EXCESS WINTER DEATHS AMONG OLDER PEOPLE IN NOTTINGHAMSHIRE

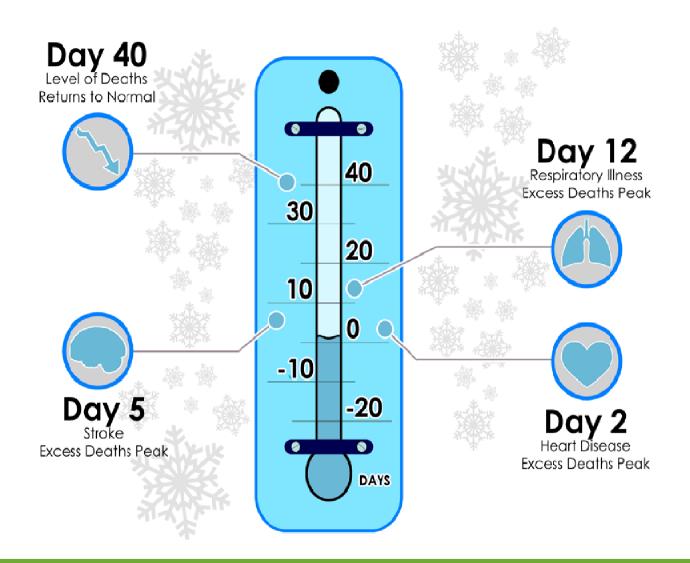
Mary Corcoran
Joanna Cooper



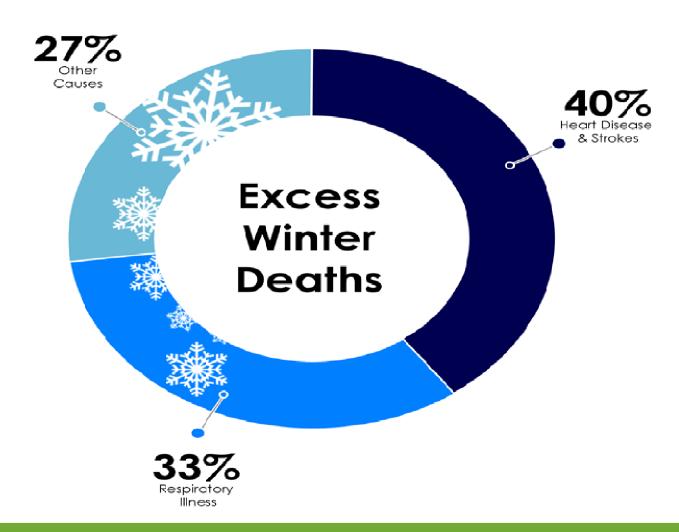
The effects of cold on health

| Indoor | Effect on health |
|------------------|---|
| temperature | |
| 21°C (70°F) | Minimum recommended daytime temperature |
| | for rooms occupied during the day |
| 18°C (65°F) | Minimum recommended night-time |
| | temperature. No health risks though |
| | occupants may feel cold |
| <16°C (<61°F) | May diminish resistance to respiratory |
| | diseases |
| 9-12°C (48-54°F) | May increase blood pressure and risk of |
| | cardiovascular disease |
| 5°C (41°F) | Poses a high risk of hypothermia |

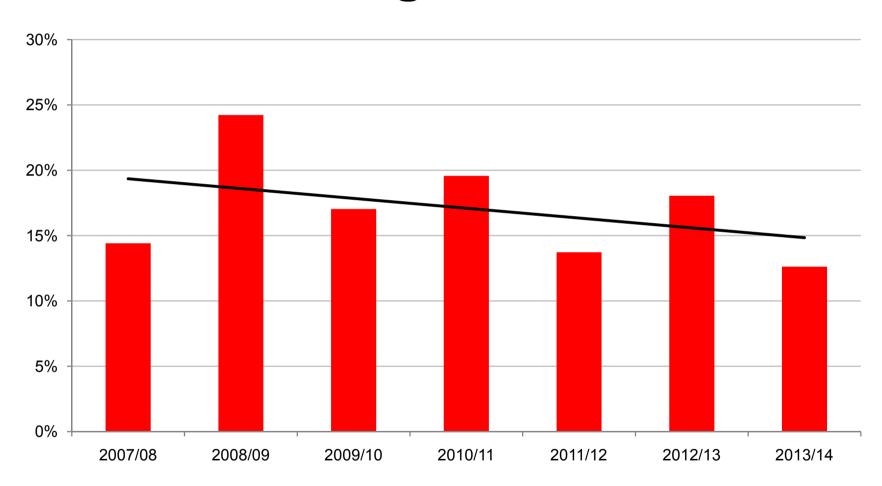
Excess Winter Deaths



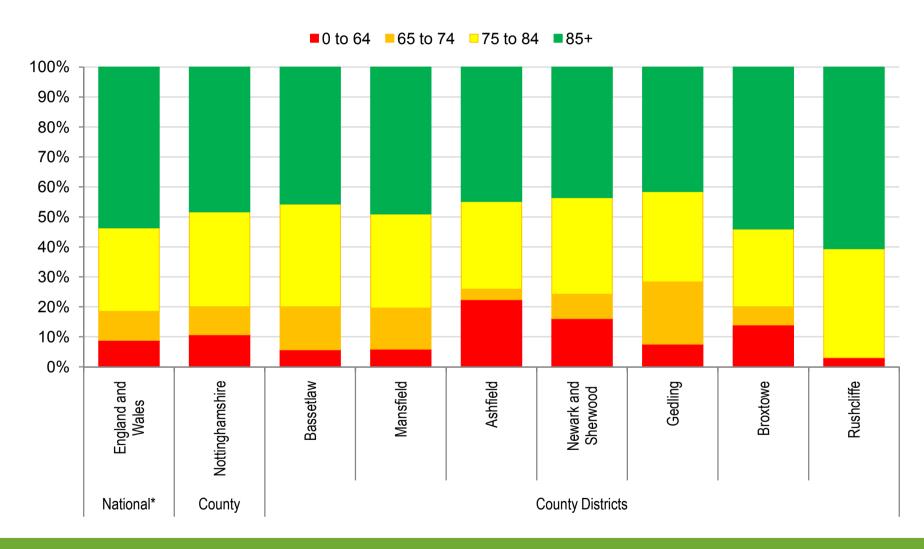
Excess Winter Deaths



Excess winter deaths in Nottinghamshire

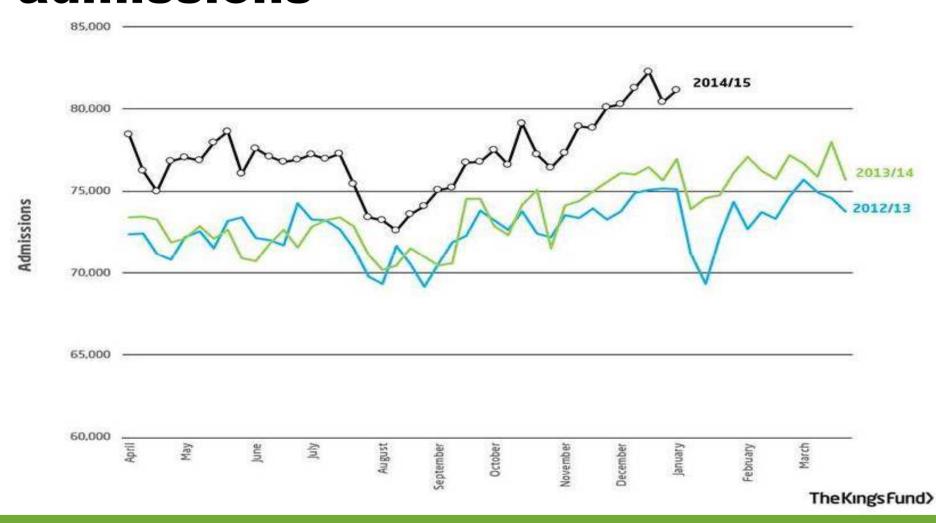


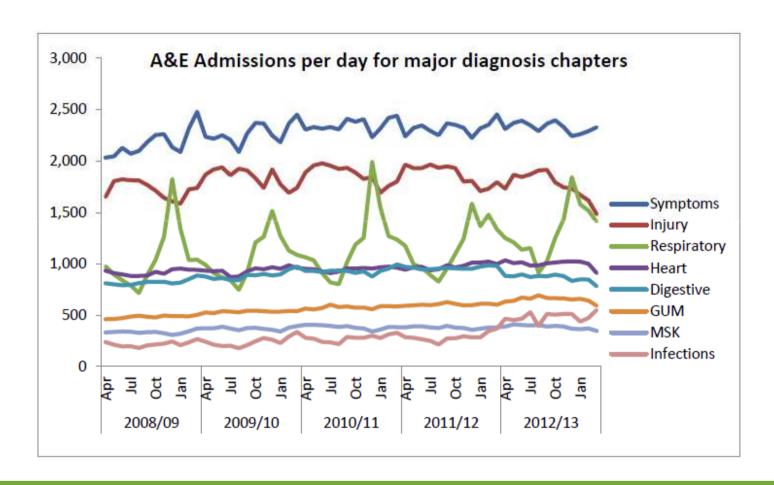
The impact of age





Seasonal variation in emergency admissions





NICE Guidance

Strategy

SPA

Tailored Solutions

Risk Stratify

MECC

Safe discharge

Training

Awareness Raising Building Standards



What are we doing?

- JSNA completed 2014
- Preventative Services:
 - Publicity
 - HPAS and Early Intervention services
 - Training
- Reviewed progress against NICE guidance
- LAEP Bids









Recommendations to the Board

- 1. To note the progress made to date.
- 2. All relevant bodies should receive a report on excess winter deaths.
- 3. The Nottinghamshire Housing Integrated Commissioning Group should refresh the Affordable Warmth Strategy and develop an action plan.
- 4. An update is presented to the Board in April 2016,