



24 November 2021

Agenda Item: 4

REPORT OF THE CHAIR OF THE HEALTH AND WELLBEING BOARD

CHAIR'S REPORT

Purpose of the Report

1. The report provides an update by the Chair on local and national issues for consideration by Health & Wellbeing Board members to determine implications for Board matters.

Information

Vaccinations

[1.4 million vaccines delivered in Nottinghamshire](#)

2. 1,442,457 first and second vaccines have been delivered across Nottingham and Nottinghamshire, with latest figures showing that 81.9% of the population aged 18 and over have now received 2 doses.
3. Booster jabs are now being offered to over 50s, people over 16 with a health condition that puts them at high risk of getting seriously ill from Covid-19, and health and social care workers. These groups can have their booster once six months has passed since their second dose and those eligible for a booster vaccination are being contacted by the NHS inviting them to book in for their jabs in the coming weeks. They can book an appointment on the [NHS website](#) or walk into selected sites to receive a jab without an appointment. Children aged 12-15 are also being offered one dose of the Covid-19 vaccine. These are being carried out in schools, but clinics are being held at Covid-19 vaccination centres too.
4. For information, please visit www.nhs.uk/grab-a-jab.

2021 Flu Campaign

5. Nottinghamshire County Council is working with partners to increase the uptake of the flu vaccination amongst frontline staff and vulnerable residents. It is offering on-site vaccinations and pharmacy vouchers to make it as easy as possible for Nottinghamshire County Council's frontline staff who work with vulnerable service users to get a free flu vaccination.
6. Arrangements are also in place with partner organisations to support the uptake of the NHS flu vaccination, particularly in key groups such as young children, people over 50, pregnant women, carers and people with underlying health conditions like heart disease and diabetes.

7. For more information, please visit <https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/vaccinations/flu-influenza-vaccine/>

HPV Vaccinations cut cases of cervical cancer by 90%

8. Research published by the Lancet shows the human papillomavirus, or HPV, vaccine is cutting cases of cervical cancer by nearly 90%. The study looked at what happened after the vaccine was introduced for girls in England in 2008 and shows a reduction in both pre-cancerous growths and an 87% reduction in cervical cancer - It estimated that the HPV programme has prevented about 450 cancers and 17,200 pre-cancers.

Updates on Public Health

Public Health System Transformation

9. The UK Health Security Agency (UKHSA) became fully operational on the 1st October bringing together the health protection functions of Public Health England and NHS Test and Trace, including the Joint Biosecurity Centre. The new agency will be responsible for planning, preventing and responding to external health threats, including infectious diseases and chemical, radiological, environmental and other hazards, as well as providing scientific and operational leadership at a global, national, regional and local level in partnership with our stakeholders.
10. Please read [this letter](#) addressed to the health and care system on the transformation.

Proposals for a Deputy Director of Public Health for Nottinghamshire

11. The Director of Public Health is responsible for the local authority contribution to health protection matters, including the authority's role in planning for and responding to incidents which present a threat to the health of the population.
12. The proposal to establish a Deputy Director of Public Health role was approved at Adult Social Care and Public Health Committee in September 2021, and arose from the need to strengthen the resilience of the public health team in delivering these statutory duties and the delivery of other public health agendas and outcomes for people in Nottinghamshire.
13. For further information, please contact William.leather@nottscc.gov.uk

Updates on Safety & Safeguarding

A joint effort to address spiking across the City and County

14. Nottinghamshire Police have teamed up with partner agencies to help tackle and reassure the local community that any reports of spiking are being robustly investigated and taken seriously.
15. There has been a number of spiking incidents since early October with most targeting women, many of whom are students. The force are monitoring spiking by something sharp, as well as the traditional method of contaminated alcoholic drinks. There is an ongoing plea for anyone who believes they may have been spiked to come forward and report it immediately by

speaking to Police officers patrolling, employees at venues across the city or county, calling 101 or using the Police forces' online reporting system.

Safer Streets Fund Bid

16. The Police and Crime Commissioner led two successful bids to the Home Office's Safer Streets Fund bringing £1.1m additional funding to the county. The projects aim to make the streets safer for all with a particular focus on reducing the crimes and violence against women and girls in the wake of the Sarah Everard case. The bids were submitted by the PCC supported by the local Community Safety Partnerships and developed in partnership with the police, fire service, women's sector and Nottinghamshire County Council.
17. The Bassetlaw funding will be used to improve the safety of women and girls in the Worksop South area, which includes the Town Centre and Manton. Proposed projects include new CCTV and Street Lighting improvements, training within schools and the continuation of the "Stand by her" training programme delivered by Notts Women's Aid.
18. The Ashfield funding will be used to tackle ongoing problems in the New Cross area, as well as the wider area of Sutton. Proposed projects include new CCTV cameras, improved street lighting, a school's programme, investment in number plate recognition and a new community cohesion lead. Gating orders will also be put in place to close off walkways and alleyways that are prone to anti-social behaviour, and safe spaces will be developed for young people to socialise safely within the area.

Vulnerable Adults Support Scheme in Ashfield

19. Ashfield District Council and Nottinghamshire Police have launched a joint programme to tackle serious violence, abuse and exploitation across the District. The Vulnerable Adult Support Scheme (VASS) is an inter-disciplinary team comprising of vulnerability, domestic abuse, substance misuse, crime, and anti-social behaviour experts. Up to 15 adults, many with complex needs, will be supported at any one time by the scheme. They will be assisted through a package of support, with officers providing interventions, and exploring deep rooted issues such as mental health, substance misuse, and housing issues to divert them away from criminality and exploitation.

Nottinghamshire Safeguarding Children's Partnership Annual Report 2020/2021

20. Under statutory guidance, Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018, the safeguarding partners (local authority, police and clinical commissioning groups) have a shared and equal duty to make arrangements to work together to safeguard and promote the welfare of all children in a local area. The safeguarding partners must publish a report at least once in every 12-month period, setting out what they have done as a result of the arrangements, including on child safeguarding practice reviews, and how effective these arrangements have been in practice.
21. Nottinghamshire Safeguarding Children's Partnership [Annual Report for 2020/2021](#) is now available.

Children and Young People

[Education, schooling and health summary](#)

22. This briefing paper from the Department of Health and Social Care and Public Health England, aims to summarise the existing evidence of the health and wellbeing benefits of school-age education, including the wider impacts on mental and physical health and wellbeing of being in school and the observed impacts of the loss of education in the past 18 months.

[The Good Childhood Report 2021](#)

23. The Children's Society has recently published this report, which reveals the latest trends in children's wellbeing. It seeks to understand how young people feel about different aspects of their lives. This year it finds that school, friendships and appearance continue to cause the greatest dissatisfaction in adolescence.

[Completion of Speech and Language Communication Needs \(SLCN\) Theme Page for Nottinghamshire](#)

24. Due to the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on Public Health capacity, the JSNA work programme for 2020-2021 was reviewed and four JSNA products, including Speech and Language Communication Needs (SLCN), were prioritised for the work programme for 2021-2022.

25. Whilst it is accepted by all partners that an integrated system approach is required for SLCN for children 0-18 (and in some cases up to 25), this work is currently being driven by NHS England and NHS Improvement (NHSE/I), as part of the national Children and Young Peoples Transformation Plan, with an expectation that there will be a SLCN strategy at an ICS level, which will now include Bassetlaw from 2022.

26. Therefore, the current focus is on improving the SLCN pathways across the system as part of the Best Start Strategy, with an emphasis on first 1001 days (from conception to 2 years). The needs of the early years population have been reviewed and an integrated care pathway has been implemented. This was facilitated through a collaborative commissioning approach between Nottinghamshire County Council and Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Clinical Commissioning Group (NNCCG).

27. According to [The Early Years Healthy Development Review Report](#), the importance of identifying SLCN early is a critical part of the national Best Start agenda. Early language acquisition and the development of speech, language and communication skills is both an essential building block for a range of cognitive and social and emotional skills and predictive of a range of later-life issues. It is a primary indicator of child well-being and social mobility and strongly linked to health inequalities; the UK prevalence rate for early language difficulties being 5-8% for all children and 20 % for those growing up in low income families, in 2019.

28. The JSNA product theme page on Speech, Language and Communication Needs of early years, with the inclusion of 1001 days, has now been completed and is provided in **Appendix 1** and published on the Nottinghamshire Insight Website (available [here](#)).

29. For further information, please contact Mina Fatemi at Mina.fatemi@nottscg.gov.uk

[Launch of NottAlone Website](#)

30. [NottAlone](#) is a new website sharing local mental health advice and help for young people in Nottingham and Nottinghamshire, all in one place. If you are a young person, a parent or carer or a professional who supports young people's mental health, NottAlone can provide you with information, advice and where to go to get help locally; in person, online or by phone.
31. Funded by the Department for Education Wellbeing for Education Return Project, NottAlone was developed by young people, parents, carers and professionals from Nottinghamshire County and Nottingham City councils and NHS trusts, as well as local charities and organisations.

Local Health and Wellbeing Updates

Rushcliffe

32. **Active Rushcliffe Health Partnership 2021 – 2025:** The Active Rushcliffe Health Partnership is the boroughs approach to reducing health inequality and to improve the health and wellbeing of Rushcliffe residents, made up of a team of partner organisations. The updated 2021 – 2025 action plan is due to go live, following consultation over the summer with partners, with 5 key areas of focus identified including physical activity, obesity and the food environment, mental health and dementia and smoking and substance misuse.
33. **Cycling UK and Rushcliffe Borough Council Partnership Working:** Rushcliffe Borough council (RBC) have partnered with [Cycling UK](#) and [C&L Mobile Bicycle Repairs](#) to provide free minor bike repairs to residents through a series of pop up events in Rushcliffe. RBC are committed to promoting active travel and as a council are working towards becoming carbon neutral by 2030.
34. **Reach Rushcliffe:** Following successful applications from 12 projects, the 2021/2022 £15,000 Reach Rushcliffe allocation has now been awarded, helping to tackle isolation and loneliness in and around Rushcliffe.
35. **Gresham Sports Park Development Opening Event:** During October, residents and visitors were invited to view the new Gresham Sports Park facilities as part of a free sport and health activities day at the West Bridgford venue following a £1.2m of investment. Representatives from ABL Health carried out health checks and promoted their health and wellbeing services alongside Cardiac Risk in the Young (CRY) who ran a stall raising awareness of the importance of cardiac screening. The Smokefree Sidelines campaign was also promoted, aimed at encouraging sports clubs and leagues to refrain from smoking or vaping on the sidelines and in sight of children at fixtures and during training. This comes as part of the population health management scheme's October focus on smoking cessation, in partnership with the Rushcliffe Primary Care Network.

Mansfield

36. **Community Alcohol Partnership (CAP):** A Community Alcohol Partnership (CAP) has been launched in Warsop to highlight the risks of underage drinking and improve the health and wellbeing of local young people. The CAP, led by Mansfield District Council, will work with youth services and local organisations to provide leisure and sports activities for young people in Warsop, Church Warsop, Meden Vale, Warsop Vale and Spion Kop. It will also work with local

schools in these areas to take a proactive approach to alcohol education and ensure that young people are equipped to make the right decisions about issues including alcohol and drugs and anti-social and criminal behaviour. Working with local retailers, the CAP aims to help them avoid making underage sales and reduce proxy sales where adults buy alcohol for under-18s.

37. CAPs are made up of partnerships between local authorities, police, schools, retailers, neighbourhood groups and health providers, working together to prevent alcohol-related harm to young people and improve the quality of life for residents. More than 200 schemes have now been launched across England, Scotland and Wales.
38. **Homeless Charter:** Executive Mayor of Mansfield Andy Abrahams has officially launched a voluntary code of practice to help local organisations take a united approach to supporting homeless people in the district. The Mansfield Homeless Charter has been drawn up by Mansfield Homeless Network, a body of interested organisations and agencies, led by Mansfield District Council, that works together to support the area's street community in an effective and caring way. The Charter sets out how groups can work together to achieve positive outcomes for rough sleepers and other homeless people.
39. **Mansfield Holiday and Activity and Food Programme (HAF):** Mansfield District Council working with a wide range of partners engaged with 1,450 children during the summer as part of the Holiday Activity and Food Programme, providing 2,300 holiday activity places and lunches across the district.
40. **Mansfield Fuel Bank:** In both September and October Mansfield District Council have issued three times as many vouchers than in both July and August. Since April 66 Fuel Vouchers have been provided and have supported 121 vulnerable residents, 71 adults and 41 children through the Fuel Bank.

Gedling

41. **Review of Gedling Health and Wellbeing Partnership:** The new terms of reference for the Gedling Health and Wellbeing Partnership has both a Strategic Group and an operation Co-production partnership. Its purpose is to adopt a coordinated community centred wellbeing approach to integrated health and wellbeing programmes and provides a local forum that responds to the Nottinghamshire Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy, South Nottinghamshire Integrated Care Partnership (ICP) Implementation Plan, the Gedling Plan and Gedling Health and Wellbeing Delivery Plan.
42. **Summer 2021 Events Programme:** In Gedling a new co-production approach to family events is being developed to bring about greater opportunities to work collaboratively in community led settings, to reach the communities and individuals who would most benefit from participation, foster positive behaviour and engage much stronger investment from health and wellbeing commissioned and community partners. This summer's programme has also integrated local delivery of the Holiday Activity and Food (HAF) programme with family events located across targeted neighbourhoods in the Borough. In total over 725 individuals participated in the summer HAF activities, engaging with activity providers and also local community food groups and venues.
43. **Launch of Gedling Covid -19 VCS Recovery Grant Scheme:** Gedling Borough Council has launched its own Gedling Covid -19 Voluntary and Community Sector (VCS) Recovery Grant

Scheme in August 2021. To date approximately £42,695 in awards have been made. Each award is subject to a comprehensive grant agreement, which requires periodic outcomes monitoring reports to be submitted to the Council, which will in turn form part of quarterly performance reporting.

44. **Gedling community money advice meeting:** Community money advice services from St Wilfreds Church Mapperley, The Kings Church Arnold, The Ark, Carlton Food Bank hub, Gedling Borough Council Customer Services outreach and Citizen Advice (CA) Nottingham and District collaborated in September to identify and share challenges and opportunities to address gaps in money and welfare rights provision as we emerge from Covid. The group will look at models including potential peripatetic Debt Advice Workers employed by CA to add value to the less resource heavy welfare rights offer. An immediate outcome has been applications to the Gedling VCS recovery fund and Countywide Social Recovery Fund by the Ark and Hope Nottingham, and an application from The Kings Church to the Gedling Fund for their money advice service and community café, thereby significantly enhancing debt and money advice provision for Gedling residents as we go into winter.
45. **Family FOOD Clubs in Gedling Borough:** Netherfield food club has now been in operation since July and is almost at capacity with an average of 30+ food boxes being made up each week. Conversations are still in place around the alterations needed to ensure that Killisick Community Centre can support the equipment needed to host the food club.
46. **Carlton Le Willows – Improver running sessions:** Gedling Borough Council supported this summer programme which aimed to get local residents exercising through running in a social environment. There were a total of 436 attendances at the Gedling Running Community improver running sessions this summer with over 56 individuals that attended at least one session.
47. **Lambley Lane Changing Pavilion Project:** Gedling Borough Council has been awarded £91,279.00 from the Football Foundation towards the improvements of Lambley Lane Recreation Ground Changing Pavilion. This funding will enable local football clubs to deliver grassroots football in a positive environment.
48. **Ward by Ward Gedling community services database:** Gedling Borough Council's Communities Team maintain a ward by ward database of community led and commissioned services available across the Borough. Updates to this resource are shared on a bi-monthly basis with commissioned and community partners. In quarter 2 of 2021/22, this update included 52 community venues offering 142 different services/activities. Feedback from commissioned partners has been very positive, resulting in several partners adding their own services to the register, and has also resulted a series of engagement meetings with NCC Adult Social Care leads to integrate their upcoming Local Area Coordinator and ASC Care Team staff resource into the Borough.
49. **Launch of "Good Boost":** The water based programme Good Boost started at Carlton Forum Leisure Centre. The sessions provide an opportunity for people suffering from musculoskeletal conditions such as arthritis and joint pain to get moving with gentle water based exercise in a fun and social environment.

50. The six Primary Care Networks (PCN) in Mid Nottinghamshire, supported by the Mid Nottinghamshire Locality Team in the CCG and the Mid Nott's Place Based Partnership (PBP) would like to share the following updates on some really positive partnership work that is successfully contributing towards the delivery of the Joint Health & Wellbeing Strategy for Nottinghamshire:
51. **Care Homes** - 126 care homes are aligned to practices/PCNs in Mid Notts with designated clinical care home leads and effective multidisciplinary teams (MDT) in place. The Mid Nott's Care Home Operational Group continues to meet monthly to provide oversight, share intelligence, co-ordinate action and learning. The MN PBP, in conjunction with system partners, primary care and clinical leads, has developed a proposal for a single integrated model for support to care homes, that will respond to the Enhanced Health in Care Homes and the Ageing Well agenda. The Business case is due for completion in November 21 with a plan to share with system leaders in December 21.
52. **Social Prescribing** - 25 Social Prescribing Link Workers (SPLW) are now embedded into primary care in Mid Notts and colleagues are also excited to be working alongside 6 new Health and Wellbeing Coaches that have just been appointed.
53. **Covid Vaccinations** – PCNs are continuing to support the Covid vaccination programme, delivering phase 3 booster vaccinations through PCN/GP led vaccination clinics and they are vaccinating care home residents and housebound patients supported by the roving service in addition to supporting activity in areas of low uptake through utilisation of the vaccination bus service.
54. **Health Inequalities** – the Mid Nott's Health Inequalities Oversight Group continues to meet fortnightly and has been heavily focussed on covid vaccination equity, mobilising coordinated action and community champions in addition to taking a Task and Finish approach to support the delivery of enhanced services in primary care around diabetes, frailty, mental health and health promotion. The PBP also responded with the South and City PBPs to a bid for NHSE/I funding to support giving our communities a voice and were successful in achieving the funding which will see the use of health funding to tackle the wider determinants of health in our priority areas.
55. **Delivery at PLACE and Neighbourhood level** – The MN Partnership continues to meet monthly to help build healthy communities through a healthy and connected system workforce. The MN PBP continue to work with the ICS and colleagues from local authorities to understand the role of Place from April 22 and to what extent PBPS can take on delegated responsibilities and both influence and support deliverables within the Health and Wellbeing Strategy. A description of the arrangements for Place have been developed and the PBPS through the Place work stream are working with system partners to agree where the initial areas of focus will be in April 22 to provide a safe landing strip for phase 1 that will generate real change.
56. **Identifying our Priorities** – MN PBP have identified a set of priorities for 2021/22 that will focus on Population Health Management, PCNs and Community Assets, End of Life Services, MSK Services, a care home model for the future, community mental health transformation, and discharge to assess. The PBP will continue to focus on their priorities for 21/22 with a real aim on what can be achieved to effect real change from April 22. The PBP with system partners are looking at specific deliverables such as a programme budget approach to our End of Life Services and MSK Services to enable those services to be developed based on population

need but more importantly to understand how the PBP can influence the change based on population need and local intelligence.

57. For further information please contact David Ainsworth (Locality Director) at david.ainsworth@nhs.net, Lorraine Palmer (Interim Programme Director) at lorraine.palmer2@nhs.net, Leanne Monger, (Deputy Locality Director) at leanne.monger1@nhs.net

Day Opportunities Strategy 2021 – 2026

58. Nottinghamshire County Council are currently reviewing the provision of day opportunities for people with care and support needs. As part of this review, they are exploring the merits of delivering more support in communities to help people to integrate with their local area, build natural support networks and live the lives they want to lead.

59. Over the past year, engagement activity has been carried out with people who use services and their carers as well as with organisations that provide these services and their staff. The findings from this engagement have led to the development of a [Draft Day Opportunities Strategy](#) and in order to help with the implementation of this residents are invited to provide feedback on this strategy by filling in this [online survey \(closing 31st December\)](#).

Update to the Nottinghamshire Pharmaceutical Needs Assessment 2018 - 21

60. The PNA describes available pharmaceutical services across Nottinghamshire County and assesses whether these services meet the needs of the population. The PNA is a statutory responsibility of the Health and Wellbeing Board, governed by Regulations issued by the Department of Health. These Regulations require that periodic Supplementary Statements are prepared and published where there are changes to pharmaceutical services which do not warrant a complete review of the PNA.

61. As approved by the Health and Wellbeing Board on 6 January 2021, supplementary statements produced quarterly, are shared with the Health and Wellbeing Board in the form of an update in the Chairs Report and published on Nottinghamshire insight. The Supplementary Statement for the last quarter, summarising changes to pharmaceutical services from July 2021 to September 2021, is provided in **Appendix 2**.

62. The main changes reported during this quarter were regarding the reduction in core and supplementary hours of two pharmacies. The PNA does not identify any significant gaps in pharmaceutical services for the Nottinghamshire County population.

63. For further information please contact Mina Fatemi at: Mina.fatemi@nottscg.gov.uk

Disability

National Disability Strategy

64. The National Disability Strategy sets out the government's vision to improve the everyday lives of disabled people. They want to ensure that disability is not a barrier to people living full, independent lives where they can reach their full potential. The strategy has been developed with the input of more than 14,000 disabled people, as well as disability organisations,

businesses, policy experts and many others. In this publication, departments and agencies in every corner of government set out how they will help bring about practical and lasting change to disabled people's lives.

Dementia

[Global status report on the public health response to dementia](#)

65. The World Health Organisation has published this report which finds that only a quarter of countries have a national policy strategy or plan for supporting people with Dementia and their families. Half of these countries are in WHO's European Region, with the remainder split between the other Regions. Yet even in Europe, many plans are expiring or have already expired, indicating a need for renewed commitment from governments. At the same time, the number of people living with dementia is growing according to the report: WHO estimates that more than 55 million people (8.1 per cent of women and 5.4 per cent of men over 65 years) are living with dementia. This number is estimated to rise to 78 million by 2030 and to 139 million by 2050.

Physical Activity & Healthy Weight

[Everybody active everyday: 5 years on](#)

66. This document published by Public Health England, reviews progress made in the last 5 years as a consequence of the national physical activity framework, Everybody active, every day (EAED). It also outlines future actions and recommendations for the next five years.

[Keep on moving: understanding physical activity between 50 -75 year olds](#)

67. Physical inactivity is one of the leading risk factors for poor health and disability in later life, and yet nearly a quarter of people aged 50 to 70 do less than 30 minutes of physical activity a week. This report, published by The Centre for Ageing Better, examines the motivators and barriers to physical activity for those in mid to later life. It emphasises that national and local government must prioritise physical activity as part of the pandemic recovery.

[Turning the tide: a ten year healthy weight strategy](#)

68. This report, by the Obesity Health Alliance, finds that levels of obesity have increased significantly across the UK over the past 30 years. It sets out a long-term agenda of evidence informed policies with 30 recommendations, covering food and drink marketing, early years and treatment as well as the infrastructure needed to ensure policies are robustly implemented and evaluated.

Housing and Homelessness

[The Kerslake Commission on homelessness and rough sleeping](#)

69. This report entitled: A new way of working: Ending rough sleeping together has been published by The Kerslake Commission. It calls on the government to learn from the success of the Covid-19 response and continue the increased investment in homelessness services to avoid a post-pandemic surge in rough sleeping. In total the report makes 22 recommendations around

increased funding for homeless services; changes to the welfare system; partnership working across agencies involved in supporting those rough sleeping or at risk of homelessness; the increased involvement of health services in solutions for people experiencing homelessness; and a tailored approach for women, young people and those with no recourse to public funds.

[Good Homes for all: a proposal to fix England's housing](#)

70. The final report from The Good Home Inquiry examines the problem of unsuitable and low-quality housing in England's existing housing stock. The Centre for Ageing Better have published this report which outlines how poor quality housing has a negative impact on individuals and can disrupt whole communities. It finds a strong link between our homes and our health, with two million houses (1 in 10) posing a serious risk to residents' health or safety. On a purely economic basis, the annual cost to the NHS attributed to low-quality housing is estimated at £1.4 billion for first year treatment costs.

Health Impacts & Behaviours

[Gambling related harms evidence review](#)

71. This evidence review published by Public Health England, aims to improve the understanding of the prevalence, determinants and harms associated with gambling, the social and economic burden of gambling-related harms. The review consists of six technical reports and a summary document that provides an overview of the reports main findings.

[Up in smoke: the impact of smoking on health and economic activity](#)

72. This report published by the International Longevity Centre (ILC) argues that anti-smoking measures could save billions across the UK economy. It highlights the costs of smoking not just to individuals' health, but to the sustainability of the broader health care system and to the public purse as the government aims to 'build back better' from the pandemic.

[Sexually Transmitted Infections \(STIs\): annual data tables](#)

73. Data from Public Health England reveals that diagnoses of sexually transmitted infections (STIs) decreased in 2020 by 32 per cent compared with 2019. The decline reflects a combination of reduced STI testing as a result of disruption to sexual health services leading to fewer diagnoses, and changes in behaviour during the coronavirus pandemic that may have reduced STI transmission. Despite the fall in diagnoses, the data highlights that STI diagnoses overall remain high.

Health Inequalities

[Health Profile for England: 2021](#)

74. This is the fourth annual profile, published by Public Health England, combines data and knowledge with information from other sources to give a broad picture of the health of people in England 2021. It provides a comprehensive overview of the health of people in England and updates indicators presented in previous reports. It also contains a summary of the wider impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on many aspects of health and health inequalities. In

addition, the report makes comparisons with health in a selection of other countries (US, Canada, Japan, France, Italy, Germany, Spain, Poland) where possible.

[Making ends meet: why pensioner poverty is still an issue](#)

75. Whilst the UK has made progress in tackling pensioner poverty over the past few decades progress has stalled and rates are now rising again. This report published by Age UK outlines why pensioner poverty is still an issue in society today and why more must be done to tackle it.

[Severe mental illness: inequalities in cancer screening uptake](#)

76. This report published by Public Health England compares the uptake of breast, bowel and cervical cancer screening services between people with and without severe mental illness. Based on a large sample of primary care data, the report is part 1 of an assessment of SMI and cancer screening. It is also part of a larger ongoing exploration into the causes of high premature mortality among adults with SMI.

[The health of people from ethnic minority groups in England](#)

77. This updated long read was first published by the King's Fund in February 2021 and updated in September 2021. It examines ethnic differences in health outcomes, highlighting the variation across ethnic groups and health conditions, and considers what's needed to reduce health inequalities.

Papers to other local committees

78. [Nottinghamshire Special Educational Needs & Disabilities Place Planning Strategy 2021 - 2026](#)
Policy Committee
2 September 2021

79. [Progress on developing Covid Partnership Recovery Fund and Community Hub Food Plan Fund.](#)
Communities Committee
15 September

80. [Update on Adults and Health Recovery from Covid](#)
Adult Social Care and Public Health Committee
20 September 2021

81. [Investing into the Healthy Families Programme](#)
Adult Social Care and Public Health Committee
20 September 2021

82. [Nottinghamshire Youth Justice Service Strategy Review 2021 - 2022](#)
Full Council
23 September

83. [Child Poverty and the Impact of Covid-19](#)
Children and Young People's Committee

1st November 2021

84. [Childhood Obesity Trailblazer Update – Tackling Food Insecurity](#)
Children and Young People's Committee
1st November 2021

Integrated Care Systems / Integrated Care Partnerships

85. [Board papers](#)
Nottingham & Nottinghamshire Integrated Care System
2 September 2021

Other Options Considered

86. None

Reasons for Recommendation

87. To identify potential opportunities to improve health and wellbeing in Nottinghamshire.

Statutory and Policy Implications

88. This report has been compiled after consideration of implications in respect of crime and disorder, data protection and information governance, finance, human resources, human rights, the NHS Constitution (public health services), the public-sector equality duty, safeguarding of children and adults at risk, service users, smarter working, sustainability and the environment and where such implications are material they are described below. Appropriate consultation has been undertaken and advice sought on these issues as required.

Financial Implications

89. There are no financial implications arising from this report.

RECOMMENDATION

The Health and Wellbeing Board is asked-

- 1) To consider the update, determine implications for Board matters and consider whether there are any actions required by the Health & Wellbeing Board in relation to various the issues outlined.

Councillor Dr John Doddy
Chairman of the Health & Wellbeing Board
Nottinghamshire County Council

For any enquiries about this report please contact:

Briony Jones
Public Health & Commissioning Manager
T: 0115 8042766
E: Briony.Jones@nottscc.gov.uk

Constitutional Comments (AK 08/11/2021)

90. This report falls within the remit of Health and Wellbeing Board under its terms of reference.

Financial Comments (DG 05/12/2021)

91. There are no direct financial implications arising from this report.

Background Papers and Published Documents

Except for previously published documents, which will be available elsewhere, the documents listed here will be available for inspection in accordance with Section 100D of the Local Government Act 1972.

- None

Electoral Division(s) and Member(s) Affected

- All