



REPORT OF THE CHAIR OF THE HEALTH & WELLBEING BOARD

CHAIR'S REPORT

Purpose of the Report

1. An update by Councillor Steve Vickers on local and national issues for consideration by Board members to determine implications for Board matters.

Information

2. Nottingham & Nottinghamshire Suicide Prevention Strategy and Action Plan 2019-23

Suicide has a devastating and long-lasting impact on individuals, families, communities and society. In Nottinghamshire, 168 deaths by suicide occurred over the three year period of 2015-17. Suicide is complex, with many causes and risk factors. However, it is possible to prevent suicides by identifying risks, addressing them and acting to reduce the impact on those it affects.

The Government recommends that all local areas develop suicide prevention strategies to consider these risks in a local context. Nottinghamshire County and Nottingham City's current strategies end this year and a new joint strategy and action plan have been developed for 2019-23.

A public consultation on the strategy took place in July / August. Feedback informing the final strategy and plan were approved by the Nottingham & Nottinghamshire Suicide Prevention Steering Group on 8 October 2019.

Delivery of the action plan will be overseen by the steering group to ensure the priority areas of the strategy are addressed across Nottinghamshire. These include:

- Identifying and addressing at-risk groups
- Use of local data
- Bereavement support
- Staff training
- Working with the media.

3. Action on dementia

A new action plan to increase awareness and improve the lives of people living with dementia in Nottinghamshire has been approved by the Adult Social Care & Public Health Committee. This is a refresh of a previous Dementia Declaration action plan and has been developed collaboratively by colleagues from Public Health, Social Care and Community Friendly Nottinghamshire teams.

Aims of the plan include:

- Making Nottinghamshire County Council a Dementia Friendly organisation and supporting partners and communities to become Dementia Friendly
- Promoting healthy lifestyle choices that help people live well with dementia or delay the onset of the condition, and ensure more tailored support for carers
- Providing training and encouraging the take-up of assistive technology for people living with dementia
- Engaging with people living with dementia by asking them what works well and what changes they would like to see
- Identifying, promoting and delivering quality standards and best practice in services used by people with dementia.

A press release is available [online](#).

4. Nottinghamshire Health & Care Portal (NHCP)

Since the end of August, Nottinghamshire County Council employees in frontline adult social care roles can now access health information for service users within Mid and South Nottinghamshire. This has helped many colleagues gather information quicker and make better decisions on care. Overall usage and feedback will be monitored over the coming months.

Nottinghamshire County Council's social care data will also be available via the portal by the end of the year. This will help inform health staff if there is involvement from social care and enable access to contact some providers directly. Health staff across organisations are keen to have this information to speed up decision making and prevent unnecessary referrals or queries to social care colleagues.

5. 2019-20 Flu Campaign

Flu can be a serious illness, particularly for older people or those with other health conditions. Nottinghamshire County Council is working with partners to increase the uptake of the flu vaccination amongst frontline staff and vulnerable residents.

Health and social care workers care for some of the most vulnerable people within communities, so it is important they help protect themselves, and those receiving care, against flu. Plans are in place to align Nottinghamshire County Council with NHS partners in increasing the number of health and social care workers receiving a free vaccination. On-site clinics are being offered to staff at the main County Council sites so they can have their flu jab whilst at work, in addition to supplementary clinics in a number of care settings. There have also been 'myth-busting' sessions to help frontline staff understand the potential impact of flu on service users.

Arrangements are in place with partner organisations to support the uptake of the flu vaccination. Resources have been sent to a variety of settings such as schools, children's centres and care homes, to promote uptake amongst at-risk groups.

For more information, please contact Nicola Lane (email: nicola.lane@nottscc.gov.uk).

6. [Delivering Health & Social Care Tasks policy](#)

The *Delivering Health and Social Care Tasks* policy replaces the *Responsibilities for Care in the Home* policy which was written in 2010. It describes the responsibilities of community nursing

services and domiciliary services in delivering health and social care tasks in an individual's own home. The policy will be supported by robust protocols and procedures, a learning and development programme, competency assessments and clinical oversight delivered in partnership with health organisations.

It aims to have a positive impact on health and social care workers by helping to embed the changes and ensure that staff are trained and competent to deliver the new low-level medication and healthcare tasks. Implementation of the policies will ensure the right support is provided at the right time in the most cost effective way. It is anticipated the policy will result in cost efficiencies through better use of resources.

7. Review of the START Assisting with Medication Policy

The Assisting with Medication policy has been updated as a result of a recent review. This is aimed at Short Term Assessment & Re-ablement Team (START) re-ablement support workers that are operating in the homes of service users.

Nottinghamshire County Council staff are now able to offer support to service users with new tasks. The policy will be supported with robust protocols and procedures, learning and development, competency assessments and oversight by appropriate healthcare professionals. Furthermore, the amendments will bring Nottinghamshire in line with support which is offered in neighbouring authorities.

There are several benefits to this review, including:

- More efficient and effective medication management for service users with support from health colleagues
- Greater consistency and continuity for staff and those in receipt of the service
- Upskilling of staff
- A reduction in the number of delayed discharges from the acute trusts
- Provision of a more cost effective way in which to manage medication as part of a larger support offer.

8. Bassetlaw Transport Summit

In September 2019, partners from bus and rail companies, Nottinghamshire County Council, the NHS, and community transport organisations convened for a transport summit. This aimed to identify how Bassetlaw could get better connected, reduce isolation and optimise opportunities for more effective use of collective transport resources.

Outcomes from the event included exploration of bus services between hospital sites in Bassetlaw and Doncaster, how transport could be more inclusive for people with additional needs, and making better use of voluntary sector opportunities. A report is available [online](#).

9. Inclusive Employment in Bassetlaw

An Inclusive Employment event took place in Bassetlaw on 18 October 2019. This was sponsored by Cerealto (a large employer in Worksop) and provided businesses with insights from Bassetlaw District Council, the NHS, Department for Work & Pensions, Building Better Opportunities, and Working Win, about how inclusive employment practices can support recruitment and retention and result in better wellbeing for the workforce.

Employment can be good for health and wellbeing, particularly for groups where there may be barriers to work, such as care leavers, ex-offenders and those with long term health conditions or

Special Educational Needs. The event was successful in connecting employers with sources of support in Bassetlaw. A report is available [online](#).

10. Gedling Borough Council Spatial Planning & Health Workshop

There is a wealth of evidence that well-designed homes and communities can make a significant contribution to improving the health and wellbeing of residents. In recognition of this, Nottinghamshire County Council (i.e. Public Health, Planning Policy, and Development Management) are working with district and borough councils across a range of disciplines (i.e. Planning Policy, Development Management, Community Relations, Housing, Economic Growth, and Public Protection) to support work in this area.

A recent workshop took place at Gedling Borough Council on 10 September 2019, including a variety of local authority services and Clinical Commissioning Groups. A round table approach was used to discuss healthy place-making using the principles within the Nottinghamshire Spatial Planning & Health Framework and Nottinghamshire Rapid Health Impact Assessment Checklist. The workshop also covered case studies presented by Active Derbyshire & Nottinghamshire, Rushcliffe Borough Council, NHS Rushcliffe Clinical Commissioning Group and the Nottingham & Nottinghamshire Estates team.

A number of practical and positive actions have been identified to support improvements for the health and wellbeing of residents in Gedling.

Given the success of the events, further workshops are being made available to other district and borough councils in Nottinghamshire. For more information, please contact Jenny Charles Jones (email: jenny.charles-jones@nottsc.gov.uk) or Nina Wilson (email: nina.wilson@nottsc.gov.uk).

PROGRESS FROM PREVIOUS MEETINGS

11. The Healthy & Sustainable Places Coordination Group met on 17 September 2019. This included the following items:

- A presentation on 'Our approach to Neighbourhoods' from Newark & Sherwood District Council, on behalf of the Mid Nottinghamshire Integrated Care Provider
- A report on physical activity
- A report on the food environment
- Presentations on the structure and governance of Integrated Care Systems, Integrated Care Providers and Primary Care Networks
- The future work programme and development of a delivery framework.

PAPERS TO OTHER LOCAL COMMITTEES

12. [Adult Social Care & Public Health Alignment to Two Integrated Care System Architecture for Bassetlaw, Mid Notts & South Notts](#)

Report to Adult Social Care & Public Health Committee
9 September 2019

13. [Nottinghamshire County Council Refreshed Dementia Declaration Action Plan 2019-2022](#)

Report to Adult Social Care & Public Health Committee
9 September 2019

14. [Childhood Obesity Trailblazer](#)
Report to Adult Social Care & Public Health Committee
9 September 2019
15. [Public Health Intelligence Support to the Integrated Care System](#)
Report to Adult Social Care & Public Health Committee
9 September 2019
16. [Progress of Partnership Strategy for Nottinghamshire Looked After Children and Care Leavers \(2018-21\)](#)
Report to Children & Young People's Committee
16 September 2019
17. [Safer Nottinghamshire Board Update](#)
Report to Policy Committee
18 September 2019

INTEGRATED CARE SYSTEMS AND INTEGRATED CARE PROVIDERS

18. [Bassetlaw Integrated Care Partnership bulletin](#)
October 2019
19. [Nottingham & Nottinghamshire Integrated Care System board papers](#)
October 2019

A GOOD START IN LIFE

20. [Children's oral health](#)
The Faculty of Dental Surgery at the Royal College of Surgeons of England has issued a position statement on children's oral health. This statement updates the position on children's oral health in light of developments since 2015, and sets out a series of recommendations that describe how the government can build upon what has already been achieved. It focuses on three key areas central to eliminating child tooth decay: prevention, access, and education.
21. [Preventing offending and re-offending by children](#)
Public Health England has published information on collaborative approaches to preventing offending and re-offending by children. This resource outlines how health, education, social care, criminal justice, voluntary sector services and others can work together to stop children and young people offending.
22. [Serious youth violence](#)
A report from the Home Affairs Committee describes the rise in serious youth violence as a social emergency and argues that young people have been failed by an inadequate response to the rise in knife related offences. It finds that the government's 'public health' approach to violence is not reflected on the ground and calls for this issue to be addressed through much more concerted government action at a national and local level.
23. [Tackling family homelessness](#)

The Children's Commissioner has published *Bleak houses: Tackling the crisis of family homelessness in England*. This report focusses on children who are living in homeless families and those children who are at risk of becoming homeless. It summarises visits to children and families living in temporary accommodation and some of the frontline professionals working with them. It also analyses new data in order to identify the scale of the problem. See also: [Children's Commissioner press release](#).

24. [Childhood obesity](#)

The Royal Society for Public Health has published *Routing out childhood obesity*. This report outlines recommendations for transforming the street environment, particularly around schools, with the ambition that all children should have access to a healthy route home.

25. [The Good Childhood Report 2019](#)

This report from The Children's Society finds that young people's happiness is at its lowest since 2009, due to issues around boys' appearance, friendships and school as potential driving factors.

26. [A manifesto for children](#)

The Children's Commissioner has published *A Manifesto for Children*. This calls on Britain's political parties to include a six-point plan in their election manifestos to transform the life chances for disadvantaged children and to help children to thrive. The key themes are: supporting stronger families, providing decent places for children to live, helping children to have healthy minds, keeping children active, providing Special Educational Needs & Disability support for those who need it, and creating safer streets and play areas.

27. [Mental health and the journey to parenthood](#)

Healthwatch has published a document on mental health and the journey to parenthood. This report shares what parents have said about their experiences of mental health problems during and after pregnancy, and calls on services to give people more opportunities to talk about their mental wellbeing. See also: [Healthwatch news item](#).

HEALTHY & SUSTAINABLE PLACES

28. [Attitudes towards emergency care](#)

The National Centre for Social Research has published the results from the British Social Attitudes Survey relating to attitudes towards emergency care. These results consider whether people share concerns of policy-makers about over-use of emergency services and whether public attitudes and perceptions suggest strategies put forward to tackle this issue might be successful. They reveal significant differences in perspectives by a range of socio-demographic factors, such as area deprivation, age, young children in the household and gender. See also: [NIHR press release](#) and the [BSA survey press release](#).

29. [NHS Health Checks Review](#)

The Department of Health & Social Care has announced there will be an evidence-based review of the NHS Health Check service. The review will explore new predictive checks which take age, risk factors and lifestyle into account. It will examine how to improve the system with a focus on offering personalised interventions. The review will also explore a special check-up for people approaching retirement age, increasing the range of advice the checks can offer, ways to increase the uptake of health checks, and the digitisation of health checks where appropriate.

30. [Patient experience](#)

QualityWatch has published its latest indicator update which examines how patient experience of NHS and social care services has changed over time. It uses data from national patient surveys to compare the experience of different NHS and social care services. Overall, access to GP services has worsened, experience of inpatient services has improved, and satisfaction with adult social care services has remained stable. In general, people report their experiences of children and young people's services and maternity services more positively than their experiences of emergency departments and community mental health services.

31. [Public health, prevention and health improvement](#)

The Local Government Association (LGA) has published *Public health, prevention and health improvement*. This prospectus outlines the programme of sector-led improvement support available through the LGA and partners, and the early support arrangements for local authorities with performance challenges in public health. It also signposts to other support and resources.

32. [Tackling loneliness](#)

The House of Commons has published a briefing paper on *Tackling loneliness*. This paper examines the Government's Loneliness Strategy published in October 2018 and outlines current progress. It also looks at research into the causes and impact of loneliness, and possible interventions.

33. [Going the extra step: A compendium of best practice in dementia care](#)

The Housing Learning & Improvement Network have published a case study report. This provides examples of extra care schemes and other housing-related community services which support people with dementia to develop meaningful relationships, thereby reducing social isolation and loneliness.

34. [Towards equality for mental health](#)

The Mental Health Policy Group has published *Towards equality for mental health: developing a cross-government approach*. This report considers the steps that may be required if the ambition of 'parity of esteem' for mental health is to be achieved in England.

35. [Mental health implementation plan](#)

The Healthcare Financial Management Association has published a summary of the NHS mental health implementation plan from 2019-24.

36. [Mental health care for young people and young adults](#)

The Healthcare Quality Improvement Partnership has published information on mental healthcare in young people and adults. This review focusses on mental healthcare provided to young people from the perspective of the overlap between physical and mental healthcare, the quality of physical and mental healthcare provided, and how patients with mental health conditions use healthcare services. The aim of this study was to identify areas of care that can be improved for all patients aged between 11-25 years.

37. [Saturated fats and health](#)

The Scientific Advisory Committee on Nutrition has published a report on saturated fats and health. This considers the relationship between saturated fats, health outcomes and risk factors for non-communicable diseases in the general UK population. See also: [Consultation responses on the draft report](#) and [PHE press release](#).

38. [Preventing Sexually Transmitted Infections](#)

Public Health England has published *Health Matters: preventing Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs)*. This edition focuses on the prevention of five common STIs: gonorrhoea, chlamydia, syphilis, genital herpes, and genital warts. It also covers the public health challenge of antimicrobial-resistant STIs, and the commissioning and improvement of sexual health services.

39. **[Sexual and reproductive health commissioning](#)**

The Local Government Association has published *Collaboration and cooperation: sexual and reproductive health commissioning*. This report summarises how local authorities can endeavour to create a responsive and proactive sexual health service through the creation of strong commissioning networks and expert groups.

40. **[Homes for older people](#)**

Homes for Later Living have published an analysis of the fiscal and wellbeing benefits of building more homes for later living. This report explores the wellbeing benefits and significant fiscal savings that homes for later living could provide. See also: [press release](#).

41. **[Identifying the health care system benefits of housing with care](#)**

The Housing Learning & Improvement Network and Southampton City Council have published the results of a study that highlights the healthcare system benefits of housing with care. The study identified benefits including improvements to the residents' quality of life, reductions in the use of health services and associated resources, and significant cost-benefits for the health system. Although the research focuses on Southampton, the findings will be of interest to planners and commissioners of services across the country.

42. **[Physical activity guidelines](#)**

The Department of Health & Social Care has published a report from UK Chief Medical Officers on the amount and type of physical activity people should be doing to improve their health. This draws upon global evidence to present guidelines for different age groups, covering the volume, duration, frequency and type of physical activity required across the life course to achieve health benefits. The guidelines are designed to aid health professionals and others to provide individuals and communities with information on the type and amount of physical activity that they should undertake to improve their health. See also: [DHSC press release](#) and [DHSC physical activity infographics](#).

43. **[Cardiovascular disease prevention](#)**

Public Health England and the Association of Directors of Public Health have published a summary of an effective Cardiovascular Disease prevention programme. It synthesises existing evidence, examples of best practice, practitioners' experiences, and consensus expert opinions.

44. **[Creating healthy lives](#)**

The Health Foundation has published: *Creating healthy lives: a whole-government approach to long-term investment in the nation's health*. This paper suggests five significant changes needed to improve health across the whole of government. See also: [Health Foundation press release](#).

45. **[Health inequalities in older populations in coastal and rural areas](#)**

Public Health England has published a report on the health inequalities experienced by older populations in coastal and rural areas, with a summary of key considerations to reduce

inequalities and promote healthy ageing in these areas. It comprises a literature review supplemented with case studies.

HEALTHIER DECISION MAKING

46. [Smoking, drinking and drug use among young people in England in 2018](#)

NHS Digital have published a report on a biennial survey of secondary school pupils in England in the school years 7-11 (mostly aged 11-15), focussing on smoking, drinking and drug use. It covers a range of topics including prevalence, habits, attitudes, and for the first time in 2018, wellbeing.

47. [Minimum Unit Pricing for alcohol in Scotland – evidence of success](#)

In 2018, Scotland become the first country in the world to introduce a national Minimum Unit Pricing (MUP) policy on alcohol, setting a limit of 50p per unit below which alcohol cannot be sold. A recent research study, published in the British Medical Journal, shows evidence the policy is affecting drinking trends positively.

The study examined the impact of the MUP policy on the amount of alcohol purchased, and the cost, in the 34 weeks immediately after implementation. The findings show each adult bought 9.5g less alcohol per week, a reduction of 7.6%.

These observed reductions are more than double what was initially estimated, highlighting that the health benefits of such a policy could be considerably greater than originally thought.

48. [Alcohol consumption in Europe](#)

The World Health Organisation has published a status report on alcohol consumption, harm and policy responses in 30 European countries, including the United Kingdom. The report summarises changes in alcohol consumption and alcohol-related harm between 2010-16. See also: [WHO press release](#).

49. [Sugar reduction: progress between 2015-18](#)

This report includes a detailed assessment of progress by the food industry between 2015-18, towards meeting the 20% reduction ambition by 2020 for the sugar reduction programme.

There was an overall 2.9% reduction in sugar (sales weighted average sugar per 100g) since 2015 in the in-home / retailer-manufacturer sector. Some categories have shown greater progress (i.e. yogurts / fromage frais, and breakfast cereals, have reduced sugar by 10.3% and 8.5% respectively).

There was a 4.9% reduction (simple average sugar per 100g) since 2017 in the out-of-home sector.

The report also covers progress made on sugary drinks covered by the Soft Drinks Industry Levy, introduced in April 2018. The average sugar content of the drinks covered by the levy decreased by 28.8% between 2015-18.

50. [Gambling related harm reduction](#)

The Association of Directors of Public Health Yorkshire and Humber Problem Gambling Working Group has published a public health framework for gambling harm related reduction. This

framework summarises a variety of possible interventions aimed at reducing gambling related harm.

WORKING TOGETHER TO IMPROVE HEALTH & CARE SERVICES

51. [Public Health England strategy](#)

Public Health England have published a 2020-25 strategy. This document outlines how Public Health England will work to protect and improve the public's health, and reduce health inequalities, over the next five years. It includes the following 10 strategic priorities:

- Smoke-free society: take steps towards creating a smoke-free society by 2030
- Healthier diets, healthier weight: help make the healthy choice the easy choice to improve diets and reduce rates of childhood obesity
- Creating cleaner air: develop and share advice on how best to reduce air pollution levels and people's exposure to polluted air
- Better mental health: promote good mental health and contribute to the prevention of mental illness
- Best start in life: work to improve the health of babies, children and their families to enable a happy healthy childhood and provide the foundations of good health into adult life
- Effective responses to major incidents: enhance the ability to respond to major incidents (including pandemic influenza) by strengthening the health protection system
- Reduced risk from antimicrobial resistance: work to help contain, control and mitigate the risk of antimicrobial resistance
- Predictive prevention: utilise technology to develop targeted advice and interventions and support personalised public health and care at scale
- Enhanced data and surveillance capabilities: improve data capability and strengthen approach to disease surveillance using new tools and techniques
- New national science campus: transition to a new national science campus with state-of-the-art facilities at Harlow.

52. [Public Health England infectious diseases strategy](#)

Public Health England have published a 2020-25 strategy for combatting infectious diseases. It includes the following 10 strategic priorities:

- Optimise vaccine provision and reduce vaccine preventable diseases in England
- Be a world leader in tackling Antimicrobial Resistance (AMR)
- Capitalise on emerging technologies to enhance data and infectious disease surveillance capability
- Eliminate Hepatitis B and C, Tuberculosis and HIV, and halt the rise in sexually transmitted infections in our population
- Strengthen the response to major incidents and emergencies, including pandemic influenza
- Build evidence to address infectious diseases linked with health inequalities
- Embed Whole Genome Sequencing (WGS) in Public Health England labs and optimise the use of WGS-based information
- Integrate and strengthen England's Health Protection System
- Strengthen Global Health activities to protect health in the UK and globally
- Define the value generated by delivering the infectious diseases strategy.

53. [Achieving integrated care](#)

The Social Care Institute for Excellence and the Local Government Association have published *Achieving integrated care: 15 best practice actions*. This practical resource supports local

systems in fulfilling their ambition of integration. The fifteen actions prioritised in this resource draw on evidence about what works from international research, emerging best practices and engagement with stakeholders and partners.

54. ['People' not 'beds'](#)

Recent changes have been agreed to the use of language across health and social care in relation to Delayed Transfers of Care (DTOC). The purpose of this plan is to drive change so that organisations refer to (and report on) people delayed within hospitals, rather than the beds they occupy. Through doing so, it is hoped to highlight the harmful impact that can result from prolonged hospital stays and delayed discharges (such as deconditioning).

55. [Improving identification of people with a learning disability](#)

The NHS Long Term Plan commits to improve health care for people with a learning disability. To assist practices to ensure they have an accurate and complete register of patients with a learning disability, NHS England and NHS Improvement have published *Improving identification of people with a learning disability: guidance for general practice*. Practices have been asked to ensure that eligible patients are offered a flu vaccination and flagged for an annual health check.

56. [Healthy New Towns](#)

NHS England and NHS Improvement have published a series of documents examining the Healthy New Towns programme. This worked with 10 demonstrator sites across England to explore how the development of new places could create healthier and connected communities with integrated and high-quality services.

57. [The value of community services](#)

The Healthcare Financial Management Association has published *The value of community services: helping people stay happy, healthy and independent*. This briefing is the second of a series looking at how services delivered in the community add value to both the patient and the wider health & care economy. This report focuses on the role that community services play in preventing illness or reducing exacerbations.

GENERAL

58. [Health Profile for England 2019](#)

Public Health England have published the 2019 edition of the Health Profile for England, providing a comprehensive snapshot of the nation's health. Recent decades have seen overall improvements to many aspects of early-years health, including a decrease in teenage conceptions, smoking in pregnancy, the proportion of babies with low birthweights and infant deaths. However, over the last few years some of these improvements have started to slow down, with no improvement seen in infant mortality rates or the proportion of low birthweight babies. Tooth decay, the biggest cause of hospital admissions for children aged 6-10 years, also remains a serious problem despite being largely preventable. See also: [PHE Blog](#).

59. [Spending Round 2019](#)

HM Treasury has published Spending Round 2019. This sets out the government's spending plans for 2020-21.

60. [Spending Round analysis](#)

The King's Fund has published *Five numbers to sum up the Spending Round for health and social care*. This examines the key numbers mentioned in the Spending Round and the implications they have for health and social care.

61. [Updated EU exit operational guidance](#)

The Department of Health & Social Care has published updated operational guidance for healthcare providers and commissioners on how to manage the risks of a no-deal EU exit.

62. [Protecting the supply of medicines if there is a no-deal EU exit](#)

Information for patients on the NHS website has recently been updated and explains the government's approach to ensure that medicines continue to be available if there is a no-deal EU exit. Frequently asked questions on the NHS England website, which support discussions between healthcare professionals and patients about medicines and medical products, have also been updated.

63. [Service user experience](#)

Healthwatch has published *What people have told us about health and social care*. This outlines the feedback Healthwatch has received from users of health and social care services between April and June 2019. It also summarises how Healthwatch England is using this information to shape health and social care policy and practice. See also: [Healthwatch news release](#).

64. [Creating a learning culture in social care](#)

Healthwatch has published *Creating a learning culture in social care*. This summarises findings from a desk-based audit of local authority annual complaints reports. It encourages local authorities to handle complaints with openness and transparency, treating complaints reports as an opportunity to tell a powerful story of learning and improvement.

65. [Health inequalities: place-based approaches to reduce inequalities](#)

Public Health England, the Association of Directors of Public Health, and the Local Government Association, have developed guidance on place-based approaches to reduce health inequalities. This aims to support co-ordinated action between local government, the NHS, and the voluntary and community sectors.

CONSULTATIONS

66. [Survey for the National Rehabilitation Centre](#)

The Clinical Commissioning Groups across Nottingham and Nottinghamshire are launching a four-week phase of public engagement on proposals to develop a National Rehabilitation Centre (NRC).

The proposals aim to improve the health and wellbeing of people across Nottingham and Nottinghamshire, by improving access to high quality rehabilitative care and helping patients improve skills and functioning for daily living that have been lost or impaired due to sickness, injury or disability.

The NRC is being developed on the Stanford Hall Rehabilitation Estate, situated in Nottinghamshire. The site also hosts the Defence Medical Rehabilitation Centre, which provides rehabilitation services to military personnel. There has been an ambition to treat NHS patients and military personnel at the Stanford Hall Rehabilitation Estate from its inception, with a recognition that this benefits both the defence medical services and the NHS.

The NRC will provide services that cover the East Midlands Major Trauma Network, which means patients from across the region will be treated at the facility. It is intended the NRC will be a regional clinical unit and national centre of excellence, national training & education centre, and research & innovation hub.

A programme of patient engagement is being undertaken by Clinical Commissioning Groups over the coming weeks. This will involve talking to patients, carers and families who may be affected by the development of the NRC. The engagement programme will build on conversations that have taken place already with patients. It is supported by Healthwatch and the Clinical Commissioning Group patient committees.

A public survey has been created which is available to complete [online](#). The survey will remain open until 1 November 2019.

Clinical Commissioning Group and the NRC Programme Board will consider the feedback from patients alongside any clinical and financial considerations when developing final options and proposals. Final proposals may form a formal public consultation in the future.

Other Options Considered

67. Not applicable.

Reason/s for Recommendation/s

68. To identify potential opportunities to improve health and wellbeing in Nottinghamshire.

Statutory and Policy Implications

69. This report has been compiled after consideration of implications in respect of crime and disorder, data protection and information governance, finance, human resources, human rights, the NHS Constitution (public health services), the public sector equality duty, safeguarding of children and adults at risk, service users, smarter working, sustainability and the environment and where such implications are material they are described below. Appropriate consultation has been undertaken and advice sought on these issues as required.

Financial Implications

70. There are no financial implications arising from this report.

RECOMMENDATION/S

- 1) To consider whether there are any actions required by the Health & Wellbeing Board in relation to the issues raised.

Councillor Steve Vickers
Chairman of Health & Wellbeing Board

For any enquiries about this report please contact:

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Constitutional Comments (LW 23/10/2019)

71. Health and Wellbeing Board is the appropriate body to consider the content of the report.

Financial Comments (DG 23/10/2019)

72. There are no specific financial implications arising directly from this report.

Background Papers and Published Documents

Except for previously published documents, which will be available elsewhere, the documents listed here will be available for inspection in accordance with Section 100D of the Local Government Act 1972.

- None

Electoral Division(s) and Member(s) Affected

- All