared a religion or belief, **49.17%**, **are Christian**
- No LLM comparator data is available.

Sexual Orientation

- Of those employees who have declared their sexual orientation 3.34% are Lesbian, Gay, or Bisexual (LGB) compared to 3.22% in April 2018
- No LLM or Community comparator data is available.

Commitment to improvement:

As part of its Workforce Strategy, the Council has a range of measures in place to ensure that it continues to attract, develop and retain a diverse workforce appropriately drawn from across the Local Labour Market which is reflective of the community served and to offer equal opportunity for career progression. The Council will continue to identify action to address the under-representation of any protected characteristic where this is evidenced by the data in this report.

Part 3 – Disclosure Rates

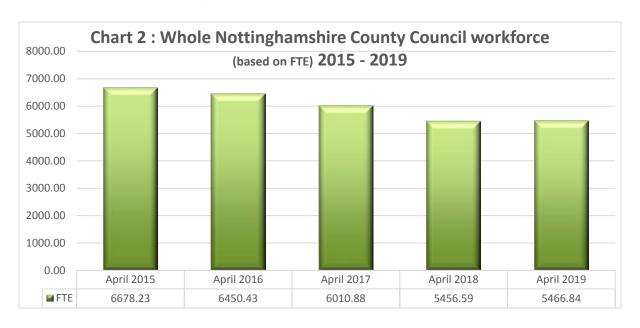
Disclosure rates for gender and age can be extrapolated from payroll data and are therefore 100%. Disclosures for disability and ethnicity have fallen since last year whilst disclosures for religion/belief and sexual orientation have both risen. Whilst disclosure rates for sexual orientation and religion/belief continue to improve, the level of non-disclosure remains a factor when interpreting the data. Since the introduction of the BMS system in November 2011, NCC employees have been able to update their own personal data using the Employee Self Service (ESS) facility on the Business Management System (BMS).

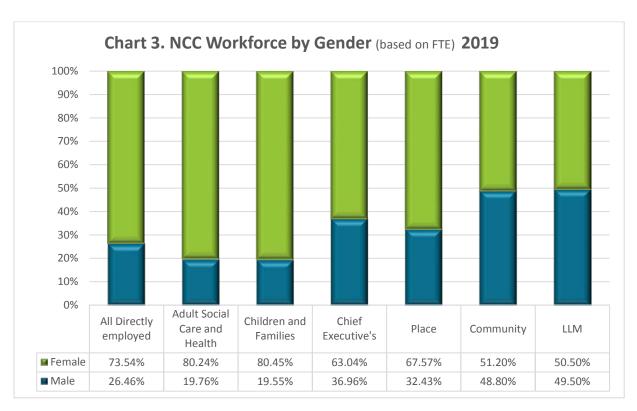
Communications aimed at engaging with staff to explain the positive reasons for holding this information and to encourage them to update their personal details are issued via the NCC intranet, at regular intervals. This continues to be discussed with the recognised trades unions and staff support groups on how this can be further improved. But it remains a matter of personal choice whether people provide this information.



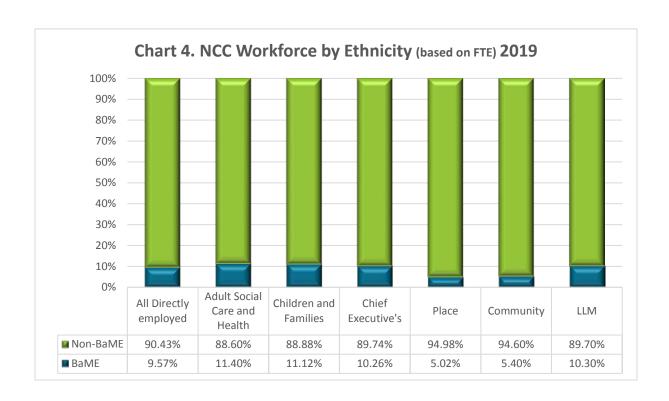
Part 4 - Workforce Profile

4a - Profile of Nottinghamshire County Council over time





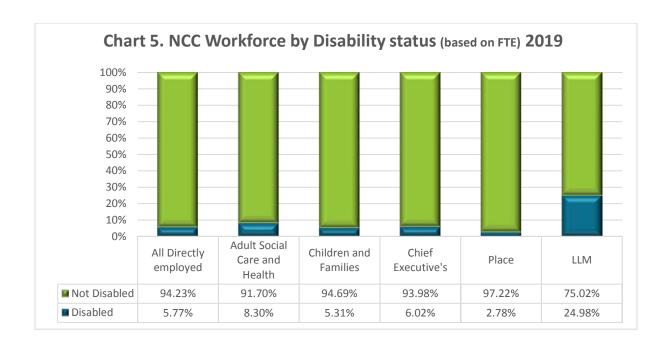
In 2019, there were 12 members of staff who stated they had a different gender to that they had been assigned at birth. Unfortunately, this number is too low for significant representation on the chart so is not included.



Based on FTE	Directly employed	Community
Non BaME (White British)	90.43%	90.50%
Asian/Asian British	2.16%	3.30%
Black/Black British	3.31%	3.10%
Mixed	1.29%	0.60%
Other Ethnic Group	0.27%	2.50%
Other White	2.53%	2.50%

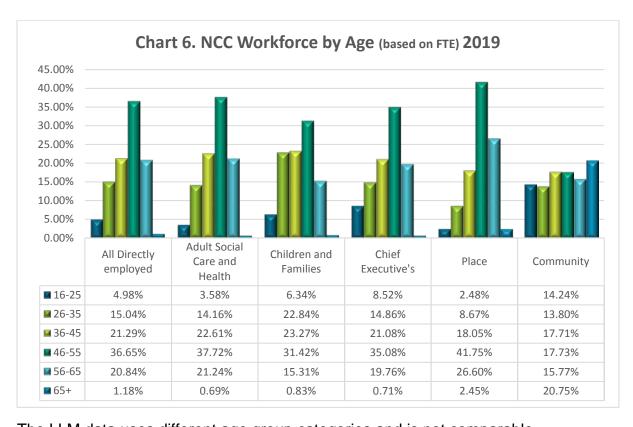
Non-disclosures are removed when calculating the percentages

BaME definition is anyone who has not declared themselves as 'White British / English / Scottish / Welsh / N.Irish'.



Data is not available for the community comparative, as disability figures collected via the census are not based on the Equality Act (2010) definition.

Data for the LLM is based on the Equality Act (2010) and is defined as EA Core disabled, meaning – those who have a long-term disability which substantially limit their day to day activities. This matches the Council's application form definition which is used to collate data at the point of recruitment.



The LLM data uses different age group categories and is not comparable.

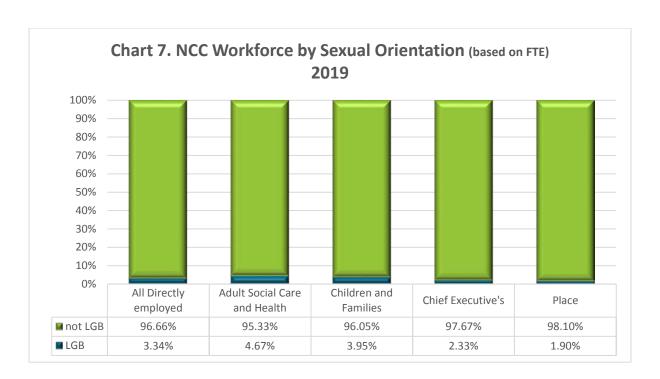
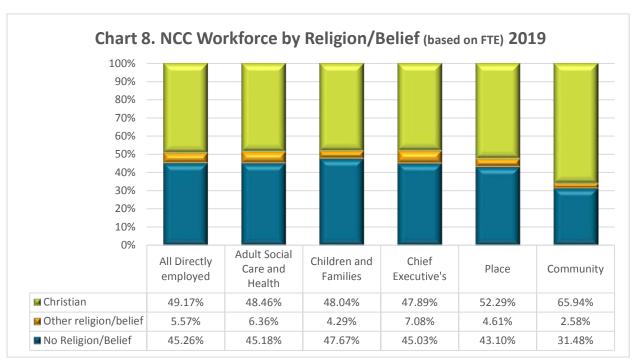


Table 3	Based on FTE	
Bisexual	1.13%	
Gay man	1.24%	
Heterosexual	96.66%	
Lesbian	0.96%	

Non-disclosures are removed when calculating %.

No data was collected on sexual orientation for the LLM or 2011 census.

The relatively low NCC disclosure rate of 60.21% for LGB is likely to impact on the quality of this data.



No data was collected on religion for the LLM. Chart 14 above groups together all religions/beliefs other than Christian. These are shown in greater detail in table 4.

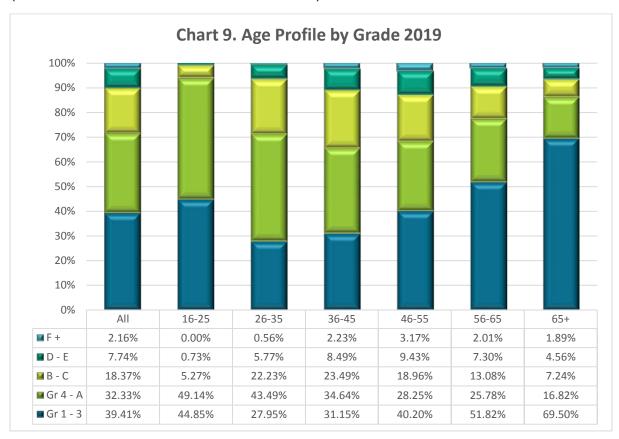
Non-disclosures are removed when calculating %.

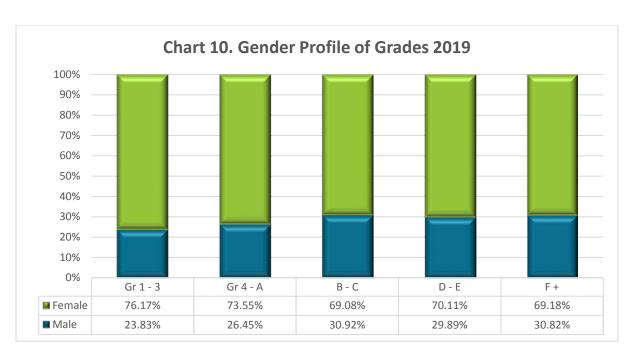
The relatively low NCC disclosure rate of 62.85% for Religion/Belief is likely to impact on the quality of this data.

Table 4			
	NCC Directly employed	Community	
Buddhist	1.05%	0.25%	
Christian	49.17%	65.94%	
Hindu	0.50%	0.48%	
Jewish	0.00%	0.10%	
Muslim	1.16%	0.95%	
Other belief	0.79%	0.379/	
Other religion	1.49%	0.37%	
Sikh	0.58%	0.43%	
No religion/belief	45.26%	31.48%	
Disclosure rate	62.85%	93.02	

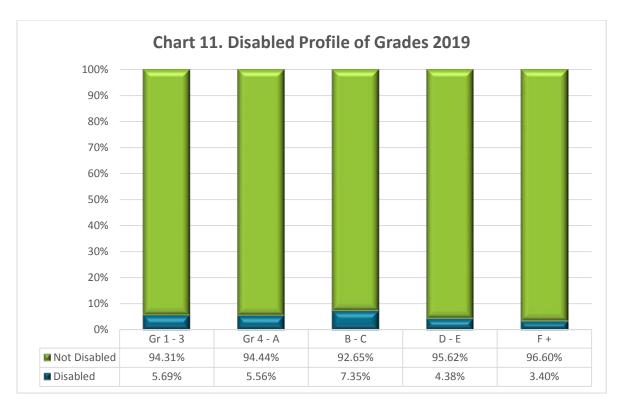
4b - Profile of NCC employees by grade of post

(Non-declarations are excluded in all cases)

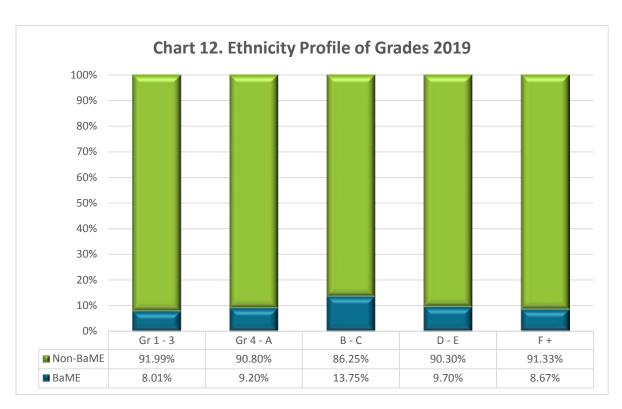




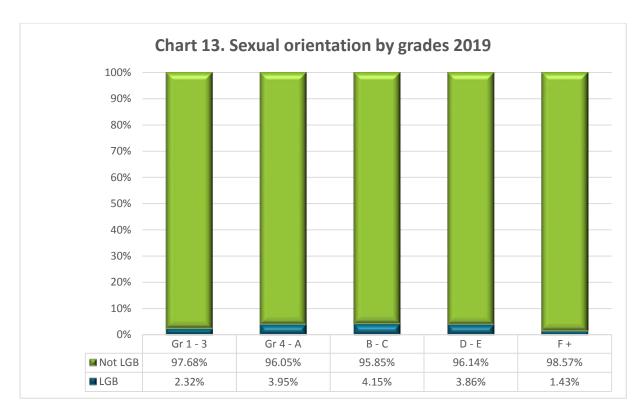
All data is based on fte. NCC gender profile is female 73.54%, male 26.46%.



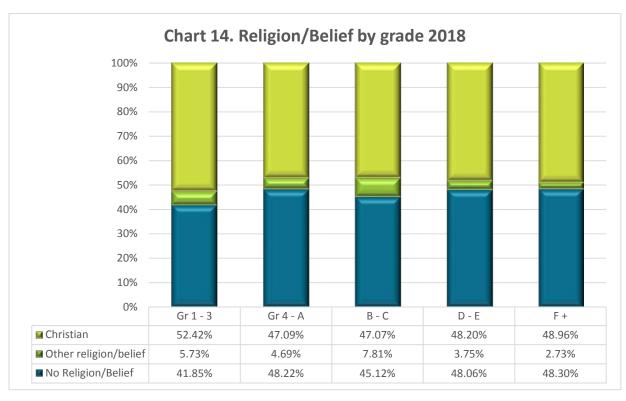
All data is based on fte. NCC profile is Disabled - 5.77%, Not disabled - 94.23%



All data is based on fte. NCC profile is BaME - 9.57%, Non BaME - 90.43%



All data is based on the fte. NCC profile is LGB - 3.34%, not LGB - 96.66%. The relatively low NCC disclosure rate in this area is likely to impact on the quality of this data.



All data is based on the fte. NCC profile is No Religion/Belief -45.26%, Other Religion/Belief -5.57%, Christian -49.17%. The relatively low NCC disclosure rate in this area is likely to impact on the quality of this data.